

## STUDENTS PLAN DEMONSTRATION

WANT TO EXPRESS HATRED OF MEXICO FOR THE UNITED STATES.

## AMBASSADOR MAKES PROTEST

Americans Are Alarmed and Are Leaving City for Vera Cruz. Newspaper Hostile.

Mexico City, July 12.—The American ambassador, Henry Lane Wilson, has protested to the minister of foreign affairs against further anti-American demonstrations, but up to late today no answer had been received at the embassy and students who are planning to hold the demonstration tomorrow assert they will not be troubled by the authorities.

In his note to the Mexican government the ambassador deplored that the youths of the capital were to be permitted to indulge in public manifestations which were calculated to result in violence to American residents of Mexico. He indicated the danger of allowing persons to use as tools the students and others who expected to participate. He reminded the Mexican government that if any American was injured he would use all the power at the command of the embassy to secure reparation.

Alarm existed at the development of hostile feeling as displayed by the newspapers, the number of Americans leaving for Vera Cruz was greatly augmented today. Ambassador Wilson is sending frequent reports to Washington regarding the situation.

Permission to hold the demonstration Sunday has been refused by the Mexican authorities. The police have received instructions to prevent demonstrations of any kind.

An anonymous letter containing threats to blow up the United States embassy was received by Ambassador Wilson today and immediately referred to the Mexican foreign office for investigation.

Despite protests of Ambassador Wilson in regard to the attitude of the newspapers, especially of El País, the latter journal devotes its entire front page to the anti-American movement, its articles being highly sensational. Editorially it cautions prudence, but utters a strong intimation that the time is near when the Mexicans must fight the United States. It urges the public not to place itself in the position of having provoked a war and to leave the responsibility to the United States. It declares that "great wave of patriotic enthusiasm has been aroused throughout the country."

It continues its charges against the Americans and publishes the fac-simile of a telegram from its agent at Puebla asking for 100,000 extra copies of yesterday's paper.

## COLQUITT LISTS APPROPRIATIONS

HAS DRAWN A BILL HE WILL SUBMIT TO THE SPECIAL SESSION.

## TOTAL IS OVER \$11,000,000

IS NEARLY TWO MILLION MORE THAN THE LAST LEGISLATURE—FIGURES IN DETAIL.

## HENRY PROPOSES A MONEY PROBE

WANTS TO ENLIGHTEN COMMITTEE AS TO GLASS CURRENCY MEASURE.

## BANK FAILURE IN PITTSBURG

DIRECTS ATTENTION TO USE OF OFFICE BOYS TO HELP ROBBERY OF DEPOSITORS.

## SUSPECTS IN ANGLETON MURDER MYSTERY; HUSBAND OF VICTIM; TOOTH MARKS ON BODY



READING LEFT TO RIGHT, SHERIFF WRIGHT OF BRAZORIA CO., JIM DUFFEE AND 'SUGAR BABE' TWO OF THE NEGROES HELD AS SUSPECTS



TEETH MARKS ON BODY OF WOMAN

## ANGLETON MURDER SENSATION STILL A DEEP MYSTERY

### Settles His Affairs Then Kills Himself

Angleton, Texas, July 12.—After three days' work officers apparently are no nearer to a solution of the mystery surrounding the murder of Mrs. J. M. Seitz, whose badly mutilated body was found in an alley Thursday morning.

The three negroes arrested yesterday are still in custody and J. M. Seitz, husband of the murdered woman, who was also detained yesterday, is likewise held. No charges have been filed against any of them, and no evidence has been developed connecting Seitz with the case.

No trace has been found of the missing parasol, shoes or handbag. When Mrs. Seitz disappeared from her boarding house Wednesday afternoon about 5 o'clock, she carried a parasol and a handbag. When her body was found Thursday morning her shoes, parasol and handbag were gone.

#### Death by Strangulation.

Sheriff Wright, who is directing the investigation, declares Mrs. Seitz met her death by strangulation. The four stab wounds in her breast, he declares, were made after she had been killed. He bases his belief on the fact that blood from the wounds did not soil her outer clothing.

Sheriff Wright is also convinced that Mrs. Seitz was slain away from the place where her body was found and the body carried to the alley. His reason for this belief is that her stockings were not soiled, as would have been the case had she walked to the spot, it being practically certain that her shoes were removed before she was slain.

"Protest in my name to the representatives of the civilized powers against the acts of these monsters in human form," protest also to the entire civilized world and say that, to my regret, I see myself compelled to wreak vengeance in order to inspire these monsters with terror and make them reflect before committing more outrages of this sort.

Speaking of his investigation, Sheriff Wright said today: "The negroes I have in custody are a convict trusty who worked about the newest residence to the place where the body was found and who was the only person on the place that day, a negro who admits that he was working as late as 6 p.m. just across the hedge from where the body was found and from whose mouth a tooth is missing and the general outline of which corresponds with the imprints on the body. The other negro is a stranger here. He appears to have shown up for the first time just before the murder. He was also seen near where the body was found."

A long statement issued by the minister of war gives details of crimes alleged to have been committed by the Bulgarian troops while fleeing from the Greek army.

"Priests, old men, women and children," says the statement, "suffered martyrdom after being subjected to unspeakable treatment. Incendiarism was the order of the day. Not a single church was respected and the sayings of many people were stolen by Bulgarian officers and soldiers."

Houston, July 12.—Judge James R. Masterson, aged 75 years, and one of the best known residents of South Texas, was struck by an automobile early this morning and received injuries from which he died shortly after noon. For ten years prior to 1890 he had served on the district bench. He was a brother of Harris Masterson and an uncle of Judge Wm. Masterson of the fifty-fifth district court.

Washington, July 12.—Forecast: Waco and Vicinity—Fair Sunday; moderate to brisk southeast winds on the coast.

Charles H. Huttig, St. Louis Banker, Dies in New York

New York, July 12.—Chas. Henry Huttig, president of the American Bankers' Association and of the Third National Bank of St. Louis, died at his summer home today in the Adirondacks, according to word received before noon by Frederick E. Farnsworth, secretary of the American Bankers' Association. Mr. Huttig had suffered several years with an intestinal trouble.

Ojeda, federal leader at Guaymas, Continued on Page 2

Arrest of Americans.

Douglas, Ariz., July 12.—Constitutionalist officers of Mexico have withdrawn the request they made recently in an open letter to Governor Pesquera of Sonora that Charles Montague, United States consular agent at Cananea, be deported, according to dispatches received tonight. It was said that the trouble, which grew out of Montague's refusal as a banker to draw drafts as requested, had been settled satisfactorily.

Ojeda, federal leader at Guaymas, Continued on Page 2

As to Status Quo.

This government is prepared to consider the question of maintaining the status quo as to military and naval preparations among disputants during the period of investigation, if the contracting nation desires to include this, and this government suggests tentatively that the parties agree that there shall be no change in the military and naval program during the period of investigation unless danger to one of the contracting parties from a third party compels a change in said program, in which case the party feeling itself menaced by a third party shall confidentially communicate the matter in writing to the other contracting party and it shall thereupon be released from the obligation not to change its military or naval program and this release will at the same time operate as a release of the other contracting parties. This protects each party from the other in ordinary cases and yet provides freedom of action in emergencies.

For a Commission.

The proposals previously announced provide for an international commission of five members, one from each of the contracting countries, to be

Continued on Page 2

## Reward of \$100 Is Offered for Charles McCormick

Fort Worth, July 12.—A reward for the arrest of Charles McCormick, former president of the Underground Construction company.

The reward offered is but \$100. Police Chief Montgomery said he believed that amount sufficient to put the police of various cities on the alert for McCormick and as likely to produce results as a larger amount.

In suggesting that the city offer a reward, Mayor Milam said that McCormick had been away from home in St. Louis since June 26 and that his wife didn't know where he was.

The date of McCormick's last presence at home was given to the mayor as June 26, this information having come to Sheriff Rea's office from the office of the chief of police in St. Louis.

McCormick is wanted on six charges of swindling the city in connection with the West Fork reservoir con-



After staying well above the hundred mark the greater part of the week, the mercury yesterday dropped to 99 degrees for maximum. Dr. Block predicts local showers for today or Monday.

#### Local Temperatures.

Local temperatures furnished by Dr. Block, voluntary weather observer, for the twenty-four hours ending yesterday at 7 p.m.: Maximum 99; minimum 74. Barometer 29.92. Humidity 75. Local showers Sunday or Monday.

Washington, July 12.—Forecast: Waco and Vicinity—Fair Sunday; moderate to brisk southeast winds on the coast.

## James R. Masterson Is Killed By An Auto

Houston, July 12.—Judge James R. Masterson, aged 75 years, and one of the best known residents of South Texas, was struck by an automobile early this morning and received injuries from which he died shortly after noon.

For ten years prior to 1890 he had served on the district bench. He was a brother of Harris Masterson and an uncle of Judge Wm. Masterson of the fifty-fifth district court.

## R. L. Rogers Is Acquitted of Charge of Offering Bribe

Fort Worth, July 12.—R. L. Rogers, former county clerk, accused of trying to bribe Judge Bratton in the awarding of bridge contracts, was found not guilty this afternoon.

Rogers was in the court room when the verdict was read. He received it unmoved, afterwards stepping forward and thanking each juror. Members of his family and several of his attorneys were with him.

When the jury sent a deputy sheriff for Judge Buck this afternoon it was the second time that anything had been heard from the jury room since the case was given into the hands of the jury yesterday afternoon. Only one other time had there been a call, and that was late Friday when the jurors sent to Judge Buck a request to have sent them the transcript of the evidence of former County Commissioner Estill.

MULHALL TELLS OF ACTIVITIES

SENATE HOLDS HIM AGAINST THE DEMAND MADE BY HOUSE PROBERS.

PAPERS ARE IN THE RECORD

As Each is Read It is Identified. Lobbyist Tells of His Double Dealing.

Washington, July 12.—When the senate and house lobby investigators adjourned today for Sunday's rest, the fight for possession of Martin M. Mulhall, J. H. McMichael and other witnesses, was still in progress, with the odds strongly favoring Chairman Overman and his senate committee.

The Overman committee adopted a technical measure of safety to allow Mulhall to get out of town for Sunday by remaining in session until after he boarded a 2 o'clock train for New York. Chairman Overman was prepared to resume the investigation this afternoon had the house committee made any attempt to stop Mulhall or subpoena him for immediate testimony before the Garrett committee.

Overtures of peace from both sides passed back and forth by special messengers during the day and on the last exchange of courtesies late this afternoon it seemed certain the house investigators would be given an opportunity to start work next week with McMichael or some other witness provided they made a respectful request upon the senate committee for his production.

Fight is Resumed.

The fight, which came to a head late last night when an officer of the house tried to take Mulhall away from the senate committee at the end of an evening's hearing, was resumed as soon as preliminaries could be dispensed with this morning. Mulhall already had started the recital of his alleged activities as "lobbyist" for the National Association of Manufacturers and was prepared to take up the identification of his letters where he left off last night.

With Mulhall, McMichael and other witnesses in the room and witness and papers guarded by a cordon of sergeants-at-arms and senate employees, Chairman Overman and his committee retired and dictated an epistle to Chairman Garrett of the house committee. This called attention to the attempt of the house to capture Mulhall the night before and asserted the determination of the senate to hold the witnesses and the papers until it got through with them. Chairman Overman said no disrespect was meant to the house, and that there was no desire to hamper the other body's investigation.

The epistle was despatched by special messenger and the committee, waded into the mass of Mulhall correspondence with officers and attorneys of the National Association of Manufacturers, watching the proceedings. They had not gotten out of the tool site when Chairman Garrett's special messenger arrived with an answer to Chairman Overman.

House to Investigate Page.

Mr. Garrett said the house committee thought it might take hold of Mr. McMichael, whom Mulhall alleged had received pay from the National Association of Manufacturers while acting as chief page of the house of representatives. Mr. Garrett wanted to know whether it was true the senate committee had told McMichael he could not testify before the house committee until the senate investigators finished with him. Mr. Garrett protested no disrespect was meant to the senate committee, but that the house committee wanted to investigate its own affairs.

Again there was a council behind closed doors in the senate and a new letter was drafted. In Chairman Overman intimated that the senate committee intended to keep all its witnesses under its direct surveillance where they could be had when wanted, but that if the house should present a proper request for some witnesses who did not happen then to be engaged on the senate side, the committee would "give courteous consideration to such applications."

In the meantime, Mr. Mulhall, who had progressed only as far as the later part of 1904 in his documentary recital of his lobbying work for the National Association of Manufacturers, had disappeared.

He was released from the senate committee room at 1:30, but the committee announced it would reconvene at 2:30. When that time arrived Chairman Overman alone appeared on the scene and said the committee would recess until 1 o'clock Monday. With the consent of the committee Mulhall had departed for New York to spend Sunday, but the senate committee made objection technically so he could be called back to the stand if the house committee attempted to stop him or subpoena him for testimony this afternoon.

Chairman Overman's last letter was gone over by the Garrett committee in a secret session, but no answer was made. The house committee will re-

## TITLE INSURANCE No. 28

Speaking of this branch of insurance, the "Baltimore American" says:

"A purchaser of property or mortgages, taking a policy of

### TITLE INSURANCE

has, instead of a search made by his own counsel, the advantage of an examination made by equally skilled experts, backed by the guarantee of the Company and coupled with a great saving of time and expense." Continuing, the "New York Herald" says:

"The guarantees of such companies protect purchasers of property and mortgages against risk, though remote, always attend real estate transactions. The most experienced lawyers may err, especially when the law is undetermined and fraud is an element of danger."

### PROTECT YOUR PURCHASES WITH TITLE GUARANTY.

### CONSULT US FOR SAFETY.

### NATIONAL EXCHANGE INSURANCE & TRUST CO.

Largest Texas Company Writing  
Title Guaranty.

Offices  
Thirteenth Floor Amicable Bldg.,  
WACO, TEXAS.

convene at 10:30 a.m. Monday, when it expects to get hold of Witness Michael.

### Emery Brings Papers.

James A. Emery, counsel for the National Association of Manufacturers and referred to by Mulhall in a published statement as the "chief lobbyist" of the association in Washington, had also been subpoenaed "duces tecum" by the house committee. He arrived in the afternoon to tell them that he had previously been subpoenaed by the senate committee, who also commanded him to "produce the papers," and he said the senate committee had possession of all his papers.

If McMichael is put on the stand by the Garrett committee Monday, that body will plunge at once into the Mulhall charges that spying work was done in the house by the Manufacturers' association. Mulhall alleged that McMichael received \$50 weekly in extra amounts to secure information when McMichael was chief of the house pages. Chairman Overman of the senate committee said today that body of investigators did not expect to "enter into any special investigation of the charges against house members."

### Many Letters Identified.

The senate committee today secured the identification of nearly 200 letters and documents furnished by Mulhall bearing on his activities as a representative of the National Association of Manufacturers in 1904 and 1905, and in political fights in Maryland and New Jersey, and in union labor fights in Philadelphia. He admitted he had in various ways tried to control labor union affairs.

Many letters told in detail of the fight made against former Senator McComas of Maryland because of his advocacy of the eight-hour legislation and against William Hughes then representative, now senator, from New Jersey, because of his activity in support of labor measures. In all of his work, Mulhall said, he represented the National Association of Manufacturers.

**Subpoenas for Mr. and Mrs. Samuel**

## Hot Weather! Soiled Clothes!

Let us clean them for you. We cater to both men and women and give special attention to cleaning all the delicate fabrics of ladies' dresses, for which we are especially equipped and employ nothing but expert cleaners, who

### KNOW THEIR BUSINESS. Wagons Call for and Deliver.

## Shaffer & Duke Tailors

Phones: New 2425 or 256;  
Old 1602.

## McLendon Hardware Company

### Wholesale Hardware Buggies and Implements

WACO, TEXAS

Springer of Baltimore, parents of Mrs. Martin M. Mulhall, were issued by the house committee.

**Mulhall Resumes Stand.**

Mulhall finally resumed the stand and took up the identification of his letters, which he began at last night's session. Before he could begin, however, James A. Emery, counsel for the National Association of Manufacturers, made a formal request upon the committee for the right of the association to be represented by an attorney. Robert McCarter, former attorney general of New Jersey, was presented as the attorney.

Chairman Overman said the committee would later decide whether McCarter should have the general privileges of attorney for the association.

Mulhall identified more letters showing his relations with Marshall Cushing, secretary of the Association of Manufacturers. He testified he had an understanding with Cushing that he was to receive \$100 a week and \$40 a week for expenses, for "general field work and lobby work in Washington." His arrangement with Cushing began in the summer of 1904 and he understood it to be permanent, although he had nothing in writing to bind the association.

Mulhall testified further of how he worked to defeat the late Senator McComas of Maryland, although he posed as the senator's friend. He said he had received 500 letters from Cushing directed against McComas.

"I turned them over to Carl M. Downs, secretary to McComas," he added.

"Do you mean you delivered these letters against McComas to his secretary?" demanded Senator Reed.

"Carl M. Downs was in the pay of Cushing," replied the witness, who went on to explain that he had quibbled with Cushing because he was "paying out" the secretary of the senator. A letter to Senator Foraker, September 19, 1904, referred to a suggestion that Mulhall go to Rhode Island to help Senator Aldrich in his campaign. He testified he went later at the request of Aldrich, "He asked me to get in touch with labor men there to get their support."

Letters from C. E. Alden, then secretary to Foraker and Arthur B. Shelton, secretary to Aldrich, showed that Mulhall's suggestion to go to Rhode Island had been the subject of some correspondence. Alden and Shelton knew he was employed by the association and he had not tried to conceal the source of his employment, even from the labor leaders, he testified.

### Not a Double Game.

Mulhall resented any implication that he had tried to play a "double game" on the labor men, such as he frankly testified he played on McComas.

In 1903 I took out a paid-up union card and had no further connection with labor unions," he said.

A letter of identification for Harry C. Kurten, given by the Council of Allied Building Trades of Philadelphia, was offered in evidence. It was signed by Kurten as secretary. Kurten was engaged, Mulhall testified, in the fight against William Hughes, then a representative and now a senator from New Jersey.

"Were you sent to beat Hughes by the National Association of Manufacturers?" asked Mr. Reed.

"Yes, sir."

"Why did they want to beat Hughes?"

"On account of his holding a union card, being affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, and his activity on the floor of the house and with the labor leaders in Washington."

Kurten was given credentials, Mulhall said, to get into labor union meetings to oppose Hughes.

"The work of this kind was always secret," said Mulhall. "It was done under cover."

"Did you pose as a friend of the labor organizations and thus work against these organizations from the inside?" asked Senator Cummins.

"Not at that time."

Mulhall identified a letter from James R. Ridge outlining work done by Ridge among Rhode Island labor unions in 1904 in behalf of Aldrich's candidacy. Mulhall testified to giving Ridge \$600 which he got from Cushing, secretary for the manufacturers, to help Aldrich in his campaign for re-election. In a letter related to Ridge it was said: "The senator is well pleased with the work of your friend."

Attorney McCarter tried to have the committee keep out testimony by Mulhall relating to conversations between Cushing and others which he had not actually heard. The committee refused.

### Reference to Taft.

A reference to President Taft came in connection with notes on the back of one of the Mulhall envelopes. The following names appeared: G. D. Firestone, Columbus Bus Co.; Col. W. H. Morgan, Alliance, Ohio; John N. Taylor, East Liverpool; D. J. Sinclair, Steubenville; H. M. Hanna, Cleveland.

"These five names were submitted to me by Senator Foraker of Ohio to hand to President Taft at an interview I was to have with him at his summer residence at 1910, concerning the campaign in Ohio," Mulhall testified.

The committee did not develop that point further.

Testifying about the campaign against Hughes, Mulhall swore he went to Paterson to aid Hughes' opponent. He hired six union men to work against Hughes, and paid them altogether about \$1,800, which came from the National Association of Manufacturers through Cushing.

The union men in the pay of the National Association of Manufacturers, Mulhall said, took possession of 75,000 circulars sent into the district by the American Federation of Labor to aid Hughes and turned them over to the republican campaign committee.

He named the following as the men he hired to work against Hughes: Michael Collins of Philadelphia, Jacob Casslear of New York, William J. Ryan of the Electrical Workers' union in New York, and George Burke of Patterson.

### Were Paid to Vote.

Mulhall did not recall the names of two others. He thought that George Burke, who voted in Hughes' district, a deputy collector of internal revenue, was on his payroll in the campaign against Hughes.

"You bribed these men to vote against Hughes?" asked Senator Cummins.

"I don't know whether you can call it bribery or not—they were paid a weekly salary. That money was spent in legitimate work—that's what they called it. It has been done by both parties for years. Ryan was on my list for about fifteen weeks altogether, first at \$40 and then \$80 a week," said Mulhall. He added that Ryan was on the list "to do general political work in labor ranks, engaged in helping to beat Hughes."

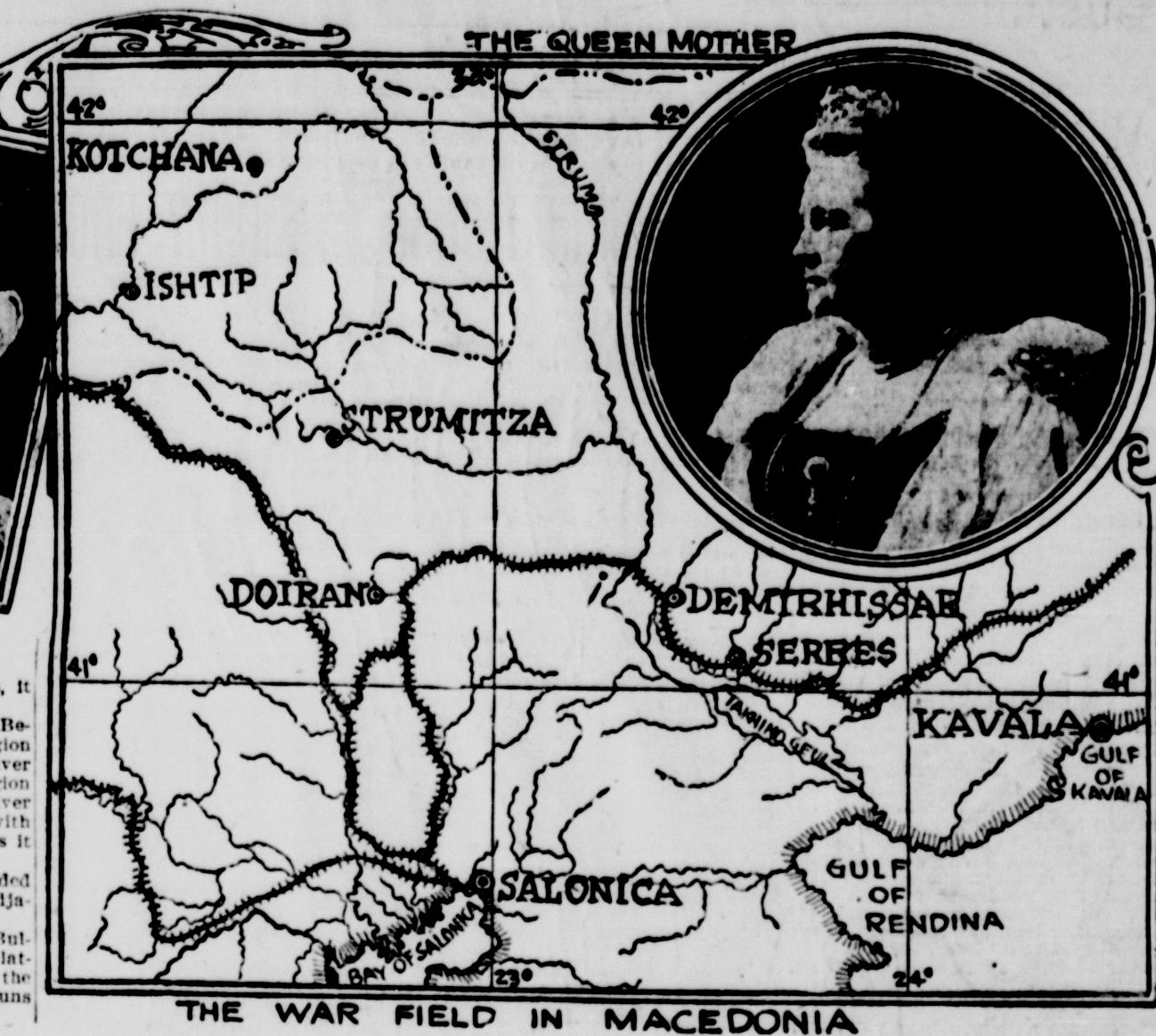
Senator Reed asked if the National

## Bulgarians Retreating to the North May Be Trapped By Troops of King Constantine



QUEEN SOPHIE

KING CONSTANTINE



THE QUEEN MOTHER

THE WAR FIELD IN MACEDONIA

The Balkan war having now been regularized by formal declarations, it is understood the Powers will make no attempt to mediate.

The agreed neutral zone between the Greeks and Bulgarians was—Beginning from the harbor of Eleftheria, extending thence northwest to Pagion Mountain, thence through Achinon Lake, then following the Strimena River to the village of Mekas, thence north to Nigritas, to Nicolian, to the Axios River, following that stream to Gevgelias, and then to Isipk. The Axios River was to separate the Servians and Bulgarians. Bulgaria should keep faith with the Servians and the Greeks and not order her troops to cross the lines, as it is reported.

Servian despatches admit that a strong Bulgarian column has invaded Servia at Konagatch, which town they occupied after setting fire to the adjacent villages. Cholera has been taken to Belgrade by the wounded.

Official Greek despatches claim a great victory at Doiran, where the Bulgarians, recently reinforced, were in superior strength to the Greeks. The latter assert that a whole division of Bulgarians was destroyed and that the Bulgarians fled in such a precipitate manner that they even left loaded guns

behind.

Letters from Uskup report terrible barbarities on the part of the Bulgarians. Villages in their track were burned, Kujanatz, pillaged and set on fire, and Servian soldiers, wounded in defense of the town, were massacred. At Vratnitz the bodies of seven old men were found mutilated by bayonets.

with a chisel because he was unable to produce \$100 which they demanded.

### ARREST OF A PRIEST.

Charge That He Stole a Picture From Church.

Rome, July 12.—Father Crescina, custodian of the church of San Marie in Trastevere, titular church of Cardinal Gibbons, has been arrested for the theft of a picture, "Madonna and Child," a masterpiece of Giovanni Bellini.

Accounts from Uskup report terrible barbarities on the part of the Bulgarians. Villages in their track were burned, Kujanatz, pillaged and set on fire, and Servian soldiers, wounded in defense of the town, were massacred. At Vratnitz the bodies of seven old men were found mutilated by bayonets.

### Occupy a Village.

Sofia, July 12.—Another Roumanian column of troops today occupied the village of Tschifut, on the Bulgarian frontier, between Silistria and the coast, and is now advancing on the town of Bazarjik, Dobritsch, which is overcrowded with refugees from the surrounding country, consisting mostly of old men, women and children.

Bulgars, unable to rally, abandoned their wounded.

Contact has been established between the Servians and Greeks on the Badovitch-Strumitza line as the result of which Macedonia has been practically cleared of the enemy's troops.

A number of labor union workers were engaged in the fight for election in the union," explained Mulhall, "and I was taking an active part in seeing that we got officers elected who were on our side.

"This work was all done from the outside," he added.

The Cushing letter added: "You want to manage it somehow so that when Stone (former Republican collector of the port of Baltimore) may think you are warming up to him; it will be the fact in reality that he is warming up to you."

### After Representative Wachter.

The association got after Representative Frank C. Wachter of Maryland, Mulhall said.

"Wachter was not up to the mark in Washington. He dodged too many votes on labor bills," said Mulhall.

The inquiry shifted to Albany. The introduction of a bill in the New York legislature by Senator Page, which would have placed the burden of proof upon the defendant in cases of injury due to negligence, was discussed.

"Cushing sent me to oppose the bill, as something that ought not to pass at that time," said Mulhall.

Senator Cummings asked who Mulhall saw in Albany when he worked against the bill.

"You didn't have to see many people in Albany at that time to stop a bill of that kind. I saw Boss Barnes," he thought.

"Others pretended to be honestly opposed to it because you paid them to," suggested Senator Walsh.

"Yes, that's it."

In a report February 5, 1905, to Cushing upon political development in Baltimore, Mulhall quoted George B. Squiers, a bookkeeper for the American Federation of Labor, on the support the labor forces were giving McComas and the fight they were making for an anti-injunction and eight-hour legislation.

When Senator Reed came to letters about a strike in Philadelphia, Mulhall thought Attorneys McCarter and Emery were whispering about his testimony and "over the shoulders of senators."

"I see gents setting behind you," he said, "interested in strikes and I would like to be cross-examined now about these letters. This is a fight to the finish and all I want is for it to be a square fight. It is no laughing matter. The fight has only begun."

The strike Mulhall referred to occurred in 1906. He swore Cushing had instructed him to go to Philadelphia and take a part in trying to break it.

To "cover up his real activity," he said, Cushing gave him a letter appointing him to an arbitration board.

"If there was any publicity in the matter I was to show this letter and clear my skirts of any activity in the case," said Mulhall.

"I had Collins and Price and several others to whom I paid money weekly," he said. "I had Ryan there who was with me in the Hughes campaign. I paid him \$60 a week."

Mulhall testified his activities were directed toward preventing sympathetic strikes in Philadelphia, keeping track of what the unions were doing and to "eternalize the Central Labor Union of Philadelphia."

Jackson H. Balston, an attorney for the American Federation of Labor, said the federation would produce all books and information in its possession bearing upon the inquiry.

## KING CONSTANTINE IN PROTEST

Continued From Page 1.

continues arresting Americans, according to reports. One American arrested at Guaymas and held several days is alleged to have been told by a federal officer:

"Your president will not recognize our president. Americans will be entitled to no consideration at our hands until Huerta is recognized."

It was reported today that American Consular Agent Taylor at Guaymas had resigned after protesting against the imprisonment of several countrymen.

### Drive Federais Back.

Eagle Pass, July 12.—Reliable reports from Monclova are to the effect that General Maas' column, 160 strong, advanced to Fierro, a station on the railroad six miles south of Monclova, and from there on Thursday dropped a few shells into the railroad yards, doing no damage.

Governor Carranza arrived from Pachuca while this was taking place and drove the federais back to Castano. The constitutionalists were reinforced by Colonel Coss and 800 men yesterday, who have been near Saltillo, and a battle was expected tomorrow. The federais ambushed a troop train of constitutionalists at Castano, with heavy artillery and destroyed the engine and several cars of supplies. The constitutionalists cut loose eight cars and ran down hill to Monclova. They lost a number of killed and prisoners.

### Americans Are Released.

Laredo, July 12.—Peremptory demands by American authorities today secured the release of the three remaining American prisoners of constitutionalists at Hidalgo, Mexico, and also the release of two Mexican cowboys who had been taken with the Americans. The party was escorted to Texas soil by United States Consul Garrett

J. L. Jones Co.

## Clearance Specials

**ONYX SILK HOSE**—Ladies' heavy quality pure Silk Hoses, double tops, high spliced heels and reinforced feet. Regular \$1.75 value. Black boot with pink, sky, lavender and white tops. While they last, the pair \$1.25

**MISSES' SILK HOSE**—Pure thread silk with linen feet and tops. Black, white and tan. 50c quality. Tomorrow 25¢ and all week, pair 25¢

**SILK LINEN HOSE**—Ladies' garter tops, high spliced heels and reinforced feet. Black only. 50c value. 35¢ the pair or Three Pair \$1.00 for

**LADIES' DOESKIN GLOVES**—16-button Doeskin with heavy stitching. White and natural colors. Regular \$2.75 value. Tomorrow and all week the pair \$1.98

**FANCY PARASOLS**—For ladies. All colors in silks, linens and ponge. Paragon frames. Long slender handles of natural wood. Values up to \$2.50. Tomorrow and all week, 98¢ choice

**INITIAL HANDKERCHIEFS**—A pretty assortment of 25¢ qualities in white, all pure linen with embroidered designs. One-quarter inch hem. Special for Monday only, 19¢ for ladies



# Our Great Sale of Women's Tailored Suits Begins Tomorrow at Half Price

## A Timely Opportunity For Women Planning Vacation and Other Trips.

We have about 100 light weight Autumn Suits left over from the business early in the year. These are all light weight and very much up to the model of the new Fall Suits and just the correct weight for Vacation wear—the Mountains, the Seashore or Eastern and Northern Travel. They are just the garments for you to buy and we have had so many calls for these suits for Traveling that we decided to put them all on sale Tomorrow in connection with our entire stock of Summer Tailored Suits at EXACTLY ONE-HALF MARKED PRICE. The materials are Black, Navy, Tan, Grey, Fancy Stripe, Cream and Pastel Shades. We also include our whole line of Ratine and Eponge Suits.

Make your selections out of this great assortment and you will have a Suit that you can wear on your Vacation and all Fall at HALF PRICE. Many customers have requested us to place these on sale now and we expect a great rush Tomorrow.

All \$15.00 Tailored Suits, Tomorrow, Half Price .....	\$7.50	All \$35.00 Tailored Suits, Tomorrow, Half Price .....	\$17.50
All \$20.00 Tailored Suits, Tomorrow, Half Price .....	\$10.00	All \$40.00 Tailored Suits, Tomorrow, Half Price .....	\$20.00
All \$25.00 Tailored Suits, Tomorrow, Half Price .....	\$12.50	All \$45.00 Tailored Suits, Tomorrow, Half Price .....	\$22.50
All \$30.00 Tailored Suits, Tomorrow, Half Price .....	\$15.00	All \$50.00 Tailored Suits, Tomorrow, Half Price .....	\$25.00

All prices between these figures and all higher Priced Suits go at same half price reductions. Altogether this will be the greatest showing at this season of the year of HALF PRICE SUITS. See these early tomorrow.

## Linens and White Goods—Daylight 2nd Floor

**LINEN LAWN** 29¢—500 yards, 36 inches wide; fine for cool waists. A good 29¢ 50c value. Tomorrow, the yard..

**SKIRTING LINEN** 49¢—Ready shrunk, 36 inches wide and an ideal material for mid-summer wear. Regular 65¢ 49¢ value. Tomorrow, the yard .....

**WHITE DIMITY CHECKS** 19¢—Also plaid flaxons. Just the thing for waists, dresses or baby garments. Shown in small or large checks. 25¢ quality. 19¢ Special the yard .....

**SIX HUCK TOWELS** 42¢—17x34 size and a good soft absorbent quality. 42¢ Special value tomorrow, Six for .....

**BATH TOWELS** 21¢—Size 49x23 and bleached. A great big towel for little money. Regular value 30¢ each. 21¢ Special tomorrow .....

**BED SPREADS** \$1.95—Cool light weight Dimity Spreads and Crochet styles, made fringed and plain. Regular \$2.25 and \$2.50 values. See these early to-morrow. Special each .....

## Some Remarkable Ready-to-Wear Leaders

**LONG KIMONOS**—Made of good grade of Printed Lawn. Large designs and fancy borders. Regular 75¢ values, 39¢ Tomorrow .....

**LADIES' UNDERMUSLINS**—Big assortment of Gowns, Corset Covers, Pants and Chemise. All nicely trimmed with lace, embroidery and ribbons. Regular 49¢ 75¢ values; special tomorrow, each .....

**BALKAN BLOUSES**—Made open front. Large collars, broad bands and fancy ties. Good pearl buttons and assortment of colors in red and navy. Regular 98¢ \$1.50 value, tomorrow, choice .....

**LADIES' WAISTS**—Made of Lingerie, Voile and Linen. Low necks and short sleeves and high necks and long sleeves. Some tailored effects, while others are fancy trimmed with val and shadow laces, embroidery, ribbons and cluster tufts. Regular \$1.50 and \$2.00 98¢ values, special tomorrow, each .....

**LADIES' KNIT VESTS**—A nice collection made with taped yokes and made of good cotton yarns. Full size. 12 1-2¢ Values tomorrow ..... 9¢ 19¢ Values tomorrow ..... 13¢ 25¢ Values tomorrow ..... 19¢

**KID HAND BAGS**—Ladies' white styles with German silver frames and leather and silk cord handles. Moire lining and attractive leather coin purse. \$2 values, tomorrow and all week, 39¢

**LADIES' LAVALIERS**—German silver chains with Rhinestone and pearl settings. Great variety of designs. 75¢ values, Monday and all week, 35¢

## Extraordinary Summer Dress Goods Values

### French Linen 59¢ Yard

46 inches wide and a beautiful quality in full range of all the pretty blues, pinks, rose, gray, helio, tan, green and leather. Regular 75¢ value, tomorrow the yard .....

59¢

### Printed Lawns 11¢ Yard

28 inches wide and pretty, sheer, printed lawns and batistes in all the new patterns. Beautiful colors and excellent quality. Regular 15¢ and 19¢ the yard. Tomorrow 11¢ the yard .....

11¢

### Printed Flaxons 15¢ Yard

100 styles in fine, sheer, printed flaxons in the crossbar and plain cloth. Pretty dots, stripes and figures. Warranted to launder. 25¢ value. Tomorrow the yard .....

15¢

**Warner's Rust Proof Corsets Guaranteed \$1.98**

Warner's Rust Proof Corsets are known everywhere for their superior merit. Tomorrow we will display in the Corset Department, on the Third Floor, a special lot of this famous make in extra long, medium and low bust. Lace front style with six hose supporters. Tops finished with embroidery. Front protected with gauze shield. Regular \$3.50 value, tomorrow and all week .....

\$1.98

27 inches wide and shows fancy woven satin stripes printed in 50-inch flounce lengths. All the pretty, cool, summer shades. Regular 35¢ value, Monday the yard .....

19¢

### Bordered Novelty 19¢ Yard

27 inches wide and shows fancy woven satin stripes printed in 50-inch flounce lengths. All the pretty, cool, summer shades. Regular 35¢ value, Monday the yard .....

19¢

## The GOLDSTEIN-MIGEL CO.

"WACO'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE."

Read Times-Herald Ad

## CENSUS REPORT OF MILK PRODUCTS

**BUTTER IS CHIEF ARTICLE THAT IS GIVEN BY Factories.**

## CHEESE IS NEXT IMPORTANT

Over Thirty Thousand People Were Engaged in the Industry in 1909.

Washington, D. C., July 12.—Statistics in detail of the butter, cheese, and condensed milk industry in the United States for the year 1909 are presented in a bulletin soon to be issued by Director Harris of the Bureau of Census, Department of Commerce. It was prepared under the supervision of W. M. Stewart, chief statistician for manufacturers.

Of the 8,479 establishments engaged in the industry in the United States in 1909, 54.4 per cent reported butter as their product of chief value, 42 per cent cheese, and 1.6 per cent condensed milk. Of the total value of products shown for the combined industry, the butter factories contributed \$194,995,196, or 71 per cent; the cheese factories \$46,365,176, or 16.1 per cent; and the condensed milk factories \$25,295,242, or 12.9 per cent.

In this industry the cost of materials constitutes a very large proportion of the total value of products, the process of manufacture being relatively simple and inexpensive. The cost of the materials used in 1909 was \$25,546,964, forming 55.8 percent of the value of products, while the value added by manufacture (that is, the value of products less the cost of materials) was only \$39,011,654. The factories of the industry gave employment to an average of 31,504 persons during 1909, and paid out in salaries and wages a total of \$14,671,932. Of the persons engaged in the industry, 18,421 were wage earners, 5,056 were salaried employees, and 8,019 were proprietors and firm members.

The average number of persons engaged in the industry in 1909 was 31,506, of whom 19,320 were reported by the butter factories, 7,164 by the cheese factories, and 4,962 by the con-

densed milk factories. Of the total number of persons engaged in the combined industry, 18,421, or 58.5 per cent, were wage earners; 10,480, or 33.3 per cent were proprietors and officials; and 2,595, or 8.2 per cent, were clerks and other subordinate salaried employees. Of the total number, 29.9%, or 92.2 per cent, were male, and 24.11, or 7.7 per cent, females.

The average number of female wage earners in 1909 is 1,420, of whom 97. or 69.5 per cent, were in the condensed milk factories. Females formed 23.7 per cent of the total number of wage earners in this branch of the industry, as compared with 3.2 per cent in the butter factories and 2.3 per cent in the cheese factories.

The Production of Butter.

In 1909 the combined production of butter in the factories of the butter, cheese, and condensed milk industry and on farms, in the United States, amounted to 1,619,415,263 pounds, an increase of 127,662,661 pounds, or 8.6 per cent over the production in 1899. During the decade the output of the factories increased 204,828,107 pounds, or 45.7 per cent, and the production on farms decreased 76,975,446 pounds, or 7.2 per cent. At both censuses the production of butter on farms greatly exceeded the factory output, but the proportion which it formed of the combined total decreased from 71.8 per cent in 1899 to 61.4 per cent in 1909.

The quantity of cheese produced in the United States in the factories of the industry and on farms during 1909 amounted to \$20,522,151 pounds, an increase of 22,187,539 pounds, or 7.4 per cent, over the production in 1899.

The production in the factories engaged in the industry increased 29,152,993 pounds, or 10.3 per cent, between 1899 and 1909, and the production on farms decreased 8,964,654 pounds, or 42.6 per cent. At both censuses the quantity made in factories was many times greater than the quantity made on farms, and the proportion which it formed of the combined total increased from 94.5 per cent in 1899 to 97.1 per cent in 1909.

Quantity of Milk.

The total quantity of milk reported for 1909 was slightly larger than that for 1899, but taking the decade as a whole the figures show a decrease of 15.3 per cent—from 11,678,082,821 pounds in 1899 to 9,888,727,303 pounds in 1909.

On the other hand, the quantity of cream reported shows a steady increase from 203,673,958 pounds in 1899 to 1,406,145,908 pounds, or nearly seven times as much, in 1909.

In all the states for which separate figures are given, large increases took place during each five-year period in the amount of cream reported by the factories, except in Vermont, where the quantity decreased somewhat between 1899 and 1909. On the other hand, there were only four states, Wisconsin, New York, Michigan, and Washington, in which the quantity of milk reported for 1909 was greater than that for 1899, and only two, Nebraska and Washington, in which it was greater than that for 1904. The most pronounced decrease during the decade in the quantity of milk was in Iowa, in which state there was a decrease of 1,111,222,632 pounds, or about five-eighths of the net decrease in the industry as a whole.

In the quantity of butter manufac-

tured in the factories of the industry there was an increase of 204,638,107 pounds, or 48.7 per cent, during the decade 1899-1909. Wisconsin ranked first in the production of butter in 1909, with 103,884,684 pounds; Minnesota was second, with 88,842,846 pounds, and Iowa was third, with 88,582,137 pounds. Although the manufacture of butter was reported from 43 states in 1909 the combined product of six states, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, New York, California, and Michigan, amounting to 400,002,143 pounds represented 64 per cent of the total for the industry.

The production of cheese in 1909 was only 10.3 per cent greater than that in 1899, and since both of the other main products of this industry show a considerable increase for the period 1904-1909, as well as for the decade, it may be inferred that milk is less profitably used in the manufacture of cheese than in the manufacture of butter or condensed milk. By far the largest gain in any state during the decade 1899-1909 was that in Wisconsin, amounting to 70,316,968 pounds, or 90.4 per cent.

The production of cheese in 1909 was 100 per cent less than that in 1904, and only 10.3 per cent greater than that in 1899, and since both of the other main products of this industry show a considerable increase for the period 1904-1909, as well as for the decade, it may be inferred that milk is less profitably used in the manufacture of cheese than in the manufacture of butter or condensed milk. By far the largest gain in any state during the decade 1899-1909 was that in Wisconsin, amounting to 70,316,968 pounds, or 90.4 per cent.

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The production of cheese in 1

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metic, English, Shorthand, Shorthand (three trial lessons), and  
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Illustrated catalogue now. Name paper ad. taken from.

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School for Girls  
Opens Sept. 15.  
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ST. MARY'S ACADEMY, Austin, Texas  
CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF THE HOLY CROSS.A select Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. Is  
situated in the most desirable part of the Capital City and offers every  
indulgence as regards healthful and refined surroundings.The curriculum embraces a thorough course in English, Music, Art,  
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have three stories with steam heat, and will be luxuriously equipped with  
new furniture. It will not be equalled by another school in the South in  
up to date counting rooms and elegant appointments throughout. Our  
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sonal contact. New brick building ready for September.  
Address for catalogue, SECRETARY S. A. ACADEMY,  
San Antonio, Texas

## WACO COMES THIRD

OVER A MILLION IN BUILDING  
PERMITS DURING PAST  
SIX MONTHS.Dallas Holds the Lead for Texas  
Cities—Houston Comes  
Second.

Dallas, July 12.—The principal cities in Texas issued a total of \$2,810,460 in building permits during June. This is an increase over May of \$251,682. Dallas leads all other cities in Texas during the month with a total of \$936,015. During the past six months a total of \$13,951,107 in building permits were issued by the nine leading cities in Texas. Dallas was well in the lead with a total of \$5,123,565, while Houston with \$2,878,601, and Waco with \$1,399,639, come second and third re-

spectively. Dallas maintained her lead during the entire period with the exception of January, and in April reached the highest point with a total of \$1,297,835 in permits. The month of June was the heaviest in the six months in permits issued, with a total of \$2,810,460, while February was the smallest month, with \$1,596,917 in permits.

Following is a statement of the permits issued by the leading commercial centers in the state during the past six months:

Dallas .....	\$5,123,565
Houston .....	2,878,601
Waco .....	1,399,639
Galveston .....	1,081,000
Austin .....	1,065,726
El Paso .....	1,060,004
Brownsville .....	979,896
Brenham .....	224,197
Beaumont .....	133,449
Grand total .....	\$13,951,107

Japan is planning to adopt an alphabet of forty-seven letters, including most of the Roman characters, some Russian and the rest original symbols.



## UNITED

Original Sample Shoe Store

Cut Your Shoe Bill in Half  
Up-Stairs Rent Does It

Come in and Get the Shoe You Want

\$2.50

United Sample Shoe Stores

413 1/2 Austin Avenue

UP-STAIRS OVER GOLDING'S

## The Women of Texas

## What They Are Doing in Various Phases of Their Work

Reported Weekly in The Waco Morning News by Miss Kate Friend,  
Editor, 525 Terrace Row, Waco, Texas.MISS GENEVIEVE POWER  
GOVERNOR'S APPOINTEE

The past week has announced the appointment by Governor Colquitt of Miss Genevieve Power of San Antonio to the board of child's welfare for Texas. This is honor placed where honor is due. Miss Power, an active member of the Bronte club of Victoria, was the founder of the Junior Brontes, a club of wide-awake girls. She also formed the Junior Civic League which did so much towards practical work for Victoria. Miss Power, naturally an intelligent and effective worker, is fresh from European travels, and this is always an incentive to higher endeavor. The policy of this new committee is not yet outlined. Doubtless the November visit to Texas of Miss Julia Lathrop, national child labor bureau chairman, will give quite an impetus.

THE STATE PRESIDENT  
SENDS WEEKLY LETTER

Dear Friends:

When I learned through the press that the police chiefs of Texas, during their annual convention recently held in Galveston, over one hundred chiefs being in attendance, when I learned that this body of fine men, with but one or two exceptions, were bitter in their denunciation of the idea of women police, I felt that the women of Texas were lax in their duty, that the meaning of women police had not been properly presented; that most of our good men did not understand, and that we women were in duty bound to educate the men as to the intent of women police; for if this were thoroughly understood no good man, whether he be brother, husband, or father could or would conscientiously oppose this movement, that will raise the moral efficiency in all police departments.

The Texas Federation of Women's clubs through its individual clubs, always doing so much towards educating the citizenship along lines of uplift, must consider the grave importance of having police women in all towns, and especially in the larger cities. We must show our men that we do not expect these police women to patrol the streets with club in hand, and to carry to the stations the drunken, fighting rowdy, for this is what most men believe the police women expect to do, and naturally on these grounds bitterly oppose the movement; whereas if they were familiar with the real purposes, how quickly they would change their minds; and they would not rest until police women were appointed.

Now friends, let us see just what we expect the police women to do. First let us designate her the police matron; this carries with it a dignity more in keeping with dignified womanhood, and believe me the womanly woman can with her firm dignity command more respect than can the policeman who tries to enforce the law with his threatening club.

There should be a police matron at each police station.

Moral efficiency in the police department requires experienced matrons to take charge of juvenile and female offenders.

All thinking citizens will agree that the police department of every city, town and village should be absolutely removed from any suspicion of political influence if vice is to be checked and the white slave traffic abolished.

Police matrons should be stationed at all railway depots to meet not only the often helpless woman or girl coming to a place strange to her, but also to help keep the newly arrived country boy from the clutches of those who would fleece him of not only his worldly possessions but of his morals.

She should be at the depots, and should patrol the streets, a Godsend to the unsuspecting young girl; she should be always on the alert and ready to save from the vice which we find stalking our streets in the disguise of finely and attractively clothed men and women, human vultures in truth.

Police matrons should be on duty at all halls of amusement, public parks and even at the public school grounds.

The women of our state should not be satisfied until they have so shaped and swayed public opinion as to secure police matrons in every community, for every community interested in moral betterment and civic progress is bound to see the wisdom of this movement.

In closing this letter, I would urge that the president of each club in the federation be good enough to send to me the names and addresses of the presidents and corresponding secretaries now holding these offices in the different organizations.

If you do not do this much important literature that you should have may not reach you.

Always faithfully yours,  
MRS. ELI HERTZBERG,  
President T. F. W. C.  
San Antonio, July 10, 1913.

THE FEDERATION MOTTO  
RULES FOR PROPOSING

The following is self explanatory: The Texas Federation of Women's club deserves a motto which will express in fitting words what our great and noble body of women stands for. The Federation has embraced by various committees, literature, art, music, civics, child welfare, education, sanitation, home development, and everything pertaining to the betterment of citizenship, morally and physically.

It is but fitting that each member (being an integral part of this progressive and influential organization) should have opportunity to express what she thinks this body has been, is, or hopes to be. With this thought in view, Mrs. Eli Hertzberg, state president, has appointed a committee to arrange a contest in which all women in the state are invited to participate. A cash prize of ten dollars will be awarded for the most suitable motto, the name of the winner to be announced at the Corpus Christi convention.

Rules for Contest.

The rules which govern this contest are:

1—All mottoes must be typewritten.  
2—All mottoes must be sent to Mrs. J. T. Smith, 1562 Monterey street, San Antonio.

3—All mottoes must be sent before October 15, 1913.

4—All mottoes must be enclosed in separate sealed envelope.

port of discussions along the line of all. It is well worth while to keep in touch with the Stratford-on-Avon society. And yet, it can be said to the American's credit, that we are much more comprehensive in our study of Shakespeare; also that we bring much of the mental play into our discussion, and thus get a more general culture. While we pursue our own plan, it is well to know what the larger topics are concerning the master mind of literature.

The Massachusetts club women are sending out a traveling health library.

The National Council of Jewish Women has openly denounced the sensationalism in journalism.

It is the case of all things come to her who waits. In the former National Education Association Mrs. Ella Flagg Young was defeated for president, unjustly defeated, so many of her friends adjudged. At Salt Lake the other day the man who led the opposition to Mrs. Young was defeated by Mrs. Young's supporters. Thus, the tables turned.

Mrs. James A. Baker, one of the leading settlement workers in Houston, is summering in a cottage at Bass Rock, Massachusetts.

The club at Shiner is in organization during the summer, yet not so active as in the winter. The club will meet on Tuesday for final distribution of programs. These will be Kate Friend's course on "Taming of the Shrew." The president of this progressive club is Mrs. Charles Amisier.

The club women are assured that the probation officers will multiply in Texas now that a salary is allowed.

The throwing of the balls at a monkey as amusement, reported as being a practice in Texas, has been located at the Confederate reunion at McGregor. The humane officer from Waco went out to investigate.

The women of Georgia are organized for a memorial to Sidney Lanier. What will not the women do next?

Dr. Musulman, editor of the Texas School Journal, was in Waco by special invitation on Friday. He spoke upon the Montessori system of child culture, the first professional exposition of the subject made in Waco. It occurs that Dr. Musulman is available material for an address before the Baylor university summer school.

We have all read the "Circuit Rider's Wife," and enjoyed it. Now the accusation is that the author, Corra Harris, is impious. Many are rising in her defense.

The club women should all take notice of the dignified yet impressive manner in which Houston observed a sane Fourth of July program. It is needless to remark that women were at the helm.

The civic committee of the Woman's club in San Antonio has just entertained with a "home grown" luncheon. What a happy idea! And which will be the next of the Texas clubs to do the same?

To say where the Texas club women are at present is to cover the globe, for there are some who are even touring the world.

Out at San Angelo a park expert has arrived to plan a system of city parks. It goes without saying that none are more pleased than are the women.

Miss Kate Barnard of Oklahoma, who was with the Texas club women at San Angelo, is considered so far authority in her line of penal reform to have been one of the very few women speakers out at Portland, Oregon, in the world's convention of men and women to promote Christian citizenship. Men were present from nearly every civilized country. This means all the more hope for the neighbor club women of Oklahoma.

It is somewhat late to tell the good story, but up in Denton the school children planted nearly one thousand trees as arbor day observance.

Dallas has passed an ordinance requiring chickens kept under a safe and sanitary enclosure. Cannot the club women in each community see that the same ordinance is passed? Nothing is more a menace to civic beauty than the chicken unconfined.

The Review club, Georgetown closed its year with the study of Kenilworth. We have noted a tendency all through Texas to revive this novel. The Literary club of Waco will have it under study with the incoming year.

Has the club woman with human instinct done anything for the pet cat left without food and water while the mistress is off on her pleasure trip?

Suppose we refrain from a few resolute action at Corpus Christi; but not what all are good, but because we cannot carry such a burden to success.

The club woman is pleased to hear that she is soon to clean her brass by electricity. This will save much physical exertion.

## CALL TO ITACA.

Rev. J. B. Tidwell to Give Half His Time.

Rev. J. B. Tidwell, professor of the English Bible at Baylor, has just accepted the call to the pastorate of the Baptist church of Itasca for half time, following the close of a meeting there which he conducted with good results.

The other half of his time, on Sunday, is given to the church at Loretta, where he is now engaged in a meeting with County Missionary L. E. Masters and Singer Cox. This pastoral work does not interfere with his duties at the university.

Arouses the Liver and Purifies the Blood  
The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, arouses the liver to action, drives Malaria out of the blood and builds up the system. For adults and children, 50¢. Advertisement.

Ask me for  
"A Colorado  
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A book-folder, illustrated  
with views of the Colorado  
Rockies.

It tells all about the vacation  
delights of that Land of Many  
Mountains—about trout in the  
brooks, camps in the pines,  
snow on the peaks, turquoise in  
the sky.

Read, and you will wish to go there,  
taking advantage of the low fare.

## Summer Excursions

After seeing Colorado, there's the Grand  
Canyon of Arizona and the California  
Sierras or seashore; booklets about both,  
on request.

You can't afford to miss these "See  
America" outings in the Far West. Fred  
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J. J. Abernethy, City Pass. Agent,  
Room 10, Provident Bldg.  
New 314 Phones Old 259

FOR RENT—Good Suburban Grocery; also Wagon  
Yard and Wood Yard well located.  
Also small stock of Groceries.

## Hamilton-Turner Grocery Co

## CIVIL WAR MUSIC BOX.

Dr. J. M. Brittain, who was a Lieutenant  
ant.

The school superintendent has had  
the little instrument repaired after  
many years of disuse, and it now plays  
as it did when it cheered the tent of  
the young Lieutenant.

It knows but two tunes, both melo-  
dies of the old days, "The Glad Song  
of Triumph" and "We Never Mention  
Her."

The little box of music is prized very  
highly by Mr. Brittain.

Cover up the brick mantel with  
old tile. W



## HOTEL FLANDERS

133-137 West 47th Street, NEW YORK CITY  
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The right kind of a hotel in the right locality. In the heart of the theatre district and adjacent to the shopping centres. Positively fire-proof. Excellent cuisine and an exceptional orchestra. A large addition just completed, containing library, grill and billiard hall.

**Mansomely Furnished Rooms, \$1.50 Per Day Upward**

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H. R. SHARPS, PROP.

## ALBEMARLE-HOFFMAN NEW YORK

A new modern hotel representing a Five Million Dollar investment on the site of the former Hoffman House,

BROADWAY, 24th STREET, FIFTH AVENUE

The Home of Architectural Perfection

Located at the Hub of New York's Greatest Business, Overlooking Madison Square.

Accommodations for 1,000, offering maximum luxury and comfort at much lower rates than offered in any other Hotel in America, consistent with highest class service.

A Good Room \$1.50 Per Day

A Good Room, with Bath, \$2.00 Per Day

Handsome Apartments of any number of rooms at proportionate rates. The Management is a guarantee of the highest refinement and protection to ladies and families.

DANIEL P. RITCHET.

### AUSTRIAN PLAY CENSORSHIP.

Marriage of Nobeoman to a Gardener's Daughter Must Not Occur.

(Austria Chronicle.)

The Austria censor used to play strange tricks with the plays produced under his auspices. When Schiller's "Maid of Orleans" was produced at Vienna in 1862 the title was deemed too flippant and was replaced by that of "Joan of Arc." Agnes Biegel figured as the wife of Charles VII instead of his mistress, and Queen Isabean was transformed into that monarch's sister in order to save him from bigamy.

Until 1842 ménagements were prohibited on the Vienna stage. When the Burgtheater wished to stage one of Freystein's plays in which Count Waldemar marries a gardener's daughter, the censor put his foot down. "These incidents," he said, "may unfortunately occur in real life, but they must not be seen on the stage."

A lawn social will be given at Temple Auditorium Jacob, Seventh and Columbus streets, Sunday evening, July 20, 7 to 10 p. m., for the benefit of the charity fund. Waco Lodge, D. B. A. Admission 50¢ and 25¢. All invited. (Advertisement)

## KENO

### Sweeping Compound and Disinfectant

Made in Waco By

**E. F. FORSGARD & SON**

Old Phone 2281 P. O. Box 1008

Price F.O.B. Waco per 100 lb. Drum \$2.00  
50 Pound Family Packages \$1.25 Delivered

## Gasoline Engines

In Stock at Dallas

Also Well Drilling Machinery, Tools and Appliances. Wire and Manila Drilling Cables, Steam Pump, Air Compressors, etc., etc. COME AND SEE US, or write for catalog. It is yours for the asking.

AMERICAN WELL WORKS, 704 Commerce St., Dallas, Tex.

## SOUTHWESTERN ENGRAVING COMPANY.

714 Amicable Bldg.  
Waco Tex.

IDEAS—Have you any idea you want to illustrate? Tell us what it is—we'll develop it for you.

## WILL BANQUET HOTEL BUILDER

TRAU WRITES RIGGINS V. M. B. L.  
AND WACO DESIRE TO EXPRESS APPRECIATION.

## RIGGINS ACCEPTS HONOR

Affair Will Be Held in August, Opposite Site of New Hostelry on Stand Corner.

In token of appreciation for what his untiring energy has given Waco—the Riggins hotel—the Young Men's Business league is now making preparations for a banquet to J. W. Riggins. The big feast will be given in the open air opposite the site of the new hostelry, on the Stone corner. It will be held the latter part of August.

The following letters have been exchanged by the Young Men's Business league and Mr. Riggins:

Mr. R. J. Trau,  
Waco, Tex., July 9, 1913.

Mr. J. W. Riggins,  
Waco, Texas.

Dear Sir:—As per resolution passed at the regular meeting of the Young Men's Business league last night, we are writing you to state that it is the intention of the committee in connection with the Chamber of Commerce, to tender you a banquet which should be July 23rd, but as the business calendar is very much crowded the next few weeks, it was decided to handle some time during the latter part of August.

The resolution referred to was to make application to you for the use of Eighth and Austin streets corner, known as the Stone property, as it is our intention to make this affair an open air banquet. Trusting that you will arrange this for the committee, and thanking you to give us this information at your earliest convenience, we remain,

THE YOUNG MEN'S BUSINESS LEAGUE.

Frank J. Trau, President.  
Mr. Riggins in Reply.

Waco, July 12, 1913.

Mr. Frank J. Trau,  
President Y. M. B. L., City.

Dear Sir:—I thank you for your courteous favor of July 9th, replying will say:

First. Responding to your resolution July 8th, requesting lot corner of Austin and Eighth streets for an open air banquet, I take great pleasure in placing the lot at your disposal and shall be glad to do anything in my power to further your undertaking.

Second. You say the Y. M. B. L. in connection with the Chamber of Commerce wishes to tender me a banquet. I will be glad to confer with you concerning the date, with information of progress of hotel construction.

Regarding the banquet, however, I take it that it will be tendered as an expression of appreciation because of the accomplishment and work I have done in securing the hotel for Waco.

Gratitude is one of the strongest expressions characteristic of a high-class citizen. As Waco is simply made up of individuals such expression will emphasize the high class citizenship. In tendering this banquet I take it that you desire by this expression to accentuate the appreciation of the two organizations representing Waco, that you feel a hearty and sincere gratitude and take this occasion to emphasize by the banquet such appreciation and that you would show that appreciation of any man who will do things for the advancement of Waco.

This fact advertised will be a very valuable asset in putting Waco to the front.

The plain words, "I thank you," are cardinal signs of good manners, of an in-born politeness and broad appreciation expressed in the words. Some one has said:

"Whatever deeds are lost to man, Gratitude outlasts the gift of hand."

It is with a great deal of pleasure that I announce that the hotel will be in itself the pride of Waco. It is already talked throughout the length and breadth of this union. The valuable work and offices of the two commercial organizations of Waco have made this great work possible.

The advertisement for Waco will be great and the more you get its existence before the public, the more valuable it will be.

The banquet will be taken as an expression of the spirit of Waco.

Please accept my sincere appreciation and I place myself at your disposal, and shall earnestly co-operate and shall exercise my every effort to accentuate always the value of the spirit which gave birth to this undertaking.

Yours very sincerely,

J. W. RIGGINS.

## Real Estate Transfers

Deeds filed for record, reported by the Tom G. Dilworth Title Office, show a total consideration during the week ending July 12, 1913, of \$354,053.25.

W. T. Abernathy and wife to Jas. B. Smith, lot 18 and part of lot 19, block 238, Reynolds addition, \$162,50.

Jas. B. Smith and wife to P. Richman, lots 18 and part of lot 19, block 238, Reynolds addition, \$5,600.

Tennie L. Cook to R. E. Sullivan, lot 8, block 12, Citizens addition, \$800.

Fredonia E. Spencer et al. to E. R. Bolton, 4 lots in block 1, Waco Oil & Gas Co. subdivision, B. F. Davis survey, \$142,50.

Katherine Wiebush to Ito Rau, lots 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7, section C, town of Riesel, \$650.

Annie Jack to E. W. Hander, part of lots 18 and 19, block 201, Sullivan addition, \$4,000.

Effie Howe to Gust Martine, 137 acres out of Jessie Russell survey, \$12,500.

J. N. Sanderson to J. B. Woody, tract out of E. J. Gurley tract, \$25.

J. A. Craven and wife to L. P. Bailey, lot 15, block 1, Waco Vista addition, \$141,50.

Fredonia E. Spencer et al. to H. Adams, lot 660, block 1, Waco Oil & Gas Co. subdivision, B. F. Davis survey, \$20.

W. C. Seitzler and wife to J. O. Beckley, lots 1 to 7, inclusive, in block

51, Farwell Heights addition, \$2,000.

S. Geo. Jameson and Robert Jameson to Kate Griffith, 50x163 feet on South Eighth street, \$2,200.

E. D. Skinner and wife to J. T. Powers, lots 8 and 9, block 14, Bagby addition, \$2,250.

J. W. Donaison and wife to Walter Jones, lots 1 and 2, block 7, town of Moody, \$5,250.

J. R. Downs to James Tolliver, lot 1, subdivision of W. R. Gary tract, Jos. Rutherford survey, \$1,000.

G. W. Russell and wife to C. E. Morgan, lot 1 and part of lot 2, block 67, town of Moody, \$2,700.

G. W. Russell and wife to Mrs. Ella C. Kunz, part of Robert Oliver survey, \$2,700.

C. E. Crook to E. Stacy and wife, lot 11, block 9, Daughtry addition, \$310.

H. O. Whatley to Mrs. V. V. Whately, lot 6, block U, West End addition, \$625.

W. A. Appell and wife to J. S. South, lot 14, block 25, Tibbs & Johnson addition, \$1,150.

R. H. Anderson and wife to B. M. Bright, 80.6 acres, part of Mitchell subdivision of O'Gampo grant, and about 14.4 acres out of Martinez grant, \$10,000.

S. Hundley and wife to W. T. Torrence, part of B. L. Clements survey, in town of Moody, \$775.

W. T. Torrence and wife to L. E. Burditt, part of B. L. Clements survey, town of Moody, \$800.

Mrs. J. D. Morrow to W. R. Guyton, lot 3, block 39, Farwell Heights addition, \$1,400.

Terry & Imp. Co. to H. Roberson and Joe Parr, lot 1, block 125, town of Mart, \$75.

Eugene Trott and wife to K. P. Murphy, lots 10, 11 and 12, block 16, Farwell Heights addition, \$2,200.

Collie Munroe and wife to K. P. Murphy, lot 8, block 37, Farwell Heights addition, \$700.

Abe Gross to R. H. Hill, part of Farm lot No. 8, corner Seventh and Franklin streets, \$5.

T. Q. Garrett and wife to Annie A. Turner, lot 2, block 98, Farwell Heights addition, \$4,000.

L. Lazarus and wife to Horace Caldwell and Lizzie Caldwell, lot 1, block 2, J. Weisman & Co. addition, \$250.

R. B. Wickliffe to W. T. Poston, 156.2 acres out of Clement Rainey survey, \$2,750.

West End Realty Co. to W. J. Geissler, lots 8 and 9, block K, West End addition, \$616.66.

N. S. Alexander to C. H. Graves, part of block 4, Proctor Springs addition, \$4,700.

J. S. South and wife to Miss Mary Kay Green, lot 17, H. C. Hall addition, \$2,250.

Geo. W. Tyler to Mrs. M. E. Bushnell, lot 15, block 3, R. H. Conger addition, \$1,900.

Estate of D. R. Wallace to Geo. W. Tyler, lot 15, block 3, R. H. Conger addition, \$1,900.

Frederick Murphy et al. to Mrs. Dick Pearson, lot 16, block 4, Princess Place addition, \$85.

C. G. Wayland and wife to A. A. Peoples and Geo. F. Munnelly, 253 acres out of the Rabaju grant, \$17,000.

Fredonia E. Spencer et al. to J. W. Strong, lot 1880, block 1, Waco Oil & Gas Co. subdivision of B. F. Davis survey, \$20.

O. F. Busby to R. A. Word and wife, 100x133 feet southwest corner of block 13, M. F. Burleson addition, 45x151 feet on northwest side of Barnard avenue, \$10.

Mrs. Laura Cornish to M. F. DuBois, lot 12, block 87, Farwell Heights addition, \$740.

Fredonia E. Spencer et al. to Thos. A. Caulfield, lot 9, block 1, Waco Oil & Gas Co. subdivision of B. F. Davis survey, \$20.

The following transfers of real estate were reported yesterday by the McLennan County Abstract company:

E. E. Taylor et al. to J. E. Brown, one-half interest in eight acres, J. M. Stephens survey, \$250.

J. E. Brown to C. R. Phillips, one-half interest in eight acres, J. M. Stephens survey, \$218.34.

W. R. Glasgow et al. to West Development Co., sundry lots in West, \$26,225.

J. W. Bowers et ux. to M. B. Gilmore, lots 19 and 20, block 8, Moody, \$175.

N. M. McLean to Sam Mangum, part block 8, Moody, \$1,500.

F. E. Spencer et al. to W. G. Lacy, part B. F. Davis survey, \$142,50.

Mrs. A. C. Goodwin to F. W. Starr, 50x150 feet on North Fifteenth street, adjoining H. Mann homestead, \$5,000.

J. C. Anderson et ux. to J. P. Rice, block 5, Moody, \$150.

A. W. Koch et ux. to W. H. Parsons, lot 9, block 39, Highland Place addition, \$2,250.

W. C. Easter et ux. to J. E. Richards, block 2, W. C. Easter addition, Mart, \$2,221.27.

J. H. Morgan et ux. to E. E. T. Lessing, part block 6 and 7, J. J. Weisman & Co.'s addition, Frio, Waco, \$400.

H. A. Brumley et ux. to W. H. Klement, lots 6 and 7, block 46, University Heights addition, \$2,250.

M. M. Munnelly et al. to J. Powers, 60x1

**Mr. Geo. Dole Wadley**  
President Southern States Cotton Corporation Returns From Europe

Announces That All Arrangements Have Been Made to Finance the Cotton for 1913.

Only Remains for the Cotton Grower to Do His Part to Make 15¢ Cotton a Certainty.

The arrival of Mr. George Dole Wadley, president Southern States Cotton Corporation from Europe is an event of unusual importance to the entire South, carrying with it the assurance that all arrangements have been made for financing the cotton under the plan of the corporation. Mr. Wadley stated:

"I found no difficulty in reaching people who were not only able but willing to undertake this business. The point to be settled was the amount of financing which would be necessary. My proposition was that they enter into a firm contract with me on the part of the Southern States Cotton Corporation for financing five hundred thousand bales of cotton, that they were to give me a supplementary paper which would state upon the fulfillment of the contract by the Southern States Cotton Corporation they would then finance any additional amount of cotton on the same terms which the Southern States Cotton Corporation might be able to deliver. This contract was accepted, duly signed by us, and certified to by the American consul."

"After the contract had been signed one of the gentlemen who is party to it stated to me that he believed when the Southern States Cotton Corporation had delivered the five hundred thousand bales of cotton, and that the world knew positively that we were able to finance the cotton in any amount there would be no necessity for any large loans, although these would be prepared to make them, that he believed the security of cotton under the plan of the Southern States Cotton corporation the best collateral for loans of anything he knew."

"As a result of these negotiations I believe that the Southern people can now secure the value for their cotton and it only remains for them to sell to the corporation under the terms of the contract their cotton in any amount. If this is done in sufficient quantities to establish the price of 15 cents per pound, the cotton raisers of the South have in the future nobody to blame but themselves."

**CONTRACT YOUR COTTON—ATTEND THE GREAT CONVENTION, DALLAS, JULY 10-12, and see for yourself the wonderful progress of the plan throughout the South.**

**Reduced Rates on All Railroads. SOUTHERN STATES COTTON CORPORATION, Dallas, Texas.**

**Corrugated Galvanized Steel Tanks, Culverts, Wagon Tanks, Garbage Cans, Etc. Write us for prices.**  
**HARRY BROTHERS COMPANY**  
906 Southwest, Waco Life Bldg., Dallas.

**AUTO TOPS AND SEAT COVERINGS**  
**CLIFTON MFG. CO.**

**McCRARY TRANSFER CO.**  
HEAVY HAULING OF ALL KINDS.  
Office: 223 S. Eighth St. Old 1048.  
new 830.  
"MY BUSINESS IS MOVING."

**ARE YOU READY**  
for the

**Best Buggy Made?**

**Columbus and Moyer Stand at the Top**

**Two Cars Opened Today**

**Sold on Any Kind of Terms**

**Tom Padgett Company**

**Reliable Buggy Dealers**

**Scrofuline KING OF SALVES**  
AT ALL DRUGGISTS  
25c, 50c and \$1.00

## LINDSEY FINDS BIG INSTITUTION

PRESIDENT OF TEXAS FARM LIFE COMMISSION EXPLAINS EUROPE'S WAY.

## HOW FARMERS GET MUCH HELP

Institution at Halle, Germany, Has Established Schools Where Approved Methods Are Taught.

By S. A. Lindsey, Chairman Texas Farm Life Commission, now touring Europe to study farm life and rural credits.)

Halle, Saxony, June 25.—Landwirtschaftskammer is a long word and not easily pronounced by an American. We are in the City of Halle of Saxony, Germany, and I am sure the word is German. The gentleman who said there is nothing in a name I am sure



S. A. LINDSEY,  
President Texas Farm Life Commission

did not know this word, which is the name of an organization here in Saxony. I have spent the day studying this organization and expect to spend tomorrow in the same manner. I wish to be able to make a thorough report of this organization in my report to the Texas Farm Life Commission. A thorough report will cover many pages, possibly ten, but they will be good reading. I heard an interesting lecture today on the Landwirtschaftskammer, the headquarters of which is located at Halle. This lecture is being translated into English and I shall incorporate it in my final report. In the meantime, I wish to give the people of Texas a few points which I jotted down in my note book about this institution. This institution is an agricultural, educational and farm life institution. It is, indeed, the head of all agricultural, educational, co-operative and rural welfare institution in Saxony.

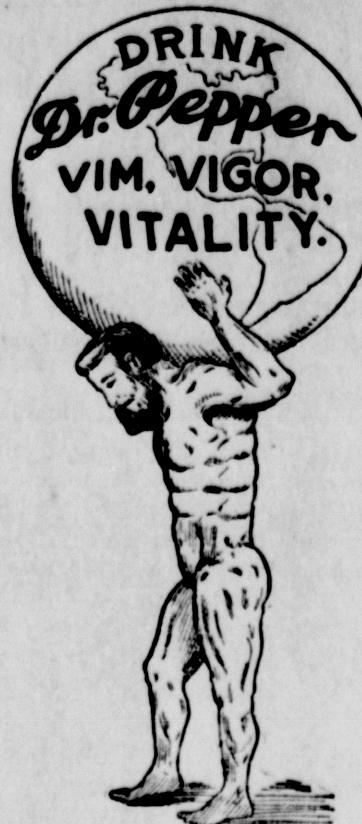
### What It Has Done.

The building in which its business is conducted covers eight acres of ground. It will endeavor a few things this institution performs. It provides the farmers with agricultural and educational facilities. It has established five schools where farmer boys are taught agriculture, and three where farmer girls are taught husbandry; knowing that these girls are to become wives of farmers, they are given a thorough training in household economics, domestic science, and agriculture as practiced here. For it is remembered that at least five out of every seven people we have seen working in the fields are women. I will speak of this at another time, if not later on in this article. At present let me continue the enumeration of the things the Landwirtschaftskammer does. It conducts winter schools in agriculture for farmer boys who are unable to attend one of the five schools already mentioned. It furnishes lectures to farmers' societies, the members of which are required by their own self-imposed rules to attend. It assists co-operative associations of farmers to conduct their affairs, keep up interest therein, and organizes others where needed. It maintains a farm labor bureau. At certain seasons of the year twenty-five thousand more farm laborers are required in Saxony than at other seasons. The winters are long and cold and there is little to do on the farms during this season. Consequently the men take up employment in mines, factories, machine shops, foundries, iron mills, automobile factories, for the smoke stacks of factories and mills cover all Germany. This makes farm labor scarce. If the German farmers were to start to bidding against each other for the little labor that is to be had, they would soon find themselves in the same condition the peach growers of East Texas find themselves at harvest time, namely, spending all the peaches bring on the market for insufficient and inadequate labor. So each farmer files a request with this bureau for the number of hands he will need, giving the date when the employment is to begin. The bureau imports such laborers as cannot be found in Saxony from Poland and supplies the farmers' needs. Thus are both mills and farms run economically and orderly.

### Tests Farm Machinery.

It tests farm machinery which is offered for sale and gives a certificate of all points of merits or demerits. It tests fertilizers and seeds. So valuable have these tests proven that no merchant will undertake the sale of new machinery, fertilizers or seeds without the certificate of this institution. It maintains a correspondence department for advising farmers upon any question he may desire information. It maintains schools of animal industry and of forestry, a law department where all legal matters of members of farmers' organizations are given attention, a farm market bureau, and publishes weekly market reports.

It establishes cold storage plants in convenient localities for the storing of perishable farm products for the time there is no market for them, but to prevent abuse, that is, the cornering of the market, no product is permitted to remain in cold storage longer than three months. This kind of law prevails throughout the empire and it stopped corners on meat, eggs, butter, etc. It acts as the clearing house for



DRINK  
Dr. Pepper  
VIM, VIGOR,  
VITALITY.

IF ATLAS WERE ON EARTH  
HE WOULD RECOMMEND Dr. Pepper  
TRY IT. IT IS LIQUID SUNSHINE.  
IT IS WHAT YOU WANT TO PROMOTE  
STRENGTH.  
Dr. Pepper Co., Waco, Tex.

the rural banks, shifting the funds from one to another so that all needs are supplied and all funds are kept employed, and acts as distributor for all co-operative farmers' associations for the purchase of supplies and sale of such commodities as are sold collectively. If a farmer is going to build a house he applies to the institution which sends an expert architect, ascertains his needs, the money he has to spend, and furnishes to him plans, specifications and correct prices of both labor and materials. Thus are farm houses properly, wisely and economically built.

### Is Legalized by the State.

This institution does many other such things. You may say this is state aid! There you are mistaken. The state has nothing to do with it, and at the same time it has much to do with it. Let me explain. The institution is an organization of the farmers own make, but it has proved so effective that the state contributes \$60,000 annually towards its support and by laws has legalized the organization. The latter part of the nineteenth century kept the ball rolling. The "Imperial Dictionary" contained 200,000 words, and Dr. Funk's "Standard Dictionary" (1894) entered the field with only 50,000 words, and it remained master of the field, even at this modest total, until Noah Webster's came along in 1828, and Worcester's "Comprehensive Pronouncing and Explanatory English Dictionary" in 1830, with 160,000 and 105,000 words respectively.

### High Water Mark.

The latter part of the nineteenth century kept the ball rolling. The "Imperial Dictionary" contained 200,000 words, and Dr. Funk's "Standard Dictionary" (1894) entered the field with only 50,000 words, and it remained master of the field, even at this modest total, until Noah Webster's came along in 1828, and Worcester's "Comprehensive Pronouncing and Explanatory English Dictionary" in 1830, with 160,000 and 105,000 words respectively.

### Starting and Lighting—Self-Contained Electric System.

INTER-STATE AUTOMOBILES.

4 and 6-Cylinder, 2, 5 and 7-Passenger. Ask for Current Catalogue.

Complete Stock of Parts for All Models.

INTER-STATE AUTOMOBILE CO. OF TEXAS.

2031 Commerce St., Dallas, Texas.

Old Phone 218.

## LANGUAGE GROWS 5,000 WORDS YEAR

"COMPLETE ENGLISH DICTIONARY" OF 1616 CONTAINED BUT 5,000 WORDS.

## 450,000 ARE NOW CLASSIFIED

Col. Roosevelt, Gifford Pinchot and Sir Ernest Shackleton Help in Increase.

London, July 12.—Roughly speaking the English language may be said to grow at the rate of 5000 words a year at least, that is the average growth by the measure of dictionaries.

Bullock's "Complete English Dictionary" in 1616, the year of Shakespeare's death, contained 5000 words. Thomas Blount's "Glossographia" (1656) improved on this and was superseded in its turn by Edward Phillips' "New World of English Words" (1658), a small folio containing 12,000 words; and by the time it reached its sixth edition (1766) the number had grown to 20,000 odd.

Johnson's dictionary, published on April 15, 1755, though it improved all predecessors off the face of the earth by the perfection of its system and the soundness and breadth of its reading, contained only 50,000 words, and it remained master of the field, even at this modest total, until Noah Webster's came along in 1828, and Worcester's "Comprehensive Pronouncing and Explanatory English Dictionary" in 1830, with 160,000 and 105,000 words respectively.

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A talk with the editor of this undertaking, Dr. Frank H. Vizetelly, produces another batch of interesting figures in the same connection. There are something like 3500 languages or sub-languages in use upon the globe, and of those the main European languages are spoken by the following number of persons:

English is spoken by 160,000,000.

German is spoken by 130,000,000.

Russian is spoken by 100,000,000.

French is spoken by 70,000,000.

Spanish is spoken by 50,000,000.

Portuguese is spoken by 25,000,000.

"You will bear me in mind," said Dr. Vizetelly, "that though the business and editorial work of the New Standard Dictionary is done in New York, it is English in its sources, if it is American in its energies and system, and the list of its contributors includes all the great specialists in the English intellectual world. By the way, it may interest you to know that among the men who have introduced many new words into the language during the last few years Mr. Roosevelt comes high, and his friend, Dr. Gifford Pinchot, the conservator of forests, comes next; Sir Ernest Shackleton beats them both.

### Americanisms Disappear.

"An interesting point or two which occurs to any one like myself," said Dr. Vizetelly went on, in reply to questions, "is the extent to which American pronunciation is assimilating itself more and more surely with English. Obsolete versions recommended or admitted by Webber like 'advertisement' and 'sofa' (for sofa) are disappearing fast and steadily. Of course there are differences of pronunciation between districts, and Boston and Massachusetts prefer 'glass' and 'baith' in contrast to the short vowel which is used in New York, but then you have the same kind of variance over here in England. And in the case of words like 'vase,' where there are half a dozen pronunciations in English use, we have given them all.

"It is a gratifying thing that Dr. Joyce and Dr. Douglas Hyde have provided me with many fine old English words which have died out except in Ireland, and I am glad to say that America is giving many of them a new lease of life. As for the dictionary itself, it weighs twelve pounds nine ounces, costs \$30 a copy, will appear in September and has cost nearly \$1,500,000 to produce. In short, it is the dearest single volume to produce in the world, and the cheapest to buy considering its contents."

### Shifting Grounds.

(Saturday Evening Post)

A New York judge was hearing a divorce case in which the wife demanded a divorce on the ground of cruelty.

The husband's brother was put on the stand. He swore he had never seen any evidence of cruel and inhuman treatment by his brother.

"Did you ever see a quarrel between them?" he was asked.

"Yes, I saw one once."

"Describe it."

"Well, my brother had been very sick of typhoid fever and he was getting well. The doctor told him he could go out. He called his wife and asked her to get him some clothes."

"I haven't any for you," she told him.

"This is irregular, you know," he'd say, "but it will save your job."

On Vanderlip's assurance that unless he got that story he would starve to death, he took the lake front, Hartigan would give him the points he needed. Years afterward Vanderlip became the president of the National City bank in New York, an institution so massive in its operations that checks for less than a million are paid out of petty cash. Hartigan became a lawyer, went to Manila and made a fortune and returned to Chicago. There he recently organized a bank. The other day he walked in on Vanderlip, having passed the examination of the outer guards. He explained the situation.

"Where are my clothes?" he asked. "I didn't think you would get better," she replied, "and I sold them to the second-hand clothes man."

"I think," said the judge, "that the grounds for divorce in this case shift from wife to husband."

"I haven't any for you," she told him.

"This is irregular, you know," he'd say, "but it will save your job."

Have you placed your order for your hot weather suit?

Don't you know that by placing your order with us now, that you will have it when you need it?

Preparations along this line today will mean no worrying tomorrow.

LOUIS GABERT,  
The Leading Tailor.

Protect your trees with Ottewell's Tree Paint. Cameron & Co. (Advertisement.)

— O —

"TOMORROW'S SUCCESS IS FOUNDED UPON TODAY'S PREPARATION."

Do you know that the very

warmest days will soon be here?

Have you placed your order for your hot weather suit?

Don't you know that by placing

your order with us now, that you

will have it when you need it?

Preparations along this line today

will mean no worrying tomorrow.

LOUIS GABERT,

The Leading Tailor.

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— O —

SOUTHERN WIRE AND IRON CO., DALLAS, TEXAS.

We make all kinds of building supplies, particularly steel, wire, hardware,

## IN COTTON MARKET

WEATHER AND CROP NEWS WAS AGAINST MARKET, BUT THE UNDERTONE IS STRONG.

Market Opens Strong About 2 Points Up—Weather Map Indicates Rain, Affecting Prices.

New York, July 12.—Trade buying of August and early new crop deliveries was about the only feature in a generally very quiet cotton market this morning. A consequent advance of about 1 to 2 points was followed by slight reactions as a result of scattered realization, but the close was steady, net unchanged to 3 points higher.

Reviews of the new crop and the few private advices received during the morning continued favorable. Scattering complaints that high temperatures were checking growth, or of shedding as a result of drought, were about the only unsatisfactory features. It seemed, however, that the optimistic view of the new crop's progress failed to stimulate any selling of consequence and in some quarters rather a more bullish view was expressed of the market on the ground than with speculation limited by legislative uncertainties or confusion over the trade outlook. The supply of contracts would be insufficient to meet the requirements of trade buyers pending a free movement of the new crop. Part of the day's buying was supposed to be based on this theory, and after opening 2 to 3 points higher the market ruled generally steady in the absence of fresh selling. Business was very quiet.

Weekly reviews of the Fall River market indicated increased sales from that point and advices from the northwest reported a continued good demand for textiles, and some of the buyers predicted that the census supply and distribution figures due early next week would show a sharp falling off in domestic mill stocks.

## FUTURES.

## New Orleans.

New Orleans, July 12.—Cotton futures closed steady and unchanged to 2 points up, compared with yesterday: Open, High, Low, Close.

	Open	High	Low	Close
July	12.41	12.44	12.42	12.43
Aug.	11.98	11.99	11.99	11.98
Sept.	11.54	11.55	11.54	11.55
Oct.	11.48	11.51	11.45	11.47
Dec.	11.46	11.49	11.43	11.45
Jan.	11.74	11.49	11.45	11.47
Mar.	11.56	11.56	11.54	11.56

## New York.

New York, July 12.—Cotton futures closed steady. Open, High, Low, Close.

	Open	High	Low	Close
July	12.02	12.10	12.07	12.06@0.07
Aug.	12.06	12.10	12.05	12.06@0.07
Sept.	11.66@0.67	11.66@0.67	11.66@0.67	11.66@0.67
Oct.	11.44	11.45	11.42	11.44@0.45
Nov.	11.34@0.36	11.34@0.36	11.34@0.36	11.34@0.36
Dec.	11.36	11.40	11.34	11.35@0.36
Jan.	11.32	11.35	11.29	11.30@0.31
Feb.	11.40	11.41	11.38	11.38@0.33
Mar.	11.40	11.41	11.38	11.38@0.33

## SPOTS.

## New Orleans.

New Orleans, July 12.—Cotton—Spot quiet and unchanged; middling 12 7-16. Sales on the spot, 164 bales; to arrive, none. Low ordinary, 9 1-16; ordinary, 9%; good ordinary, 11 1-16; strict good ordinary, 11%; low middling, 12; strict low middling, 12 1-2; middling, 12 7-16; strict middling, 12 1-2; good middling, 12 1-2; strict good middling, 13%; middling fair, 12 9-16; middling fair to fair, 13 1-2-16; fair, 14 5-16. Receipts, 235; stock, 25,673.

## New York.

New York, July 12.—Cotton—Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 12 30; middling gulf, 12.35. No sales.

## Memphis.

Memphis, July 12.—Spot cotton steady, unchanged; middling 12 3-4.

## Galveston.

Galveston, July 12.—Spot cotton steady, unchanged; sales 167; stock, f. o. b. none; receipts 647 bales, stock 47,456 bales.

## Houston.

Houston, July 12.—The spot market closed quiet and unchanged; sales 321 bales, f. o. b. 154 bales, stock 38,424 bales, shipments 1,413.

## In Cotton Market.

New York, July 12.—The week-end session in the cotton market was quiet, with only a narrow price movement. Weather and crop news was more against than for the market, but shorts covered over the week-end and their purchases were enough to furnish a very steady undertone. A feature of the day was the auction sale of the second bale of the new crop. It was shipped from San Benito, Tex., to a local firm, was classed middling, 1 inch and one-eighth staple and brought 16¢ a pound.

The market opened quiet, 2 points down to 1 point up, compared with the close of yesterday. Around the call the active months went 2 points over yesterday's close, but later fell off to the lowest levels again on the good weather returns. The demand for short covers was good around the middle of the morning and the market stood 4 points over yesterday's final figures. Late in the morning the market was dull and inclined to sag. The close was unchanged to 2 points up.

## IN THE GRAIN MARKET

WHEAT PRICES GO LOWER THAN AT ANY TIME DURING THIS SEASON.

General Selling by Longs Bears Down Market From Outset—No Evidence of Export Demand.

Chicago, July 12.—Wheat prices fell today to a lower level than had been reached before this season, due largely to excellent rains of advantage to the entire spring crop. The close, which was nearly at the bottom point, showed a loss of 1 1/2 to 1 1/2% off. Corn finished 1 1/2% down, oats off 1 1/2% and provisions 10 cents down to a like advance.

General selling of wheat by longs bore down the market from the outset. Cables were lower and there was no evidence of export demand. About the only demand came from shorts, who were taking profits. Hedging sales due to a large run of winter wheat to market had an increasing bearish effect in the last half of the day. Primary receipts for 24 hours amounted to 1,370,000 bushels against 693,000 a year ago, making the average daily receipts more than a million bushels at the principal terminals for the week. Clearances at seaboard for wheat and flour were only 133,000 bushels.

Sentiment in corn became rapidly bearish as a result of the continued fine weather and the improved outlook for the growing crop. Others unloaded on an extensive scale.

Oats broke with other grain. One house disposed of more than a million bushels.

Action in the provisions pit had a seesaw character because of firmness of the hog market, which conflicted with weakening of cereals.

Open, High, Low, Close.

	Open	High	Low	Close
Wheat	86 1/2	86 1/2	85	85 1/2
Sept.	87 1/2	87 1/2	86 1/2	86 1/2
Dec.	91 1/2	91 1/2	90	90 1/2

Corn—

Open, High, Low, Close.

July ... 59 1/2 59 1/2 58 1/2 59 1/2

Sept. ... 60 1/2 60 1/2 59

Dec. ... 56 1/2 56 1/2 56

Oats—

Open, High, Low, Close.

July ... 37 1/2 37 1/2 37 1/2 37 1/2

Sept. ... 39 1/2 39 1/2 38 1/2 38 1/2

Dec. ... 40 1/2 40 1/2 39 1/2 40 1/2

Pork—

Open, High, Low, Close.

July ... 21.77 1/2 22.00 21.77 1/2 21.85

Sept. ... 21.10 21.17 21.00 21.02 1/2

Lard—

Open, High, Low, Close.

July ... 11.62 1/2 11.65 11.62 1/2 11.65

Sept. ... 11.75 11.77 1/2 11.70 11.72 1/2

Oct. ... 11.82 1/2 11.82 1/2 11.77 1/2 11.77 1/2

Jan. ... 10.70 10.70 10.65 10.65

Ribbs—

Open, High, Low, Close.

July ... 11.65 11.66 11.65

Sept. ... 11.85 11.90 11.75 11.77 1/2

Oct. ... 11.65 11.67 1/2 11.52 1/2 11.52 1/2

Kansas City.

Kansas City, July 12.—Cash wheat.

No. 2 hard new 80¢@80¢, No. 2 red 80 1/2¢@81 1/2¢.

Corn—No. 2 mixed 60¢@60¢, No. 2 white 60¢@60¢.

Oats—No. 2 white 41 1/2¢@41 1/2¢, No. 2 mixed 37 1/2¢@38¢.

Chicago.

Chicago, July 12.—Cash wheat—No. 2 red new 86¢@86¢, No. 2 hard 87 1/2¢, No. 2 hard 88 1/2¢@88 1/2¢, No. 1 northern 91 1/2¢@91 1/2¢, No. 2 northern 90 1/2¢, No. 2 spring 90 1/2¢@91¢, velvet chaff 88 1/2¢@91¢.

Cattle—Receipts 200; steady; beefeves 7.15@7.25, stockers \$5.60@8.00, cows and heifers \$3.80@8.50, calves \$8.50@11.00.

Sheep—Receipts 9,000; strong to 10c higher; native sheep \$4.25@5.50, yearlings 15.65@17.25, native lambs \$6.60@9.40.

Corn—No. 2 60¢@60¢, No. 2 white 61 1/2¢@61 1/2¢, No. 2 yellow 60¢@60¢.

Oats—Standard 40¢@41¢.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, July 12.—Close wheat.

July 87 1/2¢.

Corn—July 60¢, September 59 1/2¢.

Cash Wheat—No. 2 red 84¢@85¢, No. 2 hard 87 1/2¢@89 1/2¢. Corn—No. 2 62¢, No. 2 white 64 1/2¢@65 1/2¢. Oats—No. 2 39 1/2¢.

Hogs—Receipts 1,500; steady; pigs and hogs 7.25@9.15, mixed and butcher stock \$9.05@9.15, good heavy \$9.00@9.10.

Sheep—Receipts 800; steady; lambs \$3.75@4.25, yearlings \$5.00@6.25, ewes \$5.00@5.25, ewes \$5.25@5.45.

Never Sold in Bulk

## IN THE STOCK MARKET

TONE IS DISTINCTLY HARDENED. FEW CHANGES RECORDED AFTER DULLEST DAY.

Market Follows London Level—Private Crop Reports Factor for Strengthening Prices.

New York, July 12.—There was a distinct hardening in tone on the stock exchange today. Otherwise the market presented a few changes from the previous session, which was the dullest in seventeen years. Many traders did not take the trouble to go to the street.

The market at the opening followed the lead of London, where American stocks had been placed on a slightly higher level. A more cheerful feeling abroad was reported and there was some buying here for London account, which helped to give the list an appearance of strength. Canadian Pacific opened 2 points higher and later increased its gains. Bethlehem Steel, New Haven and the petroleum stocks made substantial advances. The stock market leaders, however, moved only fractionally. A factor in strengthening the market was the satisfactory character of private crop reports to the effect that in some sections seriously affected by the drought, rains in the last few days had improved conditions greatly.

Trade reviews for the week told of a more confident feeling, with some increase in business and for future account.

The expected cash loss, amounting to \$758,000, was shown in the average statement of banks reflecting the week's exports of \$5,000,000 gold to France and diminished receipts from the interior. In the actual, however, small gains were shown.

Bonds were steady. Total sales, par value, \$41,000,000. The United States declined 1/2 to 1 point on call for the week.

## LIVESTOCK.

## Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, July 12.—Shippers who favored the Fort Worth market with cattle Saturday were given a genuine treat. All classes were snapped up on first rounds, fair to medium grade stuff being fully steady, while choice steers were 15c to 25c higher. Receipts amounted to 1,500 cattle and 150 calves, most of the supply consisting of Mexican steers and cows. Three cars of good steers brought \$7.60 and Mexican consignments went at a range of \$4.60@5.25. Mexican cows \$2.60@3.60, Mexican bulls \$4.00@4.40 and Mexican calves \$3.25@5.50.

Only two cars or 200 head of hogs arrived, the market being nominal. One load sold at \$8.92.

Nothing was shown in the sheep division.

## Chicago.

Chicago, July 12.—Hogs—Receipts 6,000; 5c@10c higher; bulk sales \$8.90¢, light \$8.85@9.30, mixed \$8.70¢@9.27¢, heavy \$8.50@9.17 1/2¢, rough \$8.50@8.70, pigs \$7.75@8.15.

Cattle—Receipts 200; steady; beefeves 7.15@7.25, stockers \$5.60@8.00, cows and heifers \$3.80@8.50, calves \$8.50@11.00.

Sheep—Receipts 9,000; strong to 10c higher; native sheep \$4.25@5.50, yearlings 15.65@17.25, native lambs \$6.60@9.40.

Pigs—Receipts 800; steady; hams \$3.75@4.25, yearlings

# FREEING THE CAPTIVE APACHES



**Prisoners of War for 27 Years-Only 5 Survivors of War Parties - Chato's Plan When Raiding-Geronimo, Wildest Old Savage in American History.**

**C**ONGRESS has finally cut the bonds that permit those members of the tribe of Geronimo, last of America's fighting Indians, to walk forth free men.

These Apaches who have been held as prisoners of war for twenty-seven years, have been allowed to decide whether they would accept allotments of land in Oklahoma or would return to the Mescalero country in New Mexico, in the region where their ancestors lived and hunted. Of the 261 members of the tribe eighty-six chose to remain in the land where they have lived prisoners for a generation while the remaining two-thirds still heard the call of the land of their fathers. So a portion of the tribe will become landowners and free men in Oklahoma, while freedom for the balance will mean likewise the breathing of the airs of the arid southwest.

This remnant of an Apache tribe which Uncle Sam has been holding as prisoners of war, is by no means the tribe of Indians that he captured twenty-seven years ago. The ravages of time and disease have carried off the older Indians at a much greater rate than they have the younger ones. Many of the original captives were children at the time the tribe was brought East and had in no way participated in the depredations of their fathers. These children have, however, been held prisoners through the twenty-seven years that have intervened. The great mass of the present tribe is made up of them and their children. Probably half of the present tribe has been born in captivity, and is, therefore, suffering punishment for offenses of parents or grandparents that were committed before they came into being.

So it comes to pass that the federal government has been holding as prisoners of war an ever-diminishing tribe of people, very few of whom have ever committed any offense against the government. Those who are best acquainted with these Indians, state that they are unable to



A Princess of the Tribe in Ancestral Costume



Fort Sill



Chato, Leader of Many Apache Raids



Interior of Apache Home

find more than five survivors of the old war parties of Geronimo. If these figures are true there are 256 entirely innocent persons who have thus been kept in captivity. On the basis of the broadest possible interpretation of the guilt of any of these people it must be acknowledged that there is no possibility of more than a very small percentage of them ever having offended against the government. So, in America, in the twentieth century, is to be found a case that is in every way comparable with these conditions which existed in England in the days when Charles Dickens, as a boy, was thrown into a London prison, and there languished, because of debts that were owed by his father.

Of this tribe in its captivity Walter C. Roe, superintendent of a religious Indian mission located at Fort Sill, is the historian. He has lived among the captive Apaches for years and has a personal acquaintance with every one of them. In summing up the story of their lives while forgotten by the government, he says:

"After the Apaches surrendered, which they did in 1886, it was decided to transport them to the East and hold them as prisoners of war. It is interesting to note that other Apaches, some of whom were non-combatants, while a few had actually been scouts for the United States troops, were added to the captive band, so that finally, 407 in number, it was taken to Forts Pickens and Marion, in Florida, but a year later was transferred to Mount Vernon barracks, Alabama.

"For a time things went well. A government appropriation of \$32,500 was wisely expended in settling the members of the band in their new homes and they went to work with a

will. They soon began to acquire a communal herd of cattle, to work their individual fields and make substantial progress. A mission of the Reformed Church cared for their religious well-being and provided instruction for the younger children. The older ones have been sent to the various government schools, where they have acquitted themselves well.

"Had Col. Scott's original plan been carried out, these Indians, as rapidly as feasible, would have received separate holdings; they would have been steadily individualized, would have become self-supporting and finally would have been set free. Unfortunately this wise program was departed from and the grip of military authority tightened rather than relaxed, with the result that the communal rather than the individual welfare was developed, this resulting in turn in loss of initiative, lack of interest, and growing discontent, especially on the part of the rapidly increasing educated element.

"Those who understand the Indian know only too well that discouragement and discontent unnerve him for action and lay him open to the onset of his besetting sins. When he 'wets

a bad heart,' according to his own vernacular, the whole world goes bad with him. This has happened at Fort Sill. These prisoners of war, 'seeing no way out,' as they express it, and chafing under captivity have lost zest even in their own affairs and have become an easy prey to drunkenness, gambling and immorality.

"Furthermore, their captivity was not merely nominal or constructive as is sometimes claimed, but very real, even though they were not in shackles or surrounded by prison walls.

"They had to report day by day to the officer in charge for assignment to work, and although perchance their own little field needed tilling, might be ordered out to 'ride the fence' or to prepare for the branding camp. They might not leave the reservation for more than a few hours without permission, nor enter into business arrangements of their own. No member of another tribe would marry into their captivity, so that they must marry 'in and in,' to the detriment of their offspring.

No home, with even a trifling plot of ground, which they might love and beautify, could be assured to them. To be denied freedom, independence,

love, home—was this not captivity de facto?"

For years this condition prevailed and the government was entirely aware of the injustice of it until liberation finally came with the recent Congress.

Of the original scalp-lifting leaders of the Apaches, the chief, old Geronimo, died two years ago. Up to the time of his death he was still recognized as an unregenerate old pagan and about as tough a proposition as the government ever had to deal with. Of the men who fought with him, there are two of prominence, who still remain as members of the tribe. These are Chato or Flatface, who was a most active leader of raiding parties in the old days. Chato's following mostly found refuge in the Sierra Madre mountains, across the line in Mexico.

From this retreat he and his warriors used to break forth, across the line into Arizona, and make such a whirlwind raid as was almost impossible to stop. They knew every inch of the ground. Their plan was to raid a different ranch each day and thereby secure always fresh mounts. These they would ride to exhaustion for a day and turn them loose. Thus they covered seventy-five miles a day, and no cavalry detachment was able to overtake them. For years this young warrior thus defied the military of two nations.

Notchi, the son of Cochis, and by her the war chief of the Apaches still lives. This war chief had given over his prestige to Geronimo, the medicine chief, in the days of the border warfare, and he always submitted to the domination of that old pagan when the tribe was transplanted. Notchi is a handsome Indian and was a good warrior.

Under Cochis, the father of Notchi, this tribe had fought hither and thither throughout the high mountains of Arizona, New Mexico and that section of old Mexico which borders on these two states. The military had begun in the southwest by using the iron hand in avenging depredations, real and alleged, on the part of those Indians.

After the death of Cochis, his son,



Notchi, Hereditary War Chief of the Captive Tribe

Notchi, had become the hereditary war chief of the Apaches. Notchi had a great deal of the war spirit of his father, but there was a certain medicina chief, Geronimo, who, by the force of his native ability as a medicine man, forced himself to the actual leadership of these depredating Apaches. For a decade previous to 1883, Geronimo and his band had taken refuge in mountain retreats that were almost immune to attack. From these hiding places they had sallied forth from time to time and fallen upon some isolated ranch or other outpost of civilization, had brutally murdered all the whites they found, had seized all available supplies and live stock, and retreated again into the mountains.

First there had come General Crook, who had for ten years faced all the hardships of an inhospitable and unsettled West in fighting these marauding bands of Indians. One party after another had been driven to its lair and practically exterminated. Yet the depredations continued. In the end Crook was withdrawn from the command in Arizona and General Miles took his place. For yet another decade the fighting continued. Finally there was left only Geronimo and his followers. This chief was one of the wildest old savages that American history has ever known. All the force of the American army pitted against his small band required many years to finally bring him to a state of subjugation. When he was in the end forced to surrender, it is maintained by some authorities that there were actually but seventeen of his fighting men who were captured.

But all these imprisoned people are now liberated. Some of the youngsters who were born in Oklahoma will remain there and make themselves permanent homes and live as free men. But for the majority there is the call of the free rolling lands of their far West and the unrestraint of the wild mountains of Arizona and New Mexico.

amount of gold the dredge will produce. This feature of practical certainty is the cause for the popularity of dredge mining today.

The dredges previously described are known as bucket-elevator boats. Another type, termed suction dredges, are also employed. Instead of buckets, these boats use great pumps which suck up the gravel and gold and deliver the product to the riffled tables as in ordinary practice. A number of the suction dredges are employed, but the bucket-elevator type has proven the most successful and consequently is most popular. In California alone there are 64 bucket-elevator dredges operating, and their total annual output runs over \$3,000,000. Gold ships are also operating in Colorado, Montana, Arizona, and other American states, while many more are winning the golden wealth from the placers in Australia, Alaska, Yukon, Siberia, South America and other fields. In Australia and New Zealand they are employed to recover tin as well as gold.

Gold dredging in the frozen fields of the terrible North presents particular difficulty. It is necessary to thaw the ground, and to accomplish this pointed iron pipes are driven deep into the earth and steam introduced. From twelve to twenty of these pipes or steam points are generally required when a fairly large dredge is working, and as the cost is high, only the richest ground can be profitably worked. Steam is supplied by boilers, using wood or crude oil for fuel. The steam pipes thaw the ground well ahead of the dredge and as the ground becomes sufficiently warm the boat is moved close to the deposit and the buckets enabled to work to advantage. In the southern regions, operators are subjected to different, but none-the-less vexing troubles. For here voracious insects not only render life almost unbearable by their savage attacks, but devour the wooden hulls of the boats. Under their hungry assaults the most solidly built boats soon become mere shells, and the machinery breaks through the weakened bottoms of the hulls and falls into the rivers. The ravages of these terrible insects forced operators to employ steel hulls, for many of the placers in the tropics are so rich that the companies active in these fields are determined to win the golden rewards despite the obstacles old Mother Nature has thrown in their pathway. About 400 dredges, varying from the little native gold ships of the Philippines to the monsters of California and the fields of the North, are operating in various sections of the world. And the children of the earth are forcing her to yield the treasures she has for so many centuries hid under her blanket of gravel and snow and frozen moss. The character of the gold ship has changed, but the lure is as strong as when Drake swept the seas and struck terror in the hearts of the pale mariners of Spain.

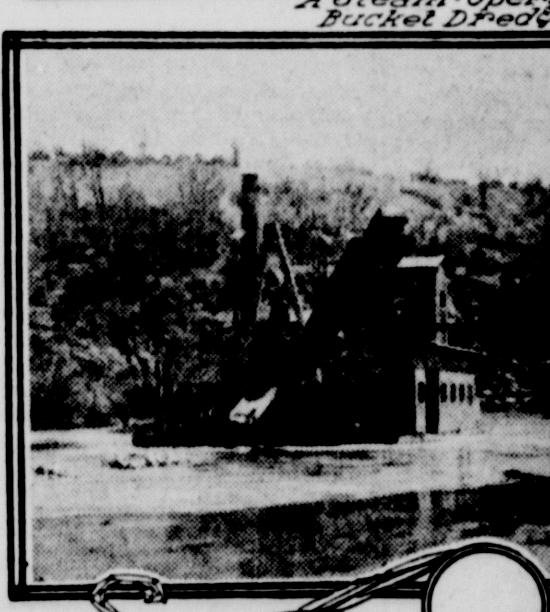
## THE GOLD SHIPS of the PRESENT



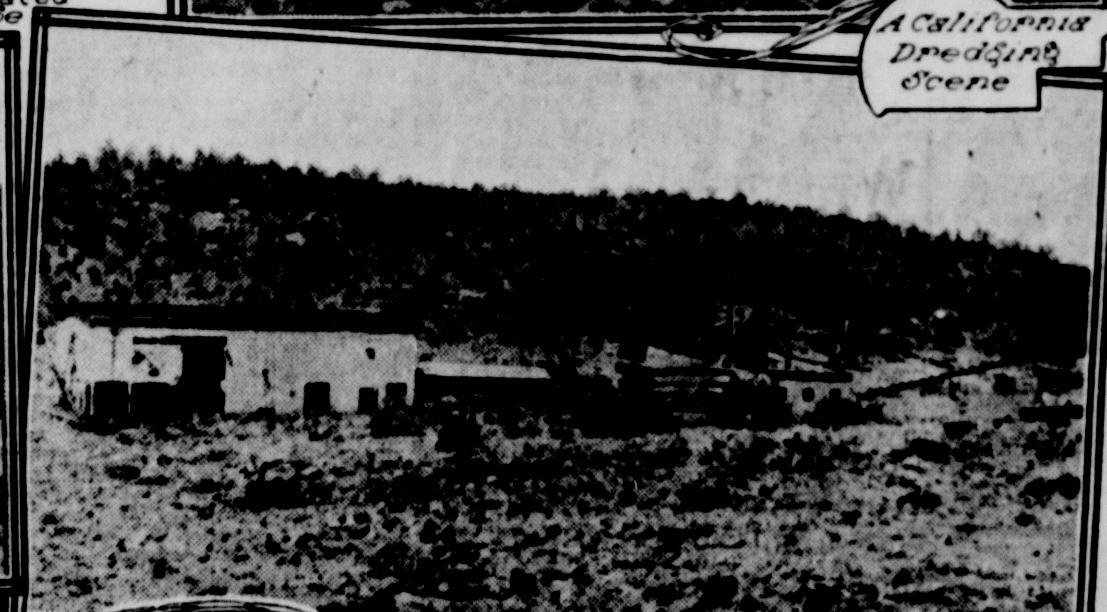
A Steam-Operated Bucket Dredge



California Dredging Scene



Suction Gold Dredge on Sacramento River



Boulders and Cobbles Deposited by Dredges

sand horse-power are required to operate the digging, pumping and operating machinery. All of the equipment is fashioned from the very best steel procurable, high carbon and manganese being used whenever possible. The excavating section of the boat, known as the digging ladder, is capable of reaching down into the ground for a distance of 55 to 55 feet and brings up the gravel from that depth. The ladder carries a close-connected line of steel buckets, each bucket having a capacity of fifteen cubic feet. There are generally ninety of these mammoth buckets to each dredge, and the larger boats easily handle 450 to 650 cubic yards of gravel per hour. As the ground is worked the dredge is constantly moved to a new point of attack until the entire deposit is mined. As these dredges of the larger type cost from \$150,000 to \$300,000 each, care is exercised to install them only at points where thousands of acres of placer ground have been demonstrated.

When the dredge is ready for operations it is moved close up to the gravel bank, the buckets brought in contact with the ground, and the electrical machinery started. The revolving line of buckets speedily eats up the earth, seemingly like some great hungry monster bent on destroying the world. The dredge is built in a pond of water, and as the buckets dig deeper, water minglest with the gravel and aids in the work. When the ground is exceptionally hard to dig, hydraulic monitors are sometimes employed to aid in breaking down the gravel banks, while dynamite may be used to loosen the material and make it more easy for the great buckets to excavate. The loaded buckets move slowly upward on the revolving line and discharge the gravel into a huge metal-lined spout which feeds the material to a great steel screen cylinder. This is constantly revolving and the golden grains and sand drop through the screen holes onto the gold-saving tables, while the gravel, which does not carry value, flows through a series of small flumes, termed sluices, and passes to the waste piles behind the dredge. The gold tables are like large shallow boxes filled with fixed sections of iron arranged to prevent the gold from washing away. The iron hands are termed ripples, and between the angles quicksilver is placed to gather up the precious gold. The sand is being constantly washed along by the water flowing over the tables and flows over the end of the table after the iron ripples have arrested the gold. Swiftly and ruthlessly it performs its allotted task, and when the work is done, all that remains to tell the story is a waste of huge boulders and broken gravel where once flourished fertile farm and garden and vistas of smiling meadows. But the boats have done their work well, for each year records the addition of \$20,000,000 in golden wealth to the coffers of the world. In our own country of America nearly a hundred of the dredges are operating, with more than one-half situated in the Sacramento Valley of California.

The largest type of dredge compares favorably in size and power with many a vessel that ploughs the face of river and sea. The most modern are 150 feet long by 58 feet wide, have 12-foot depths and displace 600 to 800 tons. Most of the hulls are composed of wood, but the later designs are constructed throughout of steel. Electric motors developing over a thou-

sand horsepower are required to operate the digging, pumping and operating machinery. All of the equipment is fashioned from the very best steel procurable, high carbon and manganese being used whenever possible. The excavating section of the boat, known as the digging ladder, is capable of reaching down into the ground for a distance of 55 to 55 feet and brings up the gravel from that depth. The ladder carries a close-connected line of steel buckets, each bucket having a capacity of fifteen cubic feet. There are generally ninety of these mammoth buckets to each dredge, and the larger boats easily handle 450 to 650 cubic yards of gravel per hour. As the ground is worked the dredge is constantly moved to a new point of attack until the entire deposit is mined. As these dredges of the larger type cost from \$150,000 to \$300,000 each, care is exercised to install them only at points where thousands of acres of placer ground have been demonstrated.

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pond, the wire is supported by floats, designed to keep the line out of the water. Unless the cable is prevented from becoming wet and dry alternately it is certain to wear out rapidly. The earning power of a dredge depends on the richness of the ground, size of the boat and other factors, but with all conditions satisfactory it is one of the most certain money-earners ever devised. Before the dredge is built, the ground is thoroughly tested by means of prospect pits and holes sunk with diamond drills. The gravel excavated by these methods is carefully sampled by the engineers, and the average of the various figures indicates the value of the entire estate. Hundreds of pits and holes are usually sunk before dredge work is started, and the engineer is enabled to calculate accurately on the

# GAMBLING IS TOO MUCH FOR KAISER

NEW BILL BEFORE GERMAN PARLIAMENT WILL LEGALIZE BOOKMAKING.

## VISIT PAID ALCOHOL TRUST

Americans Visit German Novelty—Is One of Empire's Great Industries. Increases Use as Fuel.

Berlin, July 12.—The bookmaker and the gambling spirit of the German masses have proved too strong for the supposedly omnipotent German government. A bill soon will be laid before parliament legalizing bookmaking, which has been a criminal offense in this country for thirty years. Incidentally, the bill provides for the collection of a government tax on receipts.

Betting among the masses heretofore has been officially regarded as an unprinted evil, so it was discouraged by the laws against bookmaking. The only wagering permitted was through the official betting machines at the various tracks, from which the government receives a return amounting to one-twelfth of its total receipts. The people insisted, however, on backing their opinions, and an active traffic in secret and illegal poolsrooms and with bookmakers abroad resulted. The pressure for easier ways to wager became so strong that the government capitulated, and will now license a member of bookmakers in each city.

Betting on races in France, Austria and England, as well as in Germany, will be made easy. Bets on races in Germany may be accepted only as fixed odds, not on the odds established by the betting machines at the tracks, in order to prevent competition with the official machines. Only cash bets will be accepted, the minimum wager being five marks, or \$1.25. Bookmakers will pay a tax of six per cent of gross receipts to the government.

### Visit Alcohol Trust.

The American commission now traveling in Europe to study agricultural conditions visited while in Berlin the headquarters of the German Alcohol Trust, where they were told at length of the important role the potato plays in German agriculture. The acreage in potatoes in Germany is very large, the total production being about 1,360,000 bushels. The alcohol industry absorbs 100,000,000 bushels, which produces 89,000,000 gallons of alcohol. From eighty to eighty-five per cent of this total production is in the hands of the trust, which is composed of two separate organizations, one of the distillers and one of the rectifiers. The trust fixes prices for both crude and refined alcohol, markets the product and divides the profits. It has also devoted much attention to increasing the use of alcohol as a fuel and for industrial purposes. It has made a specialty of developing lamps and stoves suited to burning alcohol, and in this way it has succeeded in doubling the fuel consumption in the last fourteen years.

## STUDY CLASSES OPEN

OVER 600 MEMBERS ARE ENROLLED FOR THE INSTRUCTION.

Dr. McConnell of Waco, is arousing most of the interest—Wacoans present.

Palacios, July 12.—Over six hundred members of the Baptist Young People's encampment were enrolled in the various study classes at the first hours this morning. Much interest is centered in the various classes or phases of religious work which is a feature of the assembly. Some of the most prominent men of the denomination are present to lead the classes in those phases of religious thought in which they are recognized authorities.

Practically all of the morning, with the exception of the platform addresses are devoted to the classes which are held in open air pavilions on the bay front. Seven classes are conducted each hour from 8:45 a. m. until 10:25 a. m.

The class that has the largest attendance and is arousing unusual interest is taught by Dr. F. C. McConnell, pastor of the First Baptist church of Waco, on an appreciation of the Bible.

Dr. McConnell is conducting a special study of the book of Genesis. There were three hundred at the first meeting of the class.

Rev. W. E. Foster of Dallas is teaching the class in Sunday school work at the Frost pavilion.

Mrs. A. F. Beddoe, secretary of the Baptist Women Missionary Workers of Texas, is leading the B. W. M. W. conference until the arrival of the president, Mrs. S. P. Davis, of Dallas.

Mrs. J. H. Snow of Dallas, field agent for the Baptist Sanitarium, has in charge the conference for juvenile workers.

Rev. I. J. Van Ness of Nashville, editor of the Baptist Sunday school literature and author of "Training in Church Membership," is teaching a class with his book as a text.

Rev. James R. Magill, field secretary for the State B. Y. P. U., is conducting the B. Y. P. U. training class in the Gambrell pavilion.

Rev. H. H. Muirhead, a former student of Baylor university, and now missionary to São Paulo, Brazil, is giving a course in "Brazilian Sketches." He has as his assistant a native of Brazil.

Rev. E. C. Routh, business manager of the Baptist Standard, is leading a mission course on home mission tasks in Carroll pavilion.

Rev. J. H. Snow, an authority on church finances, is leading a conference on the successful financial management of the church.

Rev. John A. Held of San Marcos, who led one of the large classes on organization of Sunday school classes last year, is scheduled to arrive in a few days and teach the Junior Sunday school course. Mrs. Hunter, a teacher in Baylor Female college, is conducting the class until his arrival.

Miss Rebecca Longmire of Plainview has charge of the class on Junior B. Y. P. U. work.

The majority of the classes will only last from six to eight days and then

The land is a fine truck producing soil, dark, level, sandy loam with clay sub-soil. There is a \$10,000 school house and churches of every denomination in walking distance of this land. Improved farm lands adjoining these 40-acre tracts are held at from \$50 to \$75 per acre.

J. A. McATEE  
Care Waco Butter and Co., 223 5th St.

## What Satisfied Customers Say

I regard this as one of the best purchases I ever made. The land is well worth \$75 per acre, and I, as a poor man, consider myself fortunate in securing land of such value at \$35 per acre, paying a part of it in trade.

C. H. OGLE  
1909 S. 12th Street . . . Waco

# I Can But Repeat Today

What I previously have said about my splendid 40-acre tracts in Milam county, namely, that they simply are ideal for the poor man, and any man of reasonably fair intelligence can become absolutely independent in the course of a few years.

These 40-acre tracts represent just about the last word in truck farms. Their close proximity to adequate shipping facilities, coupled with splendid schools and churches, enhances their value tremendously. In addition to this is the undeniable fact that improved truck farms in this immediate vicinity readily sell for \$150 to \$200 per acre.

## MY PRICE IS \$35.00 PER ACRE

### SELL, TRADE OR EXCHANGE

During the past week I have sold a number of these tracts, and today I am taking down a party of six. I like to do this sort of thing, because a personal inspection of the ground is the most convincing argument I can present to any prospective buyer.

Remember, these tracts are going fast and every day's postponement means a certain loss to you. I am making it possible to escape a paper bag existence and take up the full flour barrel and plenty.

These lands grow practically anything. See me now, before it is too late

### OFFICE:

Royal Hotel  
Waco - Texas

These 40-acre tracts offer the poor man an opportunity to escape the Dollar Demon.

### OFFICE:

Royal Hotel  
Waco - Texas

P. S.—Just about the strongest testimony I can give these splendid 40-acre tracts, independent of the written statements of fortunate buyers herewith printed, is that no man who has visited this desirable property has failed to EITHER BUY OUTRIGHT FOR CASH, OR OFFER AN EXCHANGE OR TRADE DEAL AGREEABLE TO ME AND PROFITABLE TO THEM. This is not a time to hesitate about a good thing; it will be a long time before another such opportunity presents to the poor man. Better see me at once; I can place a fortune within your reach. Grasp it. J. B. WOODY.

other classes on different subjects will be formed.

Waco people registered at the encampment are Mr. and Mrs. Walter T. Davis, W. Roy Christian, Peaksie Johnson, Mrs. J. E. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Aldridge, Rev. F. C. McConnell, Mrs. H. B. McReynold, Miss Evelyn Halbert, Mrs. Mordin Falkner, Mrs. D. A. Kelley, Mrs. Nanette Claire Halbert, Miss Blanca McKenney, Mrs. J. W. Byars, Mrs. A. M. Woodward, Laurence Asbell, E. Carroll Bell, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ford, Isaac W. Rogers.

#### Notice to Water Consumers.

Water rents for the July quarter are now due and payable at the office of the Waco City Waterworks in the city hall. Fifteen days from the first are allowed in which to pay. Please come in before the last day and avoid the rush. After the 15th, remember the penalty.

WACO CITY WATERWORKS.

#### BEDBUG PERIL.

May Carry Blood Diseases and There is Danger.

(Current Literature.)

To the brilliant chemist Verbitski's demonstration that bedbugs transmit blood-borne diseases, Dr. Jacoby Van Vile Manning refers in a medical paper as "the most revolutionary discovery since Pasteur announced the etiology of anthrax." For this illuminating view of the bedbug lightens the gloom which science has founded in regard of the common mode of transmission of acute epidemic disease, like the plague, with which we are threatened.

These experiments were conducted with guinea pigs. The plague culture was enhanced in virulence by passing through several guinea pigs. The bugs used were *Cimex lectularius*, which is the usual domestic parasite. The strong irritation occasioned by its bite is caused by the action of the saliva, which is injected into the wound. A bug never infests but one bite, and does not leave the place until it has filled itself with blood. Its body under these conditions acquires an egg-shaped form. The bedbugs, in series of fifty, were applied to guinea pigs dying of plague, and to an area of skin

Russian engaged in research in the laboratory of the Imperial Institute of Experimental Medicine at St. Petersburg, Verbitski's results were definite, proving that bedbugs fed on animals dying of plague communicated the plague to guinea pigs for five days afterward; fleas fed on animals dying of plague communicated the plague to other animals for three days. Verbitski says in his report:

"These experiments were conducted with guinea pigs. The plague culture was enhanced in virulence by passing through several guinea pigs. The bugs used were *Cimex lectularius*, which is an agent of transmission of bubonic plague was not known to the English-speaking world until Nuttall Quick, professor of biology in the University of Cambridge, published in the special plague number of the Journal of Hygiene a translation of the experiments of D. T. Verbitski,

under the thigh which had previously been shaved. The results definitely proved that the bedbug transmits plague, and that as an agent of such transmission the bedbug is to be more feared than the much dreaded flea of man and animals."

Clothing and bedclothes which are soiled with material from infected insects, obtained either by crushing them or from their feces, can serve during a long time as a source of infection.

The clothing of people who live in dirty unhygienic surroundings is generally covered with spots from crushed bugs and their feces. Formalin vapor is a poor insecticide, especially for bugs. The following study of the insect is from the bulletin, "The Bedbug," of the entomological bureau in Washington, where the importance of the subject is understood:

"The bedbug has accompanied man wherever he has gone. Vessels are almost sure to be infested with it. It is not limited by cold. The presence of the bedbug in a house is not nec-

essarily an indication of neglect, for little as the idea may be relished, this insect may often gain access in spite of all reasonable precautions. It is apt to get into the trunks and satchels of travelers. It migrates from one house to another, sometimes for a period of several months, gaining entrance daily. Migratory apt to take place if the inhabitants of an infested house leave it. With the fallure of their usual source of food the bedbugs pass along walls, water pipes and gutters, and gain entrance to ad-

joining houses.

Railroad Personalities.

Sam Wallace, traveling freight agent for the Frisco, was here yesterday on the fire line. Her badge admitted her inside the fire lines.

General Freight and Passenger Agent Elbert Blair of the Texas Central returned yesterday from Cisco.

Protect your trees with Ottewell's Tree Paint. Cameron & Co. (Advertisement.)

#### WOMAN IS FIRE CHIEF.

Third Assistant at New Rochelle Saves the Ice Houses.

(New Rochelle, N. Y.) Dispatch.

Stella Mayhew attended her first fire yesterday as third assistant chief of the New Rochelle fire department. She was appointed by George W. Floyd, chairman of the board of fire commissioners.

At noon a fire of unknown origin destroyed the stables of the American Ice company. Miss Mayhew donned a waterproof coat and drove her car to the fire. Her badge admitted her inside the fire lines.

The fire was here yesterday on the fire line. At the height of the conflagration she took the trumpet from the hands of Chief James Ross and shouted his commands as he gave them to her. When the firemen learned that their new assistant chief was in command they redoubled their efforts and saved the ice houses and the Lake View hotel, which was threatened.

# REAL ESTATE For SALE RENT TRADE REAL ESTATE

**For Sale—Real Estate.**  
**NATIONAL EXCHANGE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY**  
 REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.

**For Sale—Real Estate.**  
 FOR SALE—Twenty-one houses four blocks from postoffice; three railroad tracks; space for six more houses; largest trackage property in Waco for sale close to center of business. Pays fine dividend on price asked. If no houses were on property the land would be cheap at the price. Ferrow & Ferrow, office Adams Hotel, corner Fourth and Austin.

18,000 ACRES of irrigable land, from one to ten miles from Midland, Tex. This is the newest discovered irrigation belt and promises to be the best of all. I will sell eighty acres or the entire 18,000 acres at \$30 an acre. Henry M. Haff, Owner, Midland, Tex.

FOR SALE—50x165 feet with two-story house rented at \$40; within one block of business houses. Price \$4250. George M. Knebel, 704 Amicable Bldg., phone new 832, old 1185.

FOR SALE—165x270 feet, frontage of 270 feet on S. A. & P. Railway, with good four-room house, room for ten more houses. This is in a white section, where houses rent well. A rare bargain for \$2250. George M. Knebel, 704 Amicable Bldg.

**A FEW OF OUR LISTINGS:**

On North 17th street, lot 110x210 feet, east front, large shade trees.

Nine-room house, six mantels, large front and back porch, two halls, large barn and servant's rooms; one block of car line. This is an ideal location and the price is right; in fact, the lots are worth more than half the price asked for the place. If interested in a place of this kind, see us at once.

Nice terraced lot on North 4th street, east front, 62x165 feet, a good close-in home for some one for \$5,500.

Lot 100x165 feet, on Colcord Ave., six-room cottage, hardwood floors, hot air heating plant, modern in every respect. Price \$5,750.

A beautiful home on Ethel avenue, corner lot, 75x165 feet, east front, \$6,500.

100x165 feet on Sanger avenue, well improved and a bargain at \$7,500.

IF

you want a home in one of the fastest developing sections of the city, with all conveniences, do not fail to let us show you one or more of the many lots we now offer on Provident Heights. The property and the price are both right.

Nice house on Morrow street, just one block from car line. \$2,500, \$500 cash, balance on easy terms.

New five-room cottage in East Waco. \$150 cash, balance \$15.00 per month.

3 excellent lots on Austin avenue, \$1,100 each. This is a good buy for some one.

An extra fine corner on Elm street, two-story brick, now bringing good revenue. Price \$16,000.

WE HAVE LISTED WITH US A MOST DESIRABLE PIECE OF PROPERTY WHICH THE OWNER WISHES TO TRADE FOR STOCK IN NATIONAL EXCHANGE INSURANCE & TRUST CO.

250 feet fronting on M. K. & T. Ry. Co. and 250 feet on Cotton Belt, thus giving access to all roads entering the city, at only \$80.00 per front foot.

100 feet on Mary street at \$50.00 per foot. This is an excellent opportunity to make some money, for this property is right in line for advancement.

\$25,000 buys 90 feet on Mary street, between Second and Fourth. This property is only on the market for 10 days at this price.

One of the best factory sites in the city. Located in East Waco, fronting 1284 feet on M. K. & T. Ry. and 1246 feet on Cotton Belt Ry. This property can be purchased at the small figure of \$12.50 per front foot, or about 1-6 of the price asked for any other trackage on this side of the river.

We have just listed 20,000 acres of East Texas lands, located in Leon, Houston, Robinson and Freestone counties. This land has been appraised by one of Waco's most conservative buyers at from \$6.00 to \$25 an acre. If interested in this fast developing section, call on us for full particulars.

A fine proposition on an ideal tract for subdividing into small farms is the 700 acres we are offering for the next few days at from \$75.00 to \$100 per acre. This land is only 15 miles from Waco and is conveniently located to two other railroad markets.

**IT WILL PAY YOU TO SEE US BEFORE PURCHASING.**

For quick sales list your lands with us. Large and small investors given equal attention.

**For Sale—Real Estate.**

## "You Should Worry"

### CLASSIFIED RATES

1 Per Word One Time.  
 2c Per Word Three Times.  
 4c Per Word Seven Times.  
 10c Per Word Thirty Times.

Very little about that vacant room. All you have to do is to phone 1132, News Classified Ad Department, place your little "For Rent" ad in the proper column; Bing! Your room will be RENTED RIGHT NOW. COST? Only 25c for 12 words 3 times.

"LET THE NEWS ADS DO YOUR WORK."

Nearly everybody in and around and about Waco

**READS THE NEWS PHONE 1132**

**For Sale—Real Estate.**

**For Sale—Real Estate.**

**For Sale—Real Estate.**

### South Eighth Street

BETWEEN THE NEW HOTEL AND THE KATY DEPOT, IS THE SCENE OF GREATER BUILDING ACTIVITY THAN ANY OTHER STREET IN THE BUSINESS SECTION OF WACO. WE OFFER FOR QUICK SALE A LOT 50x100 BETWEEN MARY AND JACKSON, WHICH WE CONSIDER A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT. SEE US AT ONCE.

MOORE & MOORE,  
 REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

TERMS—Bountiful cotton and feed crops are assured in the Bishop country by the splendid rains. Farmers who are cultivating their lands for the second and third years, are counting on a bale to the acre, if present prospects continue. The farmers who are building up this rich section are, with few exceptions, experienced Texas black land farmers, who have come from Central and North Texas, to take part in development of this territory and reap good profits from their industry.

Here they have bought land at reasonable prices, as others are doing, with SIX PER CENT INTEREST on their deferred payments, and the land is turned over to them broken ready for cultivation. Another feature: On sales made at this time, after the first cash payment is made, no other payment is to be made until November 1, 1915. After that date payments are made annually and run until November 1, 1925.

All notes are made payable "ON OR BEFORE" so that the purchaser can take them up in whole or in part, as he may be able or inclined.

It is no exaggeration or misrepresentation to say that the amount now being paid as rent by many farmers will practically take care of deferred payments on Bishop land, after the first payment is made.

The city of Bishop, only three years old, has a population approximating 2,000; it is the center of this rich black land farming section, which has been christened "THE BISHOP COUNTRY," and already has magnificent schools, a complete modern sewerage system, graded streets, cement sidewalks, a splendid hotel and more than 200 miles of good roads leading along all section lines and making the city easily accessible to the thrifty farmers who live along the roads. Bishop has an abundant and pure artesian water supply, good churches and all the advantages, even more, than are possessed by many cities of 10,000 population.

Full and reliable information about both country and city can be had by writing or call in person.

F. Z. BISHOP, Bishop, Texas.

1. \$1,000 will buy four lots near the new school in Farwell Heights. These lots are a bargain at this price and will sell soon; better hurry for a look at them.

2. We have a dandy little 5 room bungalow, located on south front corner lot, in the northwest part of town, which we are offering for a short time at \$2,500, on good terms.

3. We have some good city lots which we are offering to exchange for farm land near Waco. Phone us what you have to offer.

4. \$2,500 is the special price for a two-story, 6-room house near car line in south part; all conveniences, good terms.

WILIE & CARPENTER,  
 963 Amicable Bldg. Phones 2223.

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WILIE & CARPENTER,<

## Special Notices.

## LOOSE TEETH

CAN be tightened; write or call on Dr. Luzzi for proof. Prism Building, Waco, Texas.

MARRY RICH—Hundreds wealthy members; anxious to marry; description free. Mission Unity (29), San Francisco, Cal.

**WAGONS AND BUGGIES.**  
For Sale—We carry both rebuilt and new stock in delivery and dairy wagons. Our rebuilt wagons and buggies are splendid values for the price, while our new stock in quality, finish and prices cannot be surpassed in Central Texas. Automobile and buggy partying is our specialty. High class blacksmithing and horseshoeing.

WACO WAGON CO.  
211 S. 7th St. Old phone 353, new 730.

ANY Photo or tintype enlarged free for advertising purposes at Lone Star Studio, 419½ Austin St.

ICE CREAM social to be given by the Ladies' Aid of the German Evangelic Zion church, South Eighth St., Wednesday, July 16, 1913. Public cordially invited.

REMEMBER WHITE CITY on your evening drives; cold drinks, cream and iced motions; all kinds of refreshments, first class groceries. W. C. Hadley.

IF IT IS made of wood, we can make it. Screen doors and windows to specialty. James B. Smith, old phone 369.

NOTICE to all furniture dealers: I make a specialty of resilvering mirrors; all work first class and prompt delivery. I pay the freight. Wm. Hill, 1603 Congress avenue, Houston, Texas.

WANTED—Your order for hauling your goods, moving your safe, machinery or building material. Hunter Transfer Co.

WANTED—To do your lead water connections on Columbus st. also any other plumbing you may have anywhere. Flood Plumbing Co., 121 S. 8th st.

THE experience and practice is behind the "Boss" who looks after the shoeing. Pat F. Hopkins, 115 S. 8th St., phones 871.

"THE BEST" in all kinds of repairing, painting, trimming and shoeing at Pat Hopkins' Shop on South Eighth street, phones 871.

ALL doubts removed as to the quality and style of the job when painted at Pat Hopkins' Shop on South 8th St. both phones 871.

If IT'S "quality" you want, "Uncle Pat's" shop on South Eighth street is the place to get it. Pat F. Hopkins, 115 South Eighth St., both phones 871.

IF YOU want a way yonder the quickest and best in bookkeeping, banking and shorthand, a fine course in telegraphy, attend Hill's Business College. Open day and night.

IF YOUR shoes pinch your feet you don't like to run, neither does your horse. Uncle Pat fits 'em up right. Pat F. Hopkins, 115 South Eighth St. both phones 871.

## Trade or Exchange.

FOR EXCHANGE—1600 acres of good land in Falls and McLennan counties. Will trade for city property. Will consider as much as \$50,000 in trade. J. Frank Elder, 117 N. Fifth street, Waco, Texas. New phone 796.

TRADE AUTOMOBILE in one of the nicest little places on N. Thirteenth St.; corner lot; 5-room bungalow; all conveniences; fine shade trees; neighborhood desirable; pretty lawn, flowers and good barn; will take automobile for first payment. C. C. Shumway & Co., 102 S. 5th St. Phones 776.

TO EXCHANGE for good auto, good rent house. J. B. Woody, 117 S. 5th St.

TO EXCHANGE for horse and buggy; good lot in South Waco, 72x165 feet; price 1900. J. B. Woody, 117 S. 5th St.

FOR TRADE—40-horsepower Overland; good condition. J. B. Woody, 117 S. 5th St.

TO EXCHANGE—10 acre truck farm, 2½ miles from Waco, for good residence. J. B. Woody, 117 S. 5th St.

TO EXCHANGE for Waco property, a gin plant that will clear \$3000 this year. J. B. Woody, 117 S. 5th St.

TO EXCHANGE for small home, 40-acre truck farm in Milam county. J. B. Woody, 117 S. 5th St.

WILL trade good real estate or auto for Amicable or Southern Union stock. P. O. Box 242.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen.

LOST—Lady's nose glasses with chain and stick pin attached in front of Hotel Navigator. Return to Hotel Navigator.

LOST—Small hand bag ten miles north of Waco on Dallas road containing three pairs of shoes, etc. Reward offered for return to Miss T. Milner, Midlothian, Tex.

LOST—Service letter of J. L. Haywood. Finder return to News office and receive reward.

STOLEN—Horse and top buggy from the hitch rack at Waco, Texas, June 27, 1913. Dark bay horse, about 15 hands and one inch high, weighs about 850 to 1000 pounds, has broad white stripe running from his eyes to the point of his nose, this stripe is a little wider than usually seen making the horse noticeable, has one white hind foot, foretop cut out, was in good shape when taken. The buggy is a steel top buggy about half worn, the horse had an open bridle. Will pay \$25 for any information leading to the arrest of thief and return of horse and buggy. S. S. Fleming, Sheriff, Waco, Tex.

Typewriters and Supplies.

UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO. The machine you will eventually buy. Phones—Old 168, new 1654, 115 South Fifth.

SPECIAL BARGAINS in Oliver, Underwoods, Fox Visible, Royal, etc. Easy Payments. Address HIXON & MORRISON, Smith Premier Agency, 303 Fannin St., HOUSTON, TEXAS.

## Help Wanted—Male.

WANTED, AT ONCE—1,000 LIVE MEN, WHO ARE WILLING TO EARN BIG INCOMES.

The Southern States Cotton Corporation offers an exceptional opportunity to an unlimited number of live, aggressive men in every section of the south. Contracting cotton at 15¢ per pound, guaranteed, present crop, is the proposition that makes an instant appeal to every cotton planter, getting his attention and interest, 100 to 500 bales is not out of the ordinary for a day's work. The commission is 10¢ per bale, figure what it means. Territory being rapidly allotted. Write today for full information and become identified with the greatest industrial plan ever inaugurated in the south. Southern States Cotton Corporation, Linz Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

ICE CREAM social to be given by the Ladies' Aid of the German Evangelic Zion church, South Eighth St., Wednesday, July 16, 1913. Public cordially invited.

REMEMBER WHITE CITY on your evening drives; cold drinks, cream and iced motions; all kinds of refreshments, first class groceries. W. C. Hadley.

IF IT IS made of wood, we can make it. Screen doors and windows to specialty. James B. Smith, old phone 369.

NOTICE to all furniture dealers: I make a specialty of resilvering mirrors; all work first class and prompt delivery. I pay the freight. Wm. Hill, 1603 Congress avenue, Houston, Texas.

WANTED—Your order for hauling your goods, moving your safe, machinery or building material. Hunter Transfer Co.

WANTED—To do your lead water connections on Columbus st. also any other plumbing you may have anywhere. Flood Plumbing Co., 121 S. 8th st.

THE experience and practice is behind the "Boss" who looks after the shoeing. Pat F. Hopkins, 115 S. 8th St., phones 871.

YOUR calls for hauling will be answered day or night; day calls, new 418, old 417; night, new 2684, old 1102. Hunter Transfer Co.

WANTED—Two neat appearing young men to work on trains; good pay. Apply the Union News Co., Katy depot.

Help Wanted—Female.

WANTED—Young ladies to learn telephone business. Apply to Traffic Superintendent, Brazos Valley Telegraph and Telephone Co.

WANTED—Settled middle-aged woman for general housework. Ring 894.

Situations Wanted.

BOOKKEEPER desires position in city; eight years' experience in keeping and auditing accounts. XYZ care Waco Morning News.

WANTED—Settled middle-aged woman for general housework. Ring 894.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WE OFFER sixty shares Amicable Life and 15 shares Lumbermen's Security and Trust Co. List your securities with us. The New Exchange, 1404 Amicable.

TRAVELING salesman, making Central Texas, wants specialties of all kinds to be sold to retail trade. W. U. care Morning News.

WE OFFER sixty shares Amicable Life and 15 shares Lumbermen's Security and Trust Co. List your securities with us. The New Exchange, 1404 Amicable.

WANTED—Second-hand 12 or 16-inch electric desk fan. New phone 358.

WANTED—To do your plain and fancy sewing. 530 N. Fourth St. Old phone 2134.

HUNTER Transfer Co. is equipped to handle all classes of hauling at reasonable prices. Tel. new 418, old 317. Night calls, telephones, new 2684, old 1102. Office 205 N. Fifth.

WANTED TO BUY—NICE CLEAN SOFT RAGS. WILL PAY A GOOD PRICE FOR SAME AND TAKE ALL THAT WE CAN GET. RAGS MUST BE CLEAN. CALL NEWS OFFICE, PHONE 1132, AND ASK ABOUT PARTICULARS.

Medical.

LADIES—When delayed or irregular use Triumph Pills; always dependable. "Relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis.

WANT SCRATCH and my awake at night suffering with any skin disease when you can get a medicine from the Bitting Eczema Remedy Company of Mexia, Texas, that will cure you.

DO YOU suffer from Eczema, Piles or Dandruff? If so write the Bitting Eczema Remedy Co., Mexia, Texas.

BANISH those ugly wrinkles and fool Father Time. You can do it easily by using our wrinkle treatment; wrinkles, fine lines, crow's feet, etc., melt away like snow on a sunny day; no steaming, no cupping, no vibrators or plasters—just a simple safe, home remedy; guaranteed to banish wrinkles or it won't cost you a cent. Write for free particulars. The Superior Company, 1204 Houston ave., Houston, Texas. Dept. 5.

Rooms and Board.

WANTED—Four men to board with private family and occupy two nicely furnished rooms; close in: 201 South Eleventh.

FIRST CLASS room and board; also table board. New phone 2102, old phone 2356.

ROOM AND BOARD—One large room, also small one, in private family. Hot bath. Table board a specialty. 2881 S. W. phone, 1928 North 5th street.

Motorcycles, Bicycles and Supplies.

MOTORCYCLES, tricycles, bicycles, keys and rubber tires. Write for catalogues and prices. Dallas Rubber and Cycle Co., Dallas, Tex.

Typewriters and Supplies.

SPECIAL BARGAINS in Oliver, Underwoods, Fox Visible, Royal, etc. Easy Payments. Address HIXON & MORRISON, Smith Premier Agency, 303 Fannin St., HOUSTON, TEXAS.

## How to Avoid Typhoid; Advice of Dr. F. J. Slataper

In view of the fact that there are quite a number of typhoid fever cases in Waco, the following, from Dr. F. J. Slataper, city bacteriologist at Houston, will be of interest:

The best protection to prevent contracting typhoid fever is the thorough disinfection of the discharge from the bowels, bladder, nose and mouth. Every case of typhoid fever is due to somebody's carelessness. Any death, in other words, from this disease is due to a type of carelessness which lawyers would call "criminal negligence."

Do not drink water of doubtful purity until it has been boiled or filtered. The observance of this precaution will result in the saving of many lives and the prevention of much sickness.

Do not eat raw vegetables if you can avoid it which have been washed in water of doubtful purity. Wash them again in water that you know is pure.

Do not depend upon the protection of the household filter. The ordinary faucet filter is worthless. A filter of stone or charcoal is dangerous unless cleaned daily. By no means use a filter until it has been endorsed by some well-known bacteriologist.

Beware of well water unless you are certain of its purity. Hideous death is often concealed in the "old broken bucket" and the chain pump of today.

Avoid receptacles from which the typhoid fever patient has been served. Avoid water on or near premises on which there is, or has been recently, a case of typhoid.

Do not, if you can avoid it, use im-

pure water for toilet purposes. Typhoid fever has been transmitted by washing the teeth or gargling with contaminated water.

Avoid the public drinking cup. An epidemic of typhoid fever in Illinois resulted from the passing of a jug of water from man to man among a threshing gang. One of the men had been "feeling badly" for some days prior to this and later developed typhoid. Many of the other men developed typhoid.

Typhoid fever germs grow more rapidly in milk than in any other food found on the dining table. An epidemic of typhoid fever sometimes can be traced by the milk route.

Never drink milk from a dairy where it is known that some of the employees or members of their families are "down with fever" until you know that it is not typhoid.

Any food exposed to flies might have been "planted" with typhoid germs. Always avoid eating food that has thus been exposed.

Be careful to avoid kissing a person, living or dead, who has typhoid infection. Relatives of the dead often do this. It seems hard that a relative should bury her dead without the last kiss. Such relative, however, is not only endangering herself, but her entire family and the entire community. When it is a question between the living and the dead, there should be an exhibition of sentiment for the protection of the living.

Keep your home in a sanitary condition. Pure water, good sewerage and a screened dining room and kitchen will help keep off typhoid fever.

each electorate of a majority of the states.

The Chandler plan permits the alternative of amendment propositions by a majority of both houses of congress or by one-fourth of the states acting through their legislatures or by direct popular vote, if the constitution convention plan be not chosen in preference. But the final ratification or rejection is to be by the electorate of the entire country.

New York and other states have constitutional conventions fixed for every so many years. Because of the knowledge that such conventions are to be held conditions considered onerous under the constitution as it exists are with a greater degree of patience until the time when there will be a certain opportunity of remedying them.

The Chandler suggestion for a discussion every thirty years and easier means of bringing out the temper of the people on proposed changes is already looked upon as a step well in advance toward reform in the operation of the national political machine.

Great Men and Their Parents. (Popular Science Monthly.)

About half of all the greatest rulers have been the descendants of comparatively mediocre ancestors; the other half have been the direct and immediate descendants of those as great or nearly as great as themselves. In other words, the vast hordes (say 99 per cent of the whole) is no more likely to produce a man of genius than is

exaggerated one. The high percentages among illustrious men in this country—as high, in fact, as it is in Europe, is a very suggestive point. Opportunities are supposed to be freer in America, and social lines less strictly drawn. We should certainly expect to find in this country notable names less often running in families; unless, of course, the eugenist's theory that it is nearly all a matter of heredity be indeed correct. At any rate, our much-vaunted American equality, like, and opportunity have done nothing to make distinction in this country any less of a "family affair" than in the older civilizations of Europe.

Thus we see why men like Lincoln and Franklin, who spring from the great reservoir of the commonwealth, do not in the least upset one's belief in heredity, provided they do not occur very frequently. For they are the happy combinations of qualities derived from maternal and paternal sources. All this does not deny that in some ways environment and, possibly, free will play a measurable role in the determination of human fate, but it does suggest that the reliance which has been so freely bestowed on these social, institutional and metaphysical forces has been an

exaggeration.

Protect your trees with Ottwell's Tree Paint. Cameron & Co. (Advertisement.)

## Owner to the Bat!

## Don't Strike Out!

Our listings for the week beginning July 21 will be published in the Morning News of Sunday, July 20. It certainly will pay you to bear this in mind and to look carefully into these offerings.

If you want to get results on your realty holdings

## Get Busy With Busy People

We are losing business daily on account of not having just what the people want. Who knows but that the property you want to sell isn't just what other folk are looking for. At any rate, give us a trial. We are the easiest problem in Waco to deal with.

## THOMPSON &amp; CO.

New Phone 493

414 Franklin Street.



St. Louis and Return ... \$30.15  
Kansas City and Return ... \$23.35  
Chicago and Return ... \$39.85  
New York and Return ... \$59.30

# Dr. Pepper

STANDS ALONE ON THE BRIDGE  
DEFENDING YOUR CHILDREN AGAINST  
AN ARMY OF CAFFEINE-DOPED BEVERAGES



AS THE GREAT HORATIUS DEFENDED ROME.  
— DRINK DR. PEPPER —  
The Dr. Pepper Co. Waco, Tex.

## SELL FALSE COIN FOR DOUBLE SUM

CHINKS INVADE THIBET WITH  
MUCH MONEY OF NO WORTH.  
PATRIOTISM AND THRIFT.

## DUKE BORIS SUES FOR LIBEL

Charges Magazine With Untruthfulness  
in Russo-Jap War Story.  
Will Take Stand.

London, July 12.—A Chinese invasion of Tibet by a large army is in progress, according to private advices reaching London, the main purpose of which is to sell to the simple-minded Tibetans a counterfeit Indian rupee for 32 cents that costs only 16 cents to manufacture. Troops laden with these false coins have been sent across the border by the governor of Szechuan, but the Peking government has nothing to do

with the expedition, and apparently does not know about it.

The Szechuan mandarins evidently are not interested in conquest. The Indian rupee has long been recognized as money by the Tibetans. Its face value is about 32 cents, while its silver value is 16 cents. An inspiration seized the governor of Szechuan that rupees might be made at the Cheng-tu mint for 16 cents and worked off on the innocent people of Tibet at their nominal value. Hence the Szechuan troops are conveying great loads of Cheng-tu-made rupees with them.

The governor mixes patriotism with thrift. While the coins are made to resemble genuine Indian rupees in size and general appearance, the presentation of a Chinaman under a mandarin hat is substituted for the head of King George. Just who the Chinaman is has not yet been learned.

The Russian Grand Duke, Boris, proposes to follow the example of King George and Colonel Roosevelt by bringing his detractors into court. Attorneys for the Grand Duke have given notice of a libel suit against an American magazine which has a wide circulation in England.

The article which the magazine published described the Grand Duke's career in Manchuria during the Russo-Japanese war as a lurid episode, and said that General Kuropatkin sent him back to Russia. The case is to be tried in London, if it comes to trial, and lawyers are trying to gather evidence here now.

The Grand Duke himself and General

Kuropatkin seem to be the ones most competent to testify whether General Kuropatkin sent Boris away from the army. If the famous member of the Romanoff family and the Commander-in-Chief of the Russian armies in Manchuria take the witness stand they will provide an interesting episode for the British metropolis.

### Finds White Cricket.

Austin, July 12.—J. W. Neill, of the department of agriculture, has returned from a trip through Central and Southwest Texas. He covered Stonewall and Runnels counties and the Fort Stockton district and reports that the benefits of irrigation are already being felt extensively, although the farmers have not as yet learned to conserve and handle the water to the best advantages. He also stated that there was evidence of water shortage in many places, although the loss had not proved any great hardship as yet.

In Stonewall county Mr. Neill found evidence of the white cricket, a pest which destroys cotton particularly. Mr. Neill found one farmer whose crop had been destroyed twice by the pest. He succeeded in obtaining some specimens, which will be submitted to State Entomologist Scholl upon his return. The grasshopper pest has also done some damage, but is being handled very nicely by the farmers.

Prospects in that vicinity are excellent for cotton, said Mr. Neill, although the alfalfa and grape crops are the largest ones at this time. The grape crop will be unusually large and of fine quality, stated Mr. Neill.

### BIDS WANTED.

Bids will be asked for City Hall building for city of Calvert, Texas. Plans and specifications can be had at office of City Secretary, Calvert, Texas, and Edw. H. Reed, architect, 1903 Ambrose Building, Waco, Texas, upon deposit of \$10.00 for their safe return. All bids must be accompanied by certified check of \$1,000.00 and will be accepted not later than 12 o'clock noon, July 22, 1913, at Calvert, Texas. (Advertisement.)

FRED STUDER CO.  
Jeweler and Optician.  
507 Austin St.

PHONES 1849

## KING DISREGARDS ALL CEREMONIALS

CHRISTIAN X, AS A DEMOCRAT,  
COMPARED TO PRESIDENT  
WILSON.

## INVITES FRIENDS TO PALACE

Tells 'Em Not to Bother About Spike  
Tailed Clothes—Move on to Pre-  
vent Mixing of Sexes.

Copenhagen, July 12.—King Christian X is becoming so noted for his disregard of court ceremonial and precedent that he is being constantly compared to President Wilson.

To prevent towns from incurring the expense of festival decorations, big banquets and the usual formalities incident to the visits of royalty, the King keeps secret the itineraries of his frequent cruises and lands at a town without informing the authorities of his arrival. Formal court affairs are limited, so far as possible, and he is very fond of receiving his friends like an ordinary citizen.

Lately he invited fifty of his old schoolmates to the palace and, knowing that some of them were coming from a distance, he requested them not to go to the trouble of wearing evening dress. After a reception attended by the queen, from which all ceremony was banished, the ladies of the party retired and the men gathered about an enormous punch bowl. The sort of celebration dear to the heart of the Danish student was then held. The king added creatively to the spirit of the evening by his humorous speeches, delivered in the student manner.

### No Mixing of Sexes.

While England is engaged in removing restrictions against mixed bathing plan was tried last year when an ar-

at her seaside resorts, a certain group in Denmark is seeking to restrict the mixing of the sexes in the surf of this country. Advocates of mixed bathing declare that the movement is engendered by certain elderly prudes, who, having lost the savor of life, are seeking to deprive others of legitimate pleasures. At any rate, the movement is not showing any great force, and family parties will probably continue to deport in the waves without feeling the heavy hand of the law.

### Dowager Queen to Buy Car.

A ride in the luxurious automobile of American Consul-General Winslow has converted Dowager Queen Louise from a bitter opponent of the motor car into one of its strongest adherents. The aged queen has ordered her carriage and pair replaced by a car of the same type as that used by the American consul. The present king and queen have been enthusiastic motorists for some time past, but the dowager queen and the rest of the court proved less easy to convert, and until lately have been content to drive behind their blooded horses.

### Would Follow America.

Miss Agga Andrup, a Danish journalist who has spent many years in America, is conducting a campaign in Denmark to encourage people to furnish and equip their homes in the American fashion. She is lecturing on the subject throughout the country, advising householders to do away with their many curtains and draperies which prevent light and air from getting into the houses. She also advises householders to make the same practical use of electricity as is made in America.

### Special Articles for Kiddies.

Austin, July 12.—R. P. Babcock, state registrar of vital statistics, has announced that a feature of the monthly bulletin to be issued this month will be special articles for the children. It is the intention of the department to mail this bulletin, containing an extended article on "negligence for girls" to the parents of more than 8,000 children in the state, ranging in the neighborhood of twelve years of age.

With the bulletin is sent a letter requesting the parents to read the article, consider it carefully and then explain to the children. This same

ticle written in the same nature for boys was sent out, and unsolicited, over three thousand replies were received by the department for the benefit parents believed might be derived from such a course.

The department has managed as nearly as possible to obtain a correct list of all the girls of twelve years from the records of the department of education, several clerks having worked for weeks to compile the list.

### Centipede Stampedes Force.

Austin, July 12.—Excitement reigned in the office of the chief clerk of insurance and banking this morning, when a huge centipede "stampeded" into sight from underneath a filling cabinet and proceeded nonchalantly to cross the floor directly towards Actuary John Higdon. Mr. Higdon was equal to the emergency and planted a No. 11½ shot across the head of the monster.

When measured the centipede proved to be seven inches in length and was of the man-eating variety. Although actual measurements were taken, Chief Clerk Johnson and the assistant actuary protest that the reptile was ten feet long. Clerk Hudson, who discovered the reptile, contends that it bore no less than a million legs. This centipede is one of a number that have been discovered during the past week in the capital. Several have been killed in the rotunda that have measured from six to ten inches in length and there is wonderment as to where they are coming from.

## STATE MEETS MANY WARRANTS

Can Now Pay Up to Number 27,000  
Deficiency Amounts to About  
\$1,000,000.

Austin, July 12.—State Treasurer M. Edwards today announced that the department could meet all warrants on No. 27,000, representing a total of \$161,000.

This is the fifth call since the state went on a deficiency basis and makes a total of \$600,557 paid out in the time.

The deficiency in general revenue when the legislature meets on Jan. 21 will amount to about \$1,000,000. The deficiency today after the warrants on the fifth call had been deducted amounted to \$600,512. The penitentiary payroll, which falls between \$75,000 and \$80,000 will be drawn within a few days.

*Philadelphia Summer Fails.*  
Boston, July 12.—Charles De Borro of Philadelphia failed today in his attempt to swim from Charlestown Bridge to Boston Lighthouse and return, a distance of twenty-four miles. The water was so rough and cold the De Borro was forced to quit after covering a little more than half the distance. He was in the water more than four hours.

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## NOTICE

Short July 15, we will remove our Retail Store and Offices to the Heron building on Alamo, near Sixth street. Our factory will remain in its present location. The room, 50x40 feet, now occupied by our store and offices, will be for rent about July fifteenth. We will rent it as a whole or, will cut it into four stories 20x40 feet.

HILL PRINTING & STATIONERY CO.

## Steadfast Customers— Customers Who Stay

From month to month, means that good store service is being rendered and that those very customers are getting that which their wants dictate. Each and every month means an increase in sales with us—therefore satisfaction must be in order at our place, or in other words,

"There's a Reason."

## THE GROCERY SO DIFFERENT

Caters to People Who Care

The Daily Hint from Paris



Photo Copyright, 1912 by Associated  
Press. Copyright, 1912 by New York World Company.  
Blue and velvet are used to make the  
bonnet shape. The crown is old blue velvet,  
the brim layers of white tulle.—Mrs.  
Jane Doe.

### Quick, Easy and Positive Cure for All Foot Torture

The following is said to be the surest and quickest cure known to science for all foot ailments. Dissolve two tablespoonsfuls of Calocide compound in a basin of warm water. Soak the feet in this for fully fifteen minutes, gently rubbing the sore parts." The effect is really wonderful.

All soreness goes instantly; the feet feel delightful. Corns and callouses can be peeled right off. It gives immediate relief for sore bunions, sweaty, smelly and aching feet. A twenty-five cent box of Calocide is said to be sufficient to cure the worst feet. It works through the pores and removes the cause of the trouble. Don't waste time on uncertain remedies. Any druggist has Calocide compound in stock or he can get it in a few hours from his wholesale house.

There were 1611 fatalities on British railroads last year, fifty-nine less than the year before.

### STUDY LAW

While you pay your way. Classes meet 5:30 to 7:30, enabling hard workers to earn necessary money. First year men have passed bar examination. Under management of A. C. Coe, A. M. J. D. (University of Chicago).

### DALLAS LAW SCHOOL

Praetorian Bldg., Dallas, Texas.

For the best French Dry Cleaning of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Garments—

PHONE  
**McGUIRE**

We also do Pressing.  
Work called for and delivered.  
721-723 Washington.

O. Phone 612. New Phone, 2826  
We Solicit Your Patronage.

### Special Sale of Talcum Powder

**Yogo Talcum—Borated, Perfumed, Cooling, Soothing, Antiseptic.**

A 1-lb. can, regular price 25 cents, this sale 8 cents, or 2 cans for 15 cents. Limited stock. Better get it while you can.

### Morrison's "Old Corner" Drug Store

The Biggest and the Best in Texas.

WATCH OUR SHOW WINDOWS  
TODAY.

## Current Events In Woman's Sphere

BOTH PHONES 1866.

KATE FRIEND, Editor

### SAINT ANNE'S SOCIETY TO HAVE LAWN GUESTS

On Tuesday evening the St. Anne's Altar society of the Church of the Assumption will be at home to all friends on the parochial lawn. There is no gate fee.

### MR. AND MRS. J. F. M'GRATH ARE NOW AT HOME

After a few days absence immediately following their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McGrath are returned, and are at home to their friends on West Columbus.

### THE WEEKLY DANCE OUT AT THE HUACO CLUB.

While the attendance at the Huaco club for the Friday night dance was very large, there was little by way of special detail. The colie set in full force, with quite a number of club members, and some out of town visitors, whiled the time with dinner, and the dance later.

### A MOONLIGHT OUTING WITH MR. AND MRS. HUBBY.

In courtesy to their two visitors, the Misses Bowman of Mooreville and of Martin, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Hubby entertained a party of friends with a moonlight supper on the Bosque banks. This was quite informal, but one of the social pleasures of the late week.

### MISS CARRIE WEMYSS GOES TO KERRVILLE.

On Saturday, Miss Carrie Wemyss of North Eleventh street received a telegram requesting that she go to the Chautauqua at Kerrville and take charge of the children's story hour. Miss Wemyss will accept. She leaves within a week to remain at Kerrville during the Chautauqua time. Doubtless, she will appear on the entertainment program as reader.

### PROF. HOFFMAN HAS PLEASING RECITAL

Prof. Rudolf Hoffman, dean of the music school at Baylor, entertained the members of his summer music class and other friends with a very pleasing recital in Carroll chapel last Tuesday afternoon. The program consisted of selections from such masters as Bach, Handel, Scarlatti, Rameau, Corelli, Mozart, Beethoven, Schumann, Chopin, Raff, Davis and Brahms, illustrating the different forms of piano music for the last two centuries, and was well attended.

### ORPHANAGE PLAYGROUND HAS ANOTHER MEETING

The report from the last meeting of the committee who is furthering the move for playground apparatus at the Orphanage reports three hundred dollars so far subscribed, and the order placed for the simpler play apparatus. But the goal is higher, and the women are bending energy towards this end. The cause of the orphan child is very appealing. It is hoped that the ultimate response will make this much-needed addition to the playground of three hundred orphans during vacation days.

### MRS. MOORE HAYS HAS MORNING GUESTS

As a bride, Mrs. Moore Hays has taken her first lesson in matronizing an apartment. In anticipation Mrs. T. D. Hayes complimented her daughter with a kitchenette show. Included were two sets of table napkins. Mrs. Hays, quite an ingenious little housewife, invited in her many cousins and a few special friends. All unsuspecting they accepted, and were at once put to the test of neat hemming. The morning was passed more than pleasantly, refreshments coming at the close.

just such an event and it was enjoyed fully by more than one hundred guests.

### MRS. EUGENE EARLY MAKES CARD INNOVATION

During the old name visit of Mrs. Henry Miller from Corsicana, she has been the round of friends for social attention. One of the last was paid by Mrs. Eugene Early, who, knowing Mrs. Miller's fondness for auction, formed a morning game of two tables. In this an innovation, altogether pleasing came. Instead of the accustomed prize Mrs. Early's chance was for a souvenir trinket to follow each progression. There were little Japanese designs, muchly coveted, for their clever designs. The close of the games found the ice in canteloupe cup served. Mrs. Early has a way all her own of paying pleasing courtesies, not only to her personal friends, but to the large affair of form but rather the gatherings of congenials. For Mrs. Miller there were the Mesdames Sidney Burrows, Lewis Early, William Early, J. S. Hill, Maurice McAshan, P. H. Dean of St. Louis, with the Misses Minnie Killough and Nell Symes.

### MRS. DAWSON WALKER REMEMBERS HOME FRIENDS

Although she has remained absent for a year, Mrs. Dawson Walker keeps in daily touch with her home friends through The Morning News. She has, at intervals, sent cards to tell of movements with herself and her interesting young daughter. On Saturday the thoughtfulness of Mrs. Walker brought a paper from Colorado Springs with two marked articles.

One of these contrasted the temperature of the intense heat wave with the experience of a party of girls who were caught in a snow storm up at Crystal Creek. An inch of snow fell before they reached the lower altitude. They left the surrounding hills a blanket of white snow.

The other article told of the expressed wish of an old Georgia veteran that he might live to see the Confederate flag wave once again. The daughter took with her a flag and planted it in her trip to the top of Pike's Peak. So, once again, in reality, the Stars and the Bars were unfurled to the breeze.

### WOMEN FOR THE PALACE WORK BEGINS SOON

Although there is absolutely nothing definite, the consideration of what the women will do for the third Cotton Palace season is now under discussion. President Hoffman and his board are advising as to who will be requested to take direction of the women's department. This, of course, is the step which leads to the appointment of sub-chairmen of departments. This really should be done in the spring in order that the women who are to plan the exhibits will know and be on the outlook for new ideas during their summer vacation in the meantime.

Mrs. F. J. Lennox, an exponent of the City Federation, will advise with Mr. Hoffman as regards another Woman's Day. In case such is to be, the women expect to have the most elaborate parade of the Palace season.

Preliminaries are already taken looking towards some of the prominent Texas women to be present upon Waco.

Texas women to be present upon Waco, the head of the National Child Welfare bureau. Now is the accepted time for every woman in Waco to have a good time for the success of the Cotton Palace. While in the cities of the north, east and west why not watch for anything which may be passed up to the lady president of the Cotton Palace and her assistants. Always keep in mind that it is "our" palace, not "your" palace.

### LAWN PARTY IS GIVEN COMPLIMENTARY TO BRIDES

No more pleasant social event has been recently noted in Baylor circles than the lawn party given by Professor and Mrs. W. H. Pool and their daughter, Miss Carrie, in honor of the two new brides of the university faculty, Mrs. Harry Trantham and Mrs. J. W. Harrell. Both of the brides are former Baylor students and it afforded their friends pleasure to thus welcome them to the university community in their new relations.

The affair was strictly informal and all the more enjoyable from this fact. After the guests had passed the receiving line, which was headed by Mrs. Brooks, they were free to find seats upon the spacious porch or the big lawn and enjoy themselves as they saw fit. Refreshments of sandwiches and punch were served under the direction of Mrs. J. L. Kester and Mrs. T. H. Clayton. Due to the fine breeze that relieved the hot weather of the day, the evening was ideal for

### MANY INFORMALITIES MAKE SUMMER SOCIETY

While the formal returns are not many, summer socials are losing no opportunity to enjoy life, and the stay at home period. Every evening the hills around are alive with picnickers and motor cars. The parks are teeming with small and large supper parties who linger longer. The banks of the Bosque are dotted continuously with congenial groups who have driven out for late supper. Some swim in the evening at the natatorium. Many gather at the skating rink for this fascinating pastime. The Country club and the Huaco club are never without occupants. Hundreds make the round of the downtown amusements nightly. Gatherings about the soda water tables are never ceasing. Many tables are drawn to the porch for games of bridge. Many calls with husbands accompanying are in order for the moonlight nights. There is scarce a lawn but what has summer callers every evening. This is summer life in Waco. Is it so unbearable after all? Suppose we learn to catch the pleasure it passes. We are all the happier for it. Learn to enjoy all that comes one's way. Do this and we will not be disappointed.

With the exception of Saint Peter, who was kind enough to open for her the pearly gates, yet she insists that her wings are not the right shade, and he had does not fit.

### WILL PUCKETT HOST FOR JAMES GLANCEY

It is seldom that a boy visitor receives so elaborate a courtesy as was the dinner party where Will Pucket complimented with Glancey of St. Louis. Somehow we always incline to the gorgeous sunflower as the month of August approaches. This is because in Kansas, the sunflower state, the bloom is at its best; also because the golden rod, our national flower, blooms all over the country in the same bright yellow. Mrs. Pucket, as the designer for decorations in this dinner, made the sunflower in art for the place cards, where the names of guest made part of the art flower at each plate; also sunflower cups in natural color held the nut, and the ice. The center was an embroidered sunflower mat for a basket of picked blooms, and the grace of mailing in loop and end. Around this table she could do nothing but acquiesce. About this time the colonies of America were being settled and interest was great concerning them. So Verdi, simply changed location of the objectionable scene from Rome to America, and proceeded with his presentation of his new opera. And the pope agreed.

The Masked Ball was composed in 1813. Verdi died in 1901; thus, his compositions have much of the so-called modern. The presentation in Rome was in 1859. The story makes Count Richard, governor of Boston, love Amelia, the wife of his private secretary. Negro conspirators are bitter against the governor, while the citizens in general are his friends. The secret society warns him of a plot to destroy his life, and he goes to consult a negro witch. The count disguised as a fisherman goes to the witch. The witch tells his fortune; also, she tells Amelia to drink from a certain plant, so that she may forget her love for him, while she is a married woman.

The title of the opera is taken from the

last act where the governor gives a masked ball. The secretary attends, with the intention of killing the governor. He kills him, and, as he expires, the secretary forgives the governor and his wife.

The principal air of the rendition of The Masked Ball by Alessandro and his band this afternoon, is the baritone solo which represents the wail of the secretary when he finds his wife's love is gone and he has a rival.

### Society Notes.

Mrs. M. B. Davis writes that she has come from Saint Louis to the summer home of her son and will be joined by Mrs. Roy Colman for a little visit.

Mrs. Edith Lessing, who had intended to summer in and around Chicago, has a changed plan owing to the change of her daughter, Mrs. Cook, from Chicago to California. Mrs. Lessing will now have her trip to California for several years.

Mrs. Harry Lyle is now due from New Orleans with the last of July. She will be with her sister, Mrs. J. S. Hill. This is the first old home visit of Mrs. Lyle for several years.

The friends of Mrs. D. C. Rives, who makes her home with Mrs. John H. Fisher on Gorman and Eighteenth, will note that Mrs. Rives has decided to prolong her absence throughout the summer. She, however, expects to return to Waco for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. George Cowden, Mr. and Mrs. Grover Cowden, are a motor party from Fort Worth through Waco to Palacios. They are today's guests in the J. D. Newton home on North Eighteenth. Mrs. Grover Cowden remains here.

Following the general appeal throughout Texas from the Texas-San Francisco women, for a Texas building at the Panama exposition, Mrs. Ruth Gardner Fennimore, a member of the committee, is sending personal appeals to the Waco women.

Friends here are receiving prompt acknowledgment from Mrs. Leah May Henry Parmelee for the gifts which remembered her wedding. She and the young husband having had their leisure trip across the continent are now in San Diego, California.

Work is well under way for the two new residences on North Eighteenth. These, when finished, will be matronized by Mrs. Leslie Gardner and Mrs. William Staunton Gillette.

The first cards have arrived at home from Mr. and Mrs. Foster Fort since their departure for Colorado. They write of delightful experiences, the chief of which was their tour of the Cave of the Wind.

Mrs. W. N. Vivrett of West Columbus sends cards from Springfield, Missouri. Her selection was the largest convention hall in the Southwest, which was partially secured through the efforts of the women of Springfield. Mrs. Vivrett was upon the eve of departure for Kansas City.

Those of us who are to be summer tourists will perhaps take interest in a post card note. The followers of the elegant take to the black and white card as more to be desired than the gaudy colors. This is all right for the scenic card, but, when it comes to the Old World galleries, do let us have the pictures in the very colors which the original artist placed.

In sending the Morning News editor newspapers with special articles of interest, please mark same. It not infrequently happens that several papers come in the same mail. The time consumed in scanning these for what may be intended is tiresome, whereas a single pencil mark will direct at once.

Among the parties of Wacoans sightseeing in the city, is Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Herrick with Miss Bess Herrick, also Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Woodson.

These are on the lakeside in Chicago, and await the arrival of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Carver on Monday. From there, the party goes to New York.

We must decide about wearing of the hat at the country clubs. Waco women are too diversified in this respect. Take a few notes on style while away this season.

Did you know that the location of your bedroom plays an important part in the selection of paper and general color tone? It does.

The reception of Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Quinlan for Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Quinlan is the largest social event mentioned for the forthcoming week.

We must pay more attention before another season to the time for issuing our invitations. Some are sent a week in advance, some ten days, and some two weeks, while, with out of town wedding invitations three weeks is observed.

Mrs. Malone and Miss Alice Malone, who are now in Nashville, write that they will be at home before the end of this month. Mrs. Malone is recovering most encouragingly from the operation to her eye, and has every promise of restored sight.

On Monday, Mrs. S. H. Clinton of Tenth and Columbus, accompanied by Miss Fay Clinton, leaves for Chicago. From there they go into Canada and visit other cities in the East. The return home does not occur before late autumn.

With the early part of the week Mr. and Mrs. Fred Robinson with Miss Kate Edmond are off for a month in New York and other points of interest.

### Society Personals.

Mr. and Mrs. Sol Hirschberg and daughters left yesterday on the Katy Limited for the east via Chicago. The ladies of the family will spend their time at seashore resorts near New York.

Miss Lillian Halbert of Twelfth and Jefferson is at home from a visit to Miss Olga Guleidge at McGregor.

Mrs. J. Ed. Turner of Thirteenth and Jefferson has returned from Galveston.

Miss Harriet Somervel of Marlin is a visitor to Mrs. J. A. Loughridge, Terrace Row.

Miss Mary Louise Harrison of San Marcos is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Bart Moore, on Washington street.

Mrs. Keith Matthews and Miss Janet Matthews left for Dallas on Saturday.

Mrs. A. G. Hubby of North Eleventh is entertaining the Misses Mae Jones of Marlin and Marguerita Bowman of Mooreville.

Mrs. Weymss of North Eleventh is at home from San Marcos, where she visited her daughter, Mrs. Sims.

## WACO MORNING NEWS

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Edwin Hobby.....Vice President  
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TRAVELING AGENTS.

Following are the traveling agents of the News who are authorized to solicit and receipt for subscriptions, advertising, etc.: J. A. Oliver, W. M. Byrd, W. H. Byrd.

### ANOTHER "TRUST" TERROR.

Can the amendments to the State's litigation attacking the validity of the M. K. and T. railway consolidation act arouse in the average thinking citizen of Texas any keener indignation, or cause deeper depression, than he must feel already concerning these weird "anti-trust" manœuvres of the State's law department? Can this asking of \$15,000,000 from the Katy system on an allegation that the consolidation itself, *de facto*, was had "for the purpose of forming a trust and monopoly in the transportation business in Texas and for the purpose of affecting, lessening and suppressing competition in that business" provoke a more distinct mental nausea for that corporate enterprise and public service business in Texas as is unsafe as an house erected on the sand? We do not think so. We think the limit was reached when someone contrived that the Magnolia and Corsicana petroleum companies and banks that had loaned them money and persons who had invested in their business be sued for over an hundred million dollars on a competition-destroying charge—the limit in the patience of citizens with the treatment accorded business interests under a weak and mischief-working statute.

It is not surprising that the attorney general has asked much money from the M. K. and T. system for its "violation" of our sacred anti-trust statute, for in the very nature of the curious charge that consolidation was had to create a monopoly, he might as well ask for it. Already it was sought to enjoin consolidation, after two legislatures had considered the legality of the transaction thoroughly; after columns of argument had been printed in favor of its justness and desirability; after years of public discussion had been had; after a legislature had passed the merger measure over the governor's veto and the disapproval of the railroad commission and the attorney general. It was sought to enjoin such merger, to dissolve the de facto consolidation and the corporations and to forfeit the charters of the Katy of Texas and the other lines concerned in the merger. In entering a railroad in the distinguished list of businesses jeopardized by our legal Herculeses at Austin it would not be fitting the feature should be omitted of kicking the business out of Texas, but making it leave its treasury behind. And what a "trust," what a monopoly, is here being combed by our Dons!

"That all these unlawful acts and conduct have been performed in Texas for the purpose of affecting the commerce and aids to commerce of the State, and that the consolidation and other acts have affected such commerce and aids and have lessened and suppressed competition thus: The movement and routing of passengers and freight destined between points in the State has been restricted in a large number of instances so as to cause the same to move over the lines of one or all of the defendants, irrespective of the interests of the public and the passenger and the shipper; that the cost of such transportation has in this way been affected and increased both to the shipper and the public. The time lost or consumed in the movement of such traffic has thus been increased. The other carriers of the State by such means have been deprived of traffic and revenue to which they were naturally entitled and which they would have received under normal conditions. That whenever necessary to the accomplishment of such purpose the cost of the transportation of passengers and freight have been reduced and the loss of revenue therefrom has been made up to the defendants by imposing

higher rates and poorer service in other places and instances."

That won't stand much analyzing, in our opinion. About the most striking feature in it is the "play" to the other railroads of Texas. Has it anywhere been held that a railroad must route passengers or freight to a given point over another connecting line when its own lines make the same destination? Is there anyone—tracking the concluding allegation of "reduced" cost in contradiction of the earlier allegation of "increased" cost—is there anyone who does not know the railroad commission has not the slightest objection to a road making its rates as low as it likes under the statutory maximum? Where is the backbone of proof that the Katy routed persons and commodities over its own line, between competitive points, at reduced cost and raised the rates between points where it enjoyed exclusive service? Was it expected the Katy would not route its business over its own lines, competing or otherwise, whenever it could and is the railroad considered by our law department at Austin as due to tell a patron that he can travel more cheaply or ship more cheaply by being routed via a connecting competitor?

Erudite, analytical and interesting is Corpus Christi Caller's editorial "Good Roads," directed to the meeting on same in its city. Proof sufficient of the justness of our praise is its introduction: "Mesozoic reptiles were the first road-builders. A dinosaur clambered up some fern-clad bank. In his bunglesome progress he crushed down rank vegetation and left behind him a crude trail which invited the scrutiny of his next scaly associate. Up went he. And others, without number, until some sort of plastered path marked the crudest of the world's first good roads." We don't know if it's Stayton or Knight we must laudize, but the Caller has a writer whose first principles discussions are invariably a treat. There must have been some very successful reptilian road-builders in Texas, for their work endures. We've seen it; all statements that these "highways" were laid within the past decade cannot make us believe otherwise. The dinosaur did it. This is no case of Mr. Pickwick and the ancient stone. We're sure the dinosaur did the roads we have in mind. We can't see how any human could.

"Produce, in God's Name."

"Some of the Texas newspapers," Palestine Herald adds to the defense, "notably one or two of the larger papers, are indulging in criticism of Attorney General Looney and his action against certain oil companies doing business in the State. The Herald is inclined to think such criticism is premature. This paper hardly believes the attorney general would take any action along this line unless he was inspired by a sense of justice and an effort to enforce the laws of the State, and he should be sustained in the official conduct of his important office. He is entitled to this regardless of what the final outcome of the suit may be. To discredit his motives is unworthy of any one interested in the progress of the State." The Herald is in worthy company, for our good friend, Greenville Banner, has admonished us to the same effect. But we would appreciate it more if these estimable editors would indicate wherein the principle and progress of this suit has been productive of anything that should impel respect. Surely there has been time enough to "show" Texas that it was justified, disinterested, clean-cut. We do not cavil at our contemporaries' honest differences of opinion, but our mind is not running to the exceeding great worth and crystal character of the attorney general—we are considering the commercial, industrial and legal welfare and credit of the State and people that employ him. We are less concerned with his "motives" than with his judgment, and the serious bearing of this on Texas' business now and hereafter.

The National Educational association is considering the high cost of living in its relation to teachers' salaries, or vice versa, again. If there is any organization that has not considered something of the sort in the conventions of the past two years, let it convene and consider. And then let's do something. Resolutions cannot give school boards intelligence that they do not naturally possess.

The Pittsburgh Gazette-Times asks if it is Muthall or Munchausen who is the latest sensation in the lobby inquiry. It can thus confuse the two, the Gazette-Times doubtless does not consider the baron an enjoyable liar.

Having occasionally done our share of waiting (sedentary, not the employment) in St. Louis hotels we agree sadly with the Republic that a waiting strike can't cause the public any unusual inconvenience.

Secretary Bryan admits he drinks coffee, also. School children are taught that coffee isn't good for them. The secretary's admission was in public. Isn't there some "anti" society or other that ought to take this up?

All Texas now has more than a bowing acquaintance with Lyford, Cameron county, and knows from the disposal of proceeds from sale of the first bale of 1913 cotton that Lyford is a godly hamlet.

Fifteen million dollars from the railroads! Wow! Likewise whoopee! What a raft of votes some public benefactor at Austin will get when he runs for governor and toward Washington!

What we want to know is, how did all these revelations in Washington get by the fifteen-cent magazines and the Hearst newspapers for so many years?

State Sue railroads. Aks \$15,000,000. Texas is swatted in several directions at the same time.

We are now engaged and amused in watching the antics mentally of some

of our sanctum brethren who insisted on strict control of the caucus in the course of the administration's tariff bill, but are inveigling against such control in consideration of the currency reform bill.

Was the Perry celebration in Erie an appropriate time for Senator Penrose to argue for a bigger navy? Perry got away with it, didn't he?

At least, the Texas prison system appears to be patronized by enough persons regularly to warrant putting it in order.

We hasten to assure Dr. Taft that "popular government and individual liberties" will not be destroyed as long as his party is.

And to think the Katy sought consolidation as a measure of economy! As they say in Austin, it is to laff.

### Texas Viewpoints

#### Of Antedeluvian Pattern.

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To form a trust and monopoly in the transportation business in Texas!

To destroy railroad competition in Texas!

To confine the fall of rain. To restrict the tide. To dam the Niagara. To put a dredge through the eye of a needle.)

Let them have their millions-in-it corporation ouster and penalty suits at Austin 'till the State sickens utterly. Let them drive business from the borders. Let them sue and compromise and get the State unearned surplus while the people pay now and hereafter. But, in the name of very common sense, let them give the State at least mental nausea for that corporate enterprise and public service business in Texas is as unsafe as an house erected on the sand? We do not think so. We think the limit was reached when someone contrived that the Magnolia and Corsicana petroleum companies and banks that had loaned them money and persons who had invested in their business be sued for over an hundred million dollars on a competition-destroying charge—the limit in the patience of citizens with the treatment accorded business interests under a weak and mischief-working statute.

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**"It  
Can't  
be Done"**

It is impossible to maintain health and strength if you allow the stomach to become weak, the liver sluggish and the bowels constipated, but you can guard against such troubles by the daily use of

**HOSTETTER'S  
STOMACH  
BITTERS**

while the News seems not to have ever been my friend this young man has been very consistent. I was eager to have a man go in the place who would understand that he was largely my personal representative, as I am anxious to get on the inside of the business management of the college.

I have now recommended to you three different friends, and each of them have finally declined the place. There are two other friends whom I herein mention, Wm. Joseph and R. W. Lorance, both of Austin, who asked me to speak for them. I now leave to you and the board the selection of a secretary. I have a letter from Clarence Ousley recommending Mr. Ashburn, of the Record force, and if the board desires to select him or either of the other gentlemen the selection will be agreeable to me.

"Yours truly,  
O. B. COQUITT,  
"Governor."  
Must Be Politician.

That the governor considered all the positions of the college his political assets is shown by a letter he wrote Chairman Peete, as follows:

"Austin, Tex., July 30, 1912.

"Personal." Hon. Walton Peete, Fort Worth,

Texas.  
Dear Sir: I am handing you here with a letter from P. A. Koenig of College Station, which explains itself.

"Now that the fight is over, I am going to ask you, as the head of the board of managers, to we out the men who are not in sympathy with our efforts to build up the A. and M. college and make a great institution of it.

"I do not think that a man who cannot give his approval to an administration ought to continue to receive his bread from it. Kindly let me know what you think of the matter. I have been told of Mr. Knight's activity against me, and I have really no faith in the friendship of the other party. However, I will be glad for you to investigate these matters in your own way and let me hear from you.

"Yours truly,  
O. B. COQUITT."

In the above letter "the other party" referred to was myself, the publicity agent of the college and secretary of the board. I held my position by virtue of an election by the board two years before Mr. Coquitt became governor. I believed that men engaged in work at an educational institution should not take part in politics, from the time of my taking office at the college I never attended a political convention in Texas except the precinct convention which instructed for Woodrow Wilson for president at College Station in 1912, and the county convention of Brazos county which elected delegates to the national convention. Of the county convention which instructed firmly for Woodrow Wilson I was the secretary. It was not partisan politics in Texas, because we are all democrats in this state.

I was not a political secretary in my work at the college.

Molten zinc instead of cement was used to bind together the stones in a bridge recently built in France.

## SOME DON'TS

### For Stomach and Liver Sufferers

Don't take medicine for your Stomach ailments morning, noon and night, as usually such medicines only give temporary relief and simply digest the food that happens to be in the Stomach.

Don't permit a surgical operation. There is always serious danger in operations, and in many cases of Stomach, Liver and Intestinal Ailments the knife can be avoided if the right remedy is taken in time.

Don't go around with a foul smelling breath caused by a disordered Stomach and Liver, to the discomfort of those you come in contact with.

If you are a Stomach Sufferer don't think you cannot be helped, probably worse cases than yours have been restored by May's Wonderful Stomach Remedy.

Most stomach ailments are mainly caused by a catarrhal condition. May's Wonderful Stomach Remedy not only removes the catarrhal mucus, but relieves the chronic inflammation and assists in rendering the entire alimentary and intestinal tract antiseptic, and this is the secret of its marvelous success.

Don't suffer constant pain and agony and allow your stomach ailments to physically undermine your health. No matter how severe your case may be or how long you have suffered—one dose of May's Wonderful Stomach Remedy should convince you that you can be restored to health again. May's Wonderful Stomach Remedy has been taken and is highly recommended by Members of Congress, Justice of the Supreme Court, Educators, Lawyers, Merchants, Bankers, Doctors, Druggists, Nurses, Manufacturers, Priests, Ministers, Farmer and people in all walks of life.

Send for FREE valuable booklet on Stomach Ailments to W. H. May, 154-156 Whiting St., Chicago, Ill.

For Sale in Waco by Morrison's Old Corner drug store, and druggists everywhere.

(Advertisement)

## DOWN TO ROCK IS EXCAVATION

WORKMEN ON THE RIGGINS HOTEL ARE MAKING FAST PROGRESS.

### FOUNDATION DATE IS FIXED

Will Be in by August 10—Second Story Will Be by September 10—Riggins Gives Notice.

In the work of excavating for the foundation for the Riggins hotel workmen have reached solid rock. Into this rock the workmen will go four feet.

According to the indications, the foundation will be in by August 10, and the second story will be completed by September 10. Yesterday Mr. Riggins said to The Morning News:

"The work on The Riggins is progressing up to this time beyond public expectation. Mr. Ragdale, the superintendent of the building, has a record for quality of construction as well as rapidity of work consistent with good construction. I think it will be a matter of good news to everybody to say that the excavations have reached solid rock. The excavations will go four feet in this solid rock and the pier footings and foundation about five feet deeper still, giving the hotel a scriptural foundation 'built upon a rock' and will stand the storm of ages."

"As to the progress in the building I feel authorized in saying that the foundation of the hotel will be in and complete on or before August 10, that the second story will be in and completed on or before September 10, and that the entire ten stories will be completed and the roof on the building on or before January 1, 1914. It will then take three or four months to finish the interior of the building. The contractors have one year to complete the building but I am fully satisfied that it will be completed in a much shorter time, conditioned, however, upon the weather, labor and material."

"Arrangements have been made to furnish photographs of the building with each stage, beginning with the putting in of the foundation."

Mr. Riggins yesterday sent the following letter to R. T. Dennis, president of the Chamber of Commerce, and Frank Trau, president of the Young Men's Business League:

"Dear Sir: Conforming to the contract as provided in the bonus proposition to me which is as follows: Said Riggins further agrees that ten days before the completion of the foundation of said hotel and ten days before the completion of the second story thereof (the walls) and ten days before the final completion of the building, respectively, he will give notice in writing to the president of the Business Men's club and the Young Men's Business League of Waco, that the respective stakes mentioned in the construction of such hotel will be reached, within ten days of his belief, within said ten days, I beg to advise that while only ten days are now required according to the information in my office received from what consider to be reliable, the foundation of the hotel will be completed on or before August 10, 1913, and the second story of the building will be completed on or before September 1, 1913.

"This is notice to you as provided in the contract.

"Yours very truly,  
J. W. RIGGINS."

### NEW BOOKS AT THE LIBRARY

List of Those Which Have Been Added During the Past Week.

The following books have been added to the collection of children's books in the Public Library during the past week. Some of these are new titles while others are replacements or added copies.

Adelborg—Clean Peter and the Children of Grubbyland.

Adams—Wells Brothers, The Young Cattie King.

Andrews—Seven Little Sisters.

Ashjorneen—The Fairy World Folk and Fairy Tales.

Bannerman—Story of Little Black Sambo.

Barbour—Change Signals.

Bindloss—Boy Ranchers of Puget Sound.

Blaisdell—Boy Blue and His Friends.

Tommy Tinker's Book.

Brooke—Golden Goose Book.

Brown—Secret of the Clan.

Burton—Bob's Cave Boys, Bob's Hill Braves, Boy Scouts of Bob's Hill, Boys of Bob's Hill.

Cody—Elinor's Junior Hop.

Collins—The Wireless Man.

Cox—The Brownie Book.

Crail—Adventures of a Brownie.

Crane—Bucket My Shoe, Cinderella, Red Riding Hood.

Dodge—Hans Brinker, or The Silver Skates.

Dopp—The Early Cave Man, The Later Cave Man, The Tree Dwellers.

Forrester—Polly Page Yacht Club.

Those Preston Twins.

Foncher—The Cat's Tea-Party.

Francis—Book of Cheerful Cats.

Grover—Overal Boys, Sunbonnet Babies.

Harris—Nights With Uncle Remus.

Uncle Remus and the Little Boy, Uncle Remus, His Songs and Sayings, Uncle Remus and Bree Rabbit.

Hall—Story Land.

Hopkins—The Indian Book.

Jacobs—English Fairy Tales.

Johnston—The Little Colonel, Mary Ware's Promised Land.

Johnston, C. H.—Famous Scouts.

Kaler—Mr. Stubbs' Brother, Toby Tyler.

Lefevre—The Cook and Mouse and the Little Red Hen.

Moffat—Our Old Nursery Rhymes, Mother Goose, or the Old Nursery Rhymes.

Pyle—Fairy Tales From Many Lands.

Roe—Two Little Street Singers.

Ruskin—Dame Wiggins of Lea; and Her Seven Wonderful Cats.

Smith—Chicken World.

Smith—The Farm Book.

Smith, Jessie Wilcox—Dicken's Children, Ten Drawings.

Stevenson—Child's Garden of Verses.

Tappan—When Knights Were Bold.

Thorne-Thomson—East of the Sun and West of the Moon.

Twopenny—Cuijo's Cave.

Wiggin—Bird's Christmas Carol, illus. by Katherine Wireman.

Wright—Ben, the Black Bear.

(Advertisement)

## Prices That Save You Money

Seldom does an opportunity of this kind come, and were it not for the accumulation of odds and ends we could not offer such remarkable values.

Ladies' Short Silk Gloves, with double finger tips, in black, white and grey. Regular 75c, special, 25c

Ladies' leather Hand Bags, fancy frames, leather lined, inside purse. Regular \$1.25. Monday \$1.00

Children's Pure Silk Socks, double heels and toes, with ribbed top. In pink, blue and white; Per pair 25c

Ladies' Silk Lisle Hose, double garter top, reinforced soles and high spiced heels. Regular 50c \$1.00 values 3 pair for

Ladies' Pure Silk Hose, with linen feet, high spiced heels and linen garter tops. In black, white, tan, pink, blue and champagne. \$1.00

Ladies' Lisle Hose, with silk boot, double heel and toes, with garter top. In black and white. 25c

Ladies' imitation leather Hand Bags, in fancy designs, coin purse inside, in black only. Regular 50c

Ladies' Knit Combination Suits, of lightest weight Lisle, wide knee, daintily trimmed with torchon lace, with Stay-Up shoulder straps. Per suit 50c

An assortment of Embroidery, on Cambric and Lingerie, suitable for underwear. Values up to 20c, the yard

Feather Stitch Piping, assorted colors, in 3-yard pieces. Special, each 4c

Baby Irish and Oriental banding, suitable for Wash Dresses. Values 10 and 15c. The yard

Odd lot of Linen and Oriental imitation Cluny Laces and Insertion. Values up to 15c; the yard

Dress Percale, in light and dark ground, the 10c grade. Values up to 25c, the yard

### Sheets and Pillow Cases

Good grade 72x90 inches Sheets, with seams in center. Special, each 43c

12 1/2 grade Pillow Cases, 42x36 inch. Special, each 10c

### TOILET ARTICLES.

Shoe Bags, in blue and white, also flowered effects. Regular 50c.

Special 25c

1 lb. can Talcum Powder for

Jergen's Toilet Water, in two odors, violet and crushed roses. 50c size. Special

43c

Stamped Comb and Brush, Whisk Broom Holders and Stamped Pillow Tops. 4c

Values up to 25c, the yard

36-inch Dress and Shirting Percale, in light and dark ground; the 12 1/2 grade; special, the yard

10c

Knight's Cambric, soft finish. Special \$1.00

for Monday and Tuesday, 12 yards for

Odd lot of Mercerized Embroidery Floss, assorted colors. Regular 5c per skein.

2c

Pearl Buttons, with 4 eyes, medium sizes, 6 on a card. Special, per card

3c

Embroidery Flouning, 18 inches on Cambric, suitable for underwear or corset covers. Embroidered in very effective designs.

12 1/2 c

Values up to 25c, the yard

### Sheets and Pillow Cases

Bleached Pepperell Sheets, with 3-inch hem, 72x90 inches. Special, each 53c

Pepperell Pillow Cases, 42x36, with 3-inch hem. Special 15c

*Famous*  
Where a Dollar Does its Duty.  
*Hunt-Jones Manager*

### MARLIN BUREAU Waco Morning News

Page Collier, Correspondent

Over Postoffice

Telephone 557

Marlin, July 12.—Friday Secretary Adams of the fair association closed a contract with a big carnival company with twenty shows to be inside the fair grounds

# MEN

Would you like to make \$1.50 in five minutes?

You can do it if you buy your shoes from Connor's

We are going to give you \$1.50 with every pair of Men's \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00 shoes sold this week.

In other words, we will allow you \$1.50 discount on every pair of low cut shoes purchased in these grades—FOR CASH.

This is not idle talk, WE MEAN BUSINESS!

and we will convince you if you will let us

**Connor  
Shoe  
Co.**

\$ See the dollars in a course of the famous Byrneshort-hand and bookkeeping or telegraphy. We hold the world's record for speed and accuracy in a given time. 1500 enroll annually and more than double and treble their earning capacity. Why not you? Fill in and mail for free catalog of America's largest business training school, Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Texas.

Name ..... 13

**William Williams**  
Piano Tuner  
508 N. 9th St.  
Phone New 1095 Waco, Texas

**Will Reduce Revenue.**  
Galveston, July 12.—The entire morning session of the State Railroad commission was taken up today with the presentation of masses of figures by Assistant Manager Keef of the Santa Fe in an endeavor to demonstrate that a reduction of the rate on cotton would reduce the revenue of that road 40 to 60 per cent. The hearing will doubtless extend into next week.

**Graham Rehearing Refused.**  
Gainesville, Tex., July 12.—The motion for new trial for George Graham, who was given ten years for criminal assault here two weeks ago, was overruled today by Judge Spencer.

**New Teachers Elected.**  
Littlefield, Lamb Co., Tex., July 12. At a meeting of the board of trustees recently J. P. Hatchett was elected principal of the schools here for the ensuing year. The term opens September 15.

**SHH! LADIES! SECRET TO DARKEN FADED GRAY HAIR--USE SAGE TEA**

**Sage Mixed With Sulphur Restores Natural Color and Lustre to Hair.**

Why suffer the handicap of looking old? Gray hair, however handsome, denotes advancing age. We all know the advantage of a youthful appearance.

Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks dry, wispy and scraggly, just a few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred fold.

Either prepare the tonic at home or get from any drug store a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," ready to use; but listen:

## TEXAS FARMERS TO HAVE CONGRESS

PROGRAM OF THE ANNUAL MEETING AT COLLEGE STATION.

### THREE DAYS OF MUCH WORK

Good Speakers on All Subjects Affecting the Soil to Be Present.

Beaumont, July 12.—Following is the complete program for the general sessions of the Texas Farmers' Congress to be held at College Station July 28, 29 and 30, as authorized by T. W. Lar-kin, secretary:

**First Day, Monday, 8:30 a.m.**  
Formal opening of the congress. Call to order by the president.

Opening invocation, Hon. J. S. Kerr, Sherman.

Address of welcome, Hon. E. B. Cushing of Houston, president board of directors A. & M. College (twenty minutes).

Response to address of welcome, Fritz Englehard of Eagle Lake (fifteen minutes).

President's annual address, Hon. Edward W. Knox, San Antonio (twenty minutes).

Report of the secretary-treasurer, T. W. Lar-kin, Beaumont (ten minutes).

Review of the agricultural progress of Texas, Hon. Ed R. Kone, state commissioner of agriculture (twenty minutes).

**Evening Session, 8 O'Clock.**

"Vanishing Wild Life," Prof. H. P. Attwater, industrial agent Sunset Central Lines, Houston (twenty minutes).

"The Sunbonnet Woman," Miss Iraja Mathews, superintendent of Women's Auxiliary State Farmers' Institute, Oklahoma City, Okla. (twenty minutes).

"Conservation of the Woman on the Farm," Dr. Mary E. Gearing, department of domestic economy, University of Texas (fifteen minutes).

"Seven Years of Investigation to Determine the Seven Best Varieties of Corn for Texas," D. A. Saunders, Greenville, Texas (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

"Motor Power on the Farm," Judge L. Gough, Crosbyton, Texas (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Second Day—Tuesday, 2 p.m.**

"Our Rural Schools," W. F. Barnett, Van Alstyne (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

"What the Boys and Girls Are Doing for Agricultural Advancement," O. B. Martin, first assistant in charge of the boys' and girls' clubs, United States department of agriculture (fifteen minutes).

"Bees and Honey," with demonstration, T. P. Robinson, Bartlett; L. H. Scholl, New Braunfels, and other members Texas Beekeepers' association (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Third Day—Wednesday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Good Roads and Good Farming," J. W. Warren, president of the Texas Good Roads association (twenty minutes).

"Home Canning," with demonstration, Miss Betty Rogers and H. H. Williamson (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Evening Session, 8 O'Clock.**

"The Place of the Small Dairy Herd and the Silo on the Well-Balanced Farm," C. O. Moser, Dallas, president Texas Dairymen's association (fifteen minutes).

Discussion, led by Sam Dodson, Sherman.

"Scientific Methods of Preservation and Marketing of Farm Products," Dr. J. S. Abbott, pure food and drug commissioner, Austin (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Fourth Day—Thursday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Influence of the National Corn Exposition," Prof. C. P. Bull, professor of agronomy, Minnesota Agricultural College (fifteen minutes).

"Fifteen-cent Cotton and How to Sell It," W. B. Year, president of Southern States Cotton corporation, Farmersville, Texas (fifteen minutes).

"The Turkey Trot—Turkey Raising on the Farm," C. C. Smith, Cuero, "turkey farmer" (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Fifth Day—Friday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Influence of the National Corn Exposition," Prof. C. P. Bull, professor of agronomy, Minnesota Agricultural College (fifteen minutes).

"Scientific Methods of Preservation and Marketing of Farm Products," Dr. J. S. Abbott, pure food and drug commissioner, Austin (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Sixth Day—Saturday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Modern Farming Methods," Dr. Tait Butler, editor of the Progressive Farmer, Memphis, Tenn. (fifteen minutes).

"The Turkey Trot—Turkey Raising on the Farm," C. C. Smith, Cuero, "turkey farmer" (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Seventh Day—Sunday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Eighth Day—Monday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Ninth Day—Tuesday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Tenth Day—Wednesday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Eleventh Day—Thursday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Twelfth Day—Friday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Thirteenth Day—Saturday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Fourteenth Day—Sunday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Fifteenth Day—Monday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Sixteenth Day—Tuesday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Seventeenth Day—Wednesday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Eighteenth Day—Thursday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Nineteenth Day—Friday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Twenty-first Day—Sunday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

**Twenty-second Day—Monday, 2:30 p.m.**

"Advantages of the Panama Canal to the Agricultural Interests of Texas," his excellency, the governor of Texas, (fifteen minutes).

Discussion.

## Mehlin Musical Evenings

Are regular and often in homes where the Mehlin holds sway. As a solo instrument it encourages the little ones, inspires the grown-ups. With other instruments, its fine shading of tone permits the most beautiful ensemble effects.

You can't appreciate how sweet, responsive, melodious the Mehlin really is until you hear it. It's so different.

Let us play it for you. A single selection will convince you of its possibilities in the home, will show you why every Mehlin user recommends it to his friends.

## Leyhe Piano Co.

The Largest Piano Concern in Texas

709 Austin Ave., Waco, Texas.

G. H. Jackson, Mgr.

Hon. O. B. Colquitt, Austin (twenty minutes).

Discussion.

"Rural Credits," Col. Frank P. Holland, publisher Texas Farm and Ranch, Dallas (twenty minutes).

Discussion.

"A Federal Marketing Bureau," Hon. E. W. Kirkpatrick, McKinney, former president Farmers' congress (twenty minutes).

Discussion.

**WACO CHURCHES**

### Christian.

#### CENTRAL CHRISTIAN. Rev. F. N. Calvin, Pastor.

Eleventh and Washington.

"Who is my Neighbor?" is the subject of Rev. F. N. Calvin's morning sermon at the Central Christian church today. The sermon will be preceded by the Lord's Supper. At night the pastor will take for his subject "The Call of One of the World's Greatest Men." The evening services begin at 8 o'clock.

Bible school meets at 9:30 a.m. Christian Endeavor at 7 p.m.

### Baptist

#### FIRST CHURCH. Rev. F. S. Groner, Pastor.

(Thirteenth and Columbus.)

Dr. W. W. Barnes will preach at the morning service of the Columbus Street Baptist church at 11 a.m.

The evening service will be held out on the lawn. Dr. L. R. Scarborough of Fort Worth will preach.

At the close of the morning service the Lord's Supper will be celebrated. Special music has been arranged for both services.

Reports from the pastor of the church, Rev. F. R. Groner, say that he has about recovered from his illness and will return probably next week. He is at Asheville, North Carolina.

**PROVIDENT HEIGHTS.**

#### Rev. Harlan J. Matthews, Pastor.

All regular services will be held at Provident Heights Baptist church today. The pastor, Rev. Harlan J. Matthews, will preach the morning and evening sermons. Special music has been arranged.

**Episcopal.**

#### ST. PAUL'S CHURCH. Rev. W. P. Witsell, Pastor.

## WHEREIN RIGGINS WRITES LETTER NO. 27 In Three Chapters

I—WHY I HAVE NOT WRITTEN ARTICLES.

II—CONGRATULATES THE MORNING NEWS.

III—THE GREAT PROSPERITY IN FRONT OF WACO.

Mr. Editor: I cannot disguise the fact that inquiries come to me daily not only from Waco, but many other places, as to why I have not written letters not only in your papers, but others in Texas. So many inquiries and things that need my attention in connection with the hotel, letters to answer, personal visits from various parties, consumes my time. Again I have had some doubt as to whether or not I should continue writing these articles. I never like to appear in a dual capacity, nor in a doubtful capacity. I visited the general passenger agent of the M. K. & T. system in St. Louis, and he said to me: "Mr. Riggins, we read every week, when we can find them, your articles." Mr. Crush came to me in St. Louis with a number of other railroad men and after discussing Texas, he said: "Riggins, I am glad to see you. I want to ask you one question: Do you pay for the articles you write or does your business organization in Waco pay for them? I read every article you write and I have often wanted to ask this question." When I replied that I paid for them personally, he was greatly surprised. This question has been asked a great many times and I have felt that it put me in a dual capacity before the public, because the general public thinks that the data and information I give certainly is given by and through the commercial organizations and publicity fund in Waco. The result is that personally and from a business standpoint I get very little value out of them. Waco gets the benefit and it is doubtful whether or not I should appear as speaking for Waco, and if the facts I state are true, then Waco ought to tell that and not J. W. Riggins, and I will say that not one has ever been questioned. These articles have been of great value in putting Waco to the front and I don't think anyone could question that fact, but there is a doubt in my mind as to whether or not I should continue to write. There is plenty to be said and the facts are abundant. I trust this will explain my position.

II—CONGRATULATES THE WACO MORNING NEWS.

The intense interest that your paper has taken in every enterprise in Waco certainly must force the general public to appreciate the value of your existence. I expect to see the day when the circulation of the Waco Morning News will be equal to any paper in Texas. If you can get practically 10,000 subscribers in less than two years, certainly you ought to have 25,000 subscribers in two years more, and when I saw the item which stated that you were to be interested in and have a home of your own in the Provident building, I felt exceedingly gratified, and I think all Waco felt the same way. A news paper that hews to the line without fear or favor; that has no personal animosities, no friends to reward, no enemies to punish; that a news item, no matter where, nor by whom secured, is a news item, is of great value to a community, while a pretended newspaper, run to gratify personal spite, is a positive danger and detriment to a community. The Morning News is a NEWS-PAPER. We are proud of it.

III—THE PROSPERITY OF WACO.

I want to emphasize WACO WILL AND MUST GROW. We have 1,000,000 people with eyes turned toward us. PUBLICITY will move them, the facts will move them. They are getting the facts too slowly, it is true, but they are getting facts. We need PUBLICITY.

Two things I want to emphasize:

1st—Keep property down to a reasonable profit. Don't get excited, don't boom beyond a reasonable price, but sell with a profit.

2nd—Watch your city government, see that they do sane and proper things and SEE THAT THEY DO NOT GET THE TAXES TOO HIGH. Inflated values, sky-high taxes, will stop the growth of any city. It killed Oklahoma City and stopped the growth of Seattle. Profit by examples.

If you want to buy real estate, we are in the business. We will give you the benefit of our years of experience and can direct you to things you should buy or tell you about selling.

Yours truly,

J. W. RIGGINS INVESTMENT CO.

### Experts Testify At Rate Quiz

Galveston, July 12.—The third day of the Texas railroad commission hearing was devoted to the taking of expert testimony on the part of the railroads, tending to show a reduction in the present cotton tariff to be submitted by the carriers.

It will increase the maximum haul from 150 to 210 miles, using the port of Galveston as a basis.

The features from what can be ascertained, will be the refunding to Houston for concentration privileges and unless the unexpected happens the hearing will occupy the greater part of the coming week.



## Waco Saddlery Co. Always on the Square

We can save you money if you will buy your harness from us. Our harness are made of the best leather and of the very best workmanship.

And the Price Is Right

## VISIT GATESVILLE FOR INSPECTION

NEW TRUSTEES OF TRAINING  
SCHOOL SPEND DAY LOOK-  
ING IT OVER.

### SELEY DECIDES TO ACCEPT

With M. M. Harris Goes Over All  
Details—Eddins Has Bettered  
Conditions.

Gatesville, July 12.—Three members of the new board of managers of the state juvenile training institution here conferred today preliminary to the meeting of July 18, at which the board will organize. These members were W. W. Seley and M. M. Harris of Waco and D. R. Hall of Gatesville, who was president of the last board and has been reappointed under the new law. Messrs. Seley and Harris motored here from Waco, and this, Mr. Seley's first visit to the institution, resulted in his decision to accept the governor's appointment to the board. He had desired to look over the place before deciding. It was learned Gen. Felix H. Robertson of Crawford also has accepted appointment and except for an appointee in place of Dr. S. P. Brooks, president of Baylor university, who could not accept, the personnel of the new board is complete.

The trustees from Waco spent the morning going through the institution with Superintendent A. W. Eddins and discussing conditions with him, and his plans. Their visit was unexpected and they saw merely the usual routine and life of the school on a Saturday, which is the "day off" from classes and labor for the boys. Coming from the school, they met Mr. Hall in the New Bennett and went over with him the new order of things at the school and its needs. Their comment on the appearance of the place and the discipline prevailing was highly commendatory by way of comparison with conditions obtaining prior to the appointment of Superintendent Eddins.

Mr. Harris was here in November and December last before, and when Gov. Colquitt inspected the institution and at that time he discussed in detail, in the Waco Morning News, the situation at the school. After his visit today he said the place was clean beyond comparison with the state of things he noted last winter, "apparently the value of using soap and water and elbow grease had been demonstrated by the new head of the juvenile school to the employees and inmates," and "there is a man in charge who, while not an expert in reformatory conditions, is possessed of sound sense, courage and ability to handle delinquent boys." He said he was much pleased at the marked change for the better, as to discipline in the school.

Views of Mr. Harris.

"The future of this, as every other state institution," Mr. Harris said, "depends almost wholly on its receiving generous, humane treatment from the legislature. Mr. Eddins wants to, and I think he knows how to, make the place a training school in fact. It has never been such a school in more than name. His ideas and ambition for the place are strong and sensible. He wants an adequate corps of teachers of mechanics' arts and fewer men who merely act as guards. He wants to segregate the overgrown negro convicts from the white waifs and convicts. He sums up the needs of the school by saying it is necessary that the boys have some interest in life and their work, and to arouse good spirit, and this can be done only by obtaining competent, decently-paid teachers to give the boys something to think about. He must have money, a liberal appropriation, and I have confidence in his ability to reform the reformatory sufficiently to go to Austin with the other managers and plead for this appropriation. He has improved the institution substantially as to management of his charges, but there are many improvements it must have physically and in policy that only money can effect."

Mr. Seley was deeply interested in the school and he said that, judging from reports of its condition last winter, Mr. Eddins has done remarkably well in his four months of supervision. He was shown the difference between the effects of the old and the present forms of discipline and declared for the thrashing (not bull-whipping) in preference to the dark cell and "tie-up" with whose workings he was made a milliar. He stressed especially the need of removing the negroes from such close quarters with the whites and the families of the employees, and his first observation was that the negroes' dormitory was a firetrap more dangerous than any public building he had ever seen.

"I shall give particular attention," Mr. Seley said, "to the need of an infirmary for all classes of boys and believe a building should be erected for that purpose rather than the administration building be remodeled for this and a new administration building erected. But the institution is not as much in need of new structures as it is of utilizing those they have more practically. It is disgraceful that the \$10,000 trades building should be without equipment and used for storing oats. It is apparent the school has been starved in every particular, and I agree heartily with Mr. Eddins that the proper complement of trades teachers and the proper equipment for all features of the place—negro school, juvenile training and reformatory—must be had before he can accomplish anything in the way of making these the estimate to be submitted to the legislature is entirely reasonable. The young men decent citizens. I think teachers, buildings and improvement in the arrangements for general maintenance certainly appear to be needed."

Estimate of Needs.

The estimate is for \$157,560 for the first year and \$82,960 for the second year (1913-15) and the superintendent said this was a change from the custom of asking over-large appropriations for the institutions, expecting the figures to be sealed. Every dollar for every improvement and item of general maintenance is needed, he said, and he earnestly hopes this can be shown the finance committee at Austin. Mr. Seley said he believed this to be the better method, and he considered that since the members of these

# Another Sensational Week

If you don't wait too long you will surely get a very choice Piano or Player-Piano from this stock at a big bargain.

Nothing shall stop us from moving out every used piano, player-piano, square piano, organ or cabinet player this week. It's "marked up on the slate" that no in-real-earnest buyer will leave this store without making a purchase. We have seen to it that the prices and terms shall be irresistible to every caller.

### Square Pianos \$5, \$10 and \$15

Six more square pianos in good playing condition. The fine rosewood alone in these pianos is worth double the price. Buy them now.

### Organs \$10, \$15, \$20

At any other time you would pay \$40 to \$50 for these good organs. Some of the best makes in cabinet and chapel styles.

### Cabinet Players \$10, \$20, and \$25

You can attach one of these cabinet players to your upright piano and play any music you may wish. Twenty rolls of music goes with each cabinet player.

## Here are the Big Bargains in Used Uprights Terms as Low as \$5 Monthly---Just Like Rent

### Whitney Upright \$128

This piano is in mahogany case and case style is attractive.

### Arion Upright \$150

A used piano in good playing condition. Worth double the price.

### Hinze Upright \$149

Almost new piano, used about two years.

### Baus Upright \$155

A mahogany piano in surprisingly good condition. Worth \$185.

### Sterling. Walnut \$189

A modern upright that should bring us at least \$225.

### Howard, Oak \$225

Practically brand new. Will sell at first sight. Worth \$300.

WE SHIP PIANOS ANYWHERE IN TEXAS, freight prepaid. A scratch of your pen will bring you by first mail our catalogue, bargain lists and liberal plans of shipping on approval. Get our prices and save from \$75 to \$125 on your purchase.

### Brewster, Mahogany \$152

A rent piano of excellent qualities. You can buy it now on the same terms it rented before. Worth \$200.

### Royal, Oak \$218

Traded in on an Emerson player piano. Worth at least \$290.

### Bradley, Mahogany \$185

A new sample piano and a genuine bargain. Worth \$225.

### Adam Schaaf, Walnut \$225

You cannot duplicate this anywhere below \$250. Large size.

### Armstrong Player-Piano \$475

Used in demonstrations but practically as good as new. Worth \$600.

### Ellwood Player-Piano \$515

A sample player, worth \$700.

**THOS. GOOGAN & BROS.**  
The Big Music Store of Texas  
Established 1866  
Houses in San Antonio, Galveston, Houston, Dallas and Waco  
412 Austin Ave., Waco, Texas

committees had familiarized themselves with conditions at Gatesville during the regular session the trustees would encounter no serious opposition in asking that the pressing needs of the institution be provided for fully.

"I believe," he said, "this legislature is disposed to be liberal with the school and assure that it be put in order. The state cannot abandon this place, and if it is to be conducted there must be genuine improvement."

Mr. Hall also spoke commendably of what Mr. Eddins has accomplished in so short a time and said that with thorough sympathy and co-operation given by the board the institution could be operated in a way that would be a credit to the state. He mentioned the betterment of the teaching system and discipline in school through the work of Principal Weinert and his assistants, and said there was a vast difference in the attitude of the boys toward the school governance.

In the party, as Mr. Seley's guest, was Ben C. Richards of Waco. The trustees returned home this afternoon and will be here next Friday morning for the organization meeting.

The smallest commercial electric motor weighs less than two pounds.

### A NOBLE WOMAN.

"Yet, 'twill only be asleep: When, with songs and dewy light, Morning blossoms out of Night, She will open wide her eyes 'Neath the palms of Paradise,

While we foolish ones shall weep." The subject of this sketch, Mrs. Ann Barrett, was born in Yorkshire, England, October 25th, 1838. She married Mr. W. L. Barrett in 1855. To them were born the following children: Mrs. J. J. Jones, L. R. Armstrong, C. B. Harman, J. E. Cabiniss, F. W. Starr, D. Y. Woodward and Miss Mary Barrett.

On the evening of the eighth of July at 9 o'clock, Mrs. Ann Barrett, one of Waco's noblest women, gently fell asleep to rest from her labors, while her good deeds shall follow her. In her nature there was no degree of cant or deception. She was one of those old-fashioned women whose greatest asset was strength of character and a noble fortitude, and out of the wealth of her strong and at the same time sweet Christian life she enriched her home for many long years. Not only this, but she was a blessing and

a benediction to all whose lives she touched.

Her church with her was next to her home. To it she was ever faithful even as she was always to the right as God gave her to see the right. For more than thirty-three years she was a member of Fifth Street Methodist church, of which church her sainted husband was a pillar for many years. Her prayers and support will be missed. Over sixty years she had followed in the footsteps of the Master, her faith not growing cold a single time during all these years. She came to know the Lord and to depend on Him as the sure Friend in all her trials. Not that there were not sorrows and trials in her life; for there were, but above the ugly noises of the world and the ugly hurt of the world she could hear the voice of God and by faith she took hold of the Friend that sticketh closer than a brother.

In short, in the great battle of life's rugged conflict Christ to her was no faraway dream, but ever real and ever present. Her was the old-fashioned Christian home where children are born and raised as in the light of the great Task Master's eye. Hence out from this home went seven children, all noble Christian women that re-

flect honor on any home. It is no wonder, therefore, that when her time came she was ready without a single murmur to go. Death came as gently as the tired babe goes to sleep on its mother's breast. The sere and yellow leaf is not less beautiful than the rose bud in the spring morning of youth. So "Like one who wraps the drapery of his couch about him and lies down to pleasant dreams," she passed out to him forever. In that great sinless capital we shall find her again.

**Auto and Motorcycle Collide.**  
An automobile driven by P. G. Taylor, secretary-treasurer of the Taylor-Hanna-James Company, collided with a motorcycle ridden by J. R. Russom of the Brazos Valley Telephone company at Eighth and Washington streets at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Mr. Russom was knocked from his cycle. His injuries consist of painful bruises. He was able to be up later in the afternoon. Russom was going out Washington and Taylor was turning into that street off of Eighth. The motorcycle was badly smashed. Taylor stopped his car and carried the injured man to his home.

## BELLE OF WACO FLOUR

Is Good Flour. Its standard never varies. Its quality can be depended upon all the time. Its purity is absolute and its goodness always the same.

Good Bread. Good Pies. Good Cakes. Good Rolls. Good Biscuits are always the result when it is used.

Its sales are increasing daily and its popularity is lasting. Get your grocer to order it for you. Tell him

**"BELLE OF WACO FLOUR"**

**Waco Mill and Elevator Co.**  
MAKERS OF BELLE OF WACO FLOUR

# OGLE FAILS TO BREAK AUSTIN'S STRING OF WINS

SENATORS TAKE LAST GAME AND ENTIRE SERIES OF FOUR FROM WACO.

## WACO'S SCORES DONATIONS

Flanagan Walks Four Batters in the Fifth and McCuller Forces Another Across.

### TEXAS LEAGUE.

Standing of the Teams.	Won	Lost	Pct.
Houston	53	37	.590
Dallas	53	38	.582
San Antonio	48	46	.511
Waco	47	47	.500
Austin	45	47	.489
Fort Worth	42	50	.457
Galveston	43	50	.462
Beaumont	37	54	.407

Austin, July 12.—The pitching of Ogle today failed to stop Austin's winning streak and the Senators took the fourth and last of the series from Waco 6 to 2, making a clean sweep of the four games. The wildness of Flanagan in the fifth inning, when he walked four batters, virtually gave Waco the only score made. McCuller, who allowed Flanagan, walked another batter, getting the second run.

Getting to Ogle in the first inning for a double, a walk followed by a triple by Cook, a hit batsman, a stolen base, a single by Hille, a wild steal, an error by Carson, a walk and a single by Brownlow, gave the Senators five runs. Another run in the second was due to a single, a sacrifice, an out, base on balls and a double steal.

The score: Waco—AB. R. H. O. A. E. Dugay, 2b ..... 3 0 0 2 0 0 0 Beck, 3b ..... 4 0 0 2 0 0 0 McLaurin, lf ..... 4 0 1 1 0 0 0 Tanner, ss ..... 2 1 0 3 2 0 0 Whohleben, 1b ..... 2 0 0 0 14 1 0 Crichtlow, cf ..... 4 0 1 0 0 0 0 Carson, c ..... 3 1 0 1 0 2 0 Ogle, p ..... 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 Reilly ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0 0

Totals ..... 27 2 24 14 2 •Batted for Ogle in ninth. Austin—

Hohnhorst, 1b ..... 4 1 1 7 0 0 Haigh, c ..... 2 1 0 6 1 0 James, if ..... 2 1 0 0 1 0 Cook, rf ..... 3 1 1 4 0 0 McIver, cf ..... 3 1 1 0 0 0 Hille, 3b ..... 3 1 1 3 2 0 Brainerd, 2b ..... 3 0 0 2 1 0 Brownlow, ss ..... 4 0 0 3 4 0 Flanagan, p ..... 2 0 0 0 0 0 McCuller, p ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0

Totals ..... 27 6 6 27 8 1 By innings— Waco ..... 000 026 000—2 Austin ..... 510 000 000—2 Summary: Earned runs: Austin 2. Left on base, Waco 6. Austin 2. Three-base hit, Cook. Two-base hit, Haigh. Sacrifice hits, Haigh, Hille. Stolen bases, Crichtlow, Hohnhorst, Cook, McIver, Hille. Doubles plays, Hille to Whohleben, Brainerd to Brownlow to Hohnhorst. Innings pitched by Flanagan 42-3, McCuller 3-1. Bases on balls, Ogle 4. Flanagan 6. McCuller 1. Struck out, Ogle 1. Flanagan 2. McCuller 3. Hit by pitcher, Ogle (McIver and Haigh). Time, 1:33. Umpire, McKee.

Fort Worth 9-1, Dallas 4-5.

Dallas, July 12.—Dallas and Fort Worth divided honors in a double-header played here this afternoon, the Panthers taking the first game by a score of 5 to 4 and dropping the second 6 to 1. The 1st game was called at the end of the first half of the eighth inning at 6:45 o'clock to permit the Dallas club to catch a train for Waco and the Fort Worth club a train for Austin.

The first exhibition was a dull, listless affair, marred by loose fielding in which the locals were most conspicuous. The last contest was better played. Schwenk was hit hard in the first game, while Sorrells and Nolley showed better form. Sorrells was benched after he showed signs of weakening in the sixth. Rhodes was easy for the Giants in the final and was hit hard and often. Mullins was in fine fettle and held the Panthers to three hits.

Conkrite, the visitors' new fielder showed to fair advantage.

The scores: FIRST GAME.

Dallas—AB. R. H. O. A. E. Duncan, rf ..... 4 0 1 1 1 0 Boone, ss ..... 4 0 1 2 2 1 Wilson, lf ..... 4 1 1 1 1 0 Tullus, 3b ..... 4 1 1 3 5 0 Storch, cf ..... 5 1 0 1 1 0 Kellerman, 1b ..... 4 0 2 4 2 1 Moseley, 1b ..... 3 0 0 13 0 0 Schall, c ..... 2 1 0 2 0 0 Schwenk, p ..... 2 0 1 0 0 0 xCarling ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 Archibald, c ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0

Totals ..... 33 4 7 27 16 4 xCarling batted for Schall in eighth. Fort Worth—

Maloney, lf ..... 4 1 1 3 0 0 McCavoy, 2b ..... 5 1 1 0 2 0 Howard, cf ..... 5 2 2 0 0 0 Eberline, 1b ..... 4 0 1 9 0 0 Kneaves, ss ..... 5 0 2 2 3 1 Wallace, 3b ..... 5 1 2 0 0 0 Kitchens, c ..... 4 1 2 11 0 0 Conkrite, p ..... 4 2 2 2 0 0 Sorrells, p ..... 2 1 1 0 0 0 Nolley, p ..... 1 0 1 0 2 0

Totals ..... 39 9 25 27 9 1 By innings—

Dallas—001 002 010—4 Fort Worth—104 000 130—9 Summary: Innings pitched by Sorrells 6, Nolley 3. Runs, off Sorrells 5, Nolley 1. Hits, off Sorrells 6, Nolley 2. Two-base hits, Howard 2. Three-base hit, Wilson. Stolen bases, Maloney, McCavoy, Howard, Kneaves, Wallace. Sacrifice hits, Boone, Wilson, Maloney, Howard, Wallace. Struck out, by Schwenk 2, Sorrells 6, Nolley 2. Bases on balls, Schwenk 1, Sorrells 3, Nolley 1. Batters hit, by Sorrells 2. Team errors, on Nolley 1. First on errors, Fort Worth 2, Dallas 1. Left on bases, Fort Worth 7, Dallas 10. Wild pitch, Nolley.

# GIANTS DEFEAT THE REDS 3 TO 1

LARGE CROWD SEES LEAGUE LEADERS WIN AT NEW YORK.

## AMES WITH THE CINCINNATIS

Old New York Favorite Appears for First Time Against Former Teammates.

### NATIONAL LEAGUE

#### Standing of Teams.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
New York	51	24	.680
Philadelphia	42	30	.583
Chicago	42	37	.532
Pittsburg	39	38	.506
Brooklyn	35	38	.478
Boston	33	43	.434
St. Louis	32	46	.416
Cincinnati	31	49	.388

Totals ..... 23 1 3 21 15 1 Game called during eighth inning.

By innings:

Dallas ..... 010 200 2-5 Fort Worth ..... 001 000 0-1 Summary—Two-base hit, Kellerman, 1b. Struck out, Mullins 9, Rhodes 3. First base on errors, Dallas 1. Left on bases, Dallas 7, Fort Worth 9. Double play, Kneaves to McCavoy to Eberline. Wild pitch, Mullins. Passed ball, Marshall. Time of game, 1:30. Umpire, Dunlap.

Galveston 13, Beaumont 2.

Galveston, July 12.—Poor pitching in the eighth inning broke up a close game today and Galveston won from Beaumont 13 to 2, making eleven of the runs in one session. Peaster pitched good ball for seven innings, but when hit for two singles in the eighth went badly and walked them in a row. Dygert, who succeeded him was worse. He walked three, hit two and allowed a triple and a double. Sewell, although hit hard, was not hit often.

Wille was ordered out of the game by Umpire Howell for disputing.

Score: Galveston—AB. R. H. O. A. E. Madden, 3b ..... 3 1 0 4 3 1 Maag, 2b ..... 5 1 1 3 0 0 Hopkins, lf ..... 3 2 2 1 0 0 H. Williams, 1b ..... 3 2 1 7 0 0 Frierson, cf ..... 4 3 3 0 1 0 Massie, rf, ss ..... 2 2 0 1 0 0 Betcher, ss ..... 3 1 1 1 2 0 Wilson, c ..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 Jordan, c ..... 4 1 1 10 3 0 Sewell, p ..... 4 0 0 0 2 0 Dodd, ss ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0

Totals ..... 31 13 9 27 12 1

Beaumont—

Wille, c ..... 1 0 0 0 0 0

Leidy, cf ..... 3 0 2 2 0 0

Edmiston, ss ..... 4 0 0 0 1 0

Goldberg, 2b ..... 3 0 1 0 3 0 J. Williams, if ..... 4 0 1 1 0 0 Cooke, 3b ..... 4 0 0 10 0 0 Biggs, rr ..... 4 0 0 0 0 0 McMahon, 3b ..... 4 1 3 3 0 0 Reynolds, c ..... 1 1 0 6 0 0 Peaster, p ..... 2 0 0 6 0 0 Dygert, p ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0

Totals ..... 30 2 7\*22 10 2 \*Mao out for interference; Betcher out, hit by batted ball.

By innings:

Galveston ..... 000 002 0 11 —13 Beaumont ..... 000 001 1 0 0 —2 Summary: Two-base hits, Leidy, McMahon, J. Williams, Betcher. Three-base hits, Hopkins, McMahon, Frierson. Stolen bases, H. Williams, Frierson, 3, Massie. Sacrifice fly, Reynolds. Sacrifice hit, Hopkins. Innings pitched by Peaster 7, Dygert 3, Sewell 1, Hites, Peaster 7, Dygert 3, Sewell 1, Hites, Peaster 5, Dygert 1, Sewell 9. Hit by pitcher, Reynolds, Dygert (H. Williams and Madden). Left on base, Galveston 7, Beaumont 5. Time 2 hours. Umpire, Howell.

Score—R. H. E.

Chicago ..... 310 200 000 1—6 11 3 Philadelphia ..... 212 600 01\*—12 17 2 Griner and Wingo; Roberts, Brennan and Killifer.

Chicago 6, Brooklyn 5.

Brooklyn, July 12.—Brooklyn and Chicago batted ten innings today, the locals going down to their tenth straight defeat 6 to 5. Brooklyn used 5 pitchers and Chicago two. Brooklyn played a great uphill game, tying the score in the eighth.

Score—R. H. E.

Chicago ..... 310 200 000 1—6 11 3 Brooklyn ..... 100 100 120 0—5 10 3 Humphries, Cheney and Bresnahan; Reynolds, c ..... 1 1 0 6 0 0 Peaster, p ..... 2 0 0 6 0 0 Dygert, p ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0

Totals ..... 311 130 000 1—12 15 3 Robinson, Cannitz and Simon; Dickson, Noyes and Radiken.

Pittsburg 6, Boston 4.

Boston, July 12.—By defeating Boston today 6 to 4 Pittsburg won its eighth straight victory this week. The Pirates went ahead in the fourth and again in the eighth. Maranville made five clean hits, all of them singles, in as many times at bat.

Score—R. H. E.

Pittsburg ..... 600 000 000—6 7 11 3 Boston ..... 600 000 000—6 7 13 5 Robinson, Cannitz and Simon; Dickson, Noyes and Radiken.

Atlanta COPS LAST GAME

Mobile Loses, Two to Nothing After Winning First Two—Montgomery Beats Chattanooga.

### SOUTHERN LEAGUE

#### Standing of the Teams.

	Won	Lost	Pct.
Mobile	52	38	.578
Montgomery	50	37	.575
Atlanta	44	37	.543
Chattanooga	45	40	.529
Birmingham	44	49	.494
Nashville	39	45	.464
Memphis	37	51	.420
New Orleans	29	52	.358

Atlanta, July 12.—Atlanta won the final game of the series with Mobile today 2 to 0, after having lost the two previous games.

Score—R. H. E.

Mobile ..... 000 000 000—0 4 1 Atlanta ..... 100 001 000—2 8 2 Batteries—Cavet and Schmidt; Thompson and Dunn.

Totals ..... 31 4 9 27 13 2 Batted for Allen in ninth.

San Antonio—

Lemon, c ..... 4 0 0 5 4 1 Collins, lf ..... 4 1 1 1 2 0 Seitz, 2b ..... 3 0 0 1 2 0 White, rr ..... 4 1 2 1 5 0 Britton, ss ..... 4 1 2 0 4 0 Newnam, 1b ..... 3 0 2 11 0 0 Stinson, cf ..... 3 0 1 0 0 0 Schwind, ss ..... 3 0 0 2 1 2 Browning, p ..... 4 0 1 3 1 0

Totals ..... 32 3 7\*25 15 2 \*Two out when winning scored.

By innings:

Houston ..... 021 000 001—4 1 San Antonio ..... 010 000 020—0 0 0

Summary: Two-base hit, Frantz. Three-base hit, Gray. Stolen bases, Mowry. Sacrifice hits, Allen, Kibler. Hitting, 3, Rose 2. Bases on balls, Houston 2, San Antonio 7. Time, 1:33. Umpire, Matthews.

Second game—

Houston—

## The Truth About Hair Tonics

The other day a whimsical sort of chap said: "If I could have one wish granted it would be this—to have my whiskers on top of my head and be bald on my face and neck."

Rather a good idea, that. And now you will know we are going to say something about hair tonics. But we'll not say what you expect us to.

Any man who believes there is a remedy on earth that will grow hair on a polished scalp is going to be disappointed.

What we claim for Penslar Hair Tonic is that it is a mighty good thing to save the hair that is left. It stops dandruff—keeps it away if you keep your scalp clean and don't reinfect it by using a comb or brush that is teeming with dandruff germs.

Stopping the dandruff generally means stopping the loss of hair. We firmly believe that.



Hair Tonic will do you more good than any other. Besides it is a pleasant and very beneficial hair dressing—no stickiness, no greasiness, either.

Try a 50 cent bottle of this honest hair tonic—one that does all it claims, but does not claim impossible things. We know it will please you. There are very few hair tonics for which we can say as much.

The Penslar Store.

**STETLER'S Drug Store**  
Corner Eighth & Austin

**Miss Tabitha Milner Loses Travel Bag**

Miss Tabitha Milner, daughter of Col. R. T. Milner, president of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, lost a traveling bag yesterday on the Dallas road between Waco and West.

She was making an automobile trip from College Station to Midlothian with a party of friends. They stopped just north of Waco on account of tire trouble and the traveling bag was placed on the side of the road. When the car started it was forgotten. She telephoned to the Morning News from Midlothian last night telling of her loss.

**Williams Visits Austin.**  
Austin, July 12.—Several requests have been made to the governor to submit the blue sky law to the special session of the legislature. Representative Williams of McLennan county was in the capitol today and conferred with State Commissioner of Agriculture and Banking Gill. Senator Darwin of Delta county has also requested the governor to send the bill to the special session.

**Statewide Primary.**

Harrisburg, Pa., July 12.—The statewide primary bill passed by the last legislature was approved tonight by Governor Tener. All candidates from United States senator and governor down to precinct officers must now go before the people for nomination.

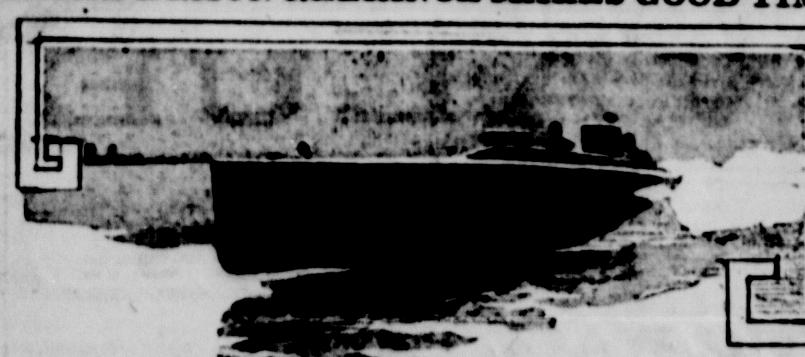
**Serious Oversight.**

"That's always the way!" said Mr. Growcher. "The people who give the best part of this show aren't mentioned on the program."

"Why?" protested the manager. "I have made a point of using all the possible people, even those of the people who make the wigs and shoes."

"Yes; but you haven't mentioned the men who put up the electric signs outside the theatre."—Washington Star.

**SPEED DEMON RELIANCE MAKES GOOD TIME**



COMMODORE J.S. BLACKTON'S SPEED DEMON RELIANCE

The speed demon Reliance, the fast motor boat owned by Commodore J. S. Blackton, is making fine time in the trials for the selection for the competition of the British International Motor Boat Challenge Trophy, in Huntington Bay. The speed demon Reliance made the fastest time, covering thirty nautical miles in 50m. 46s., or at the rate of 35.64 knots.

## BOND IS FIXED IN BAKER CASE

**SISTERS TESTIFY IN MURDER TRIAL, ONE AGAINST THE OTHER.**

Dallas, July 12.—Sister against sister. This was brought out Saturday morning in the habeas corpus hearing for H. Baker, charged with the murder of R. R. Pickering, who was shot and killed a week ago today at Commerce and Ervy streets. The wife of the accused man took the witness stand, swore that besides slandering her to other people Pickering had also made indecent proposals to her and that when she told her husband he walked the floor most of the night and said that he intended to kill Pickering. On the other hand the widow of the man killed went on the stand and swore that Baker shot his husband because he (Pickering) objected to her associating with Mrs. Baker, who is a sister of the widow of the man who was killed.

Following the testimony of half a dozen or more witnesses Judge Seay remanded the defendant and fixed the bond at \$7,500. J. S. Baker, brother of the accused man, and one of his attorneys, says he will have no trouble making the bond.

**Much Interest Shown.**

While the court room was not crowded, yet the testimony was so closely bordering on the sensational that every word was eagerly listened to, the spectators crowding around inside of the railing and straining their ears to catch every word that was uttered. Before the opening of court Baker's wife and three little children were in the court room. There were also several other women, some of them being witnesses in the case and others present only as spectators. Baker did not appear to be much worried, but that the testimony brought out by the state was a surprise to the defense was evident. Most of the interest centered in the testimony of Baker's wife, the widow of Pickering and Miss Ollie Pickering, the 18-year-old daughter of Pickering by a former wife. The testimony of the latter was especially startling in its nature.

## CANNOT FILL VACANCY

**DIRECT ELECTION OF SENATORS BRINGS OUT TECHNICALITY.**

If Place Is Unfilled, Governor Cannot Appoint Nor the Legislature Elect.

Austin, July 12.—If a vacancy should occur in Texas' representation in the United States senate it could not at the present time be filled either by the governor or the legislature, under the new election of senators statute. This was the opinion expressed by Governor O. B. Colquitt today. He said in answer to a question on this point:

"The joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing that senators shall be elected by the people of the several states, as adopted by the legislature of the state of Texas and approved by me on February 14, 1913, reads as follows:

"Resolved, by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled (two-thirds of each house concurring therein),

"That in lieu of the first paragraph of Section 3, Article 1, of the constitution of the United States and in lieu of so much of Paragraph 2 of the same section as relates to the filling of vacancies, the following be proposed as an amendment to the constitution, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states.

"The senate of the United States shall be composed of two senators from each state, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each senator shall have one vote. The electors in each state shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislatures.

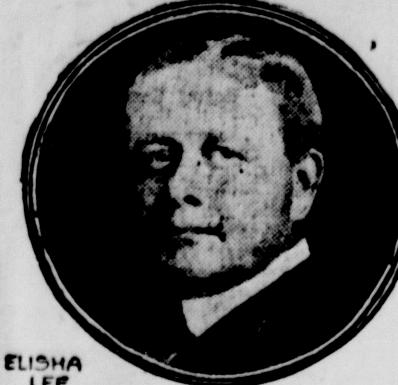
"When vacancies happen in the representation of any state in the senate, the executive authority of such state shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies; provided that the legislature of any state may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election, and the legislature may direct.

"This amendment shall not be so construed as to affect the election or terms of any senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the constitution."

"The legislatures of three-fourths of the states have ratified the foregoing proposed amendment. Due proclamation of its adoption was made some time ago by the secretary of state at Washington and it is now part of the organic law of the land.

"If a vacancy should occur in the representation of Texas in the United

## GREAT RAILWAY STRIKE NOW SEEMS INEVITABLE.



Making a general railroad strike seem inevitable within a short time, the representatives of the forty-two railroads east of Chicago broke off all further negotiations with the representatives of the conductors and trainmen. The latter sent out a call for the general committee of the Eastern railroads to meet Saturday to vote on the date of the strike to begin. The vote by all the men involved, which was announced, showed that 76,683 had voted for a strike and only 4,210 against a strike.

When Elisha Lee, chairman of the Managers' Committee, refused to consider uniform increases of wages the 150 representatives of the conductors and trainmen's locals withdrew to prepare for a strike.

George F. Baer, president of the Reading Railroad, leaving to-day for Europe, asserted that in case of a general strike there would be no tie-up of the railroads, as the railroad companies were prepared for the emergency.



GEORGE F. BAER.

## GOV. COLQUITT LISTS APPROPRIATIONS

Continued From Page 1

\$20 and the court of criminal appeals will need \$62,358, the highest of any court in the judiciary.

The figures prepared for the Uni-

versity do not include the revenue from the permanent fund of the University. This revenue is an annual income from the land endowment.

### Summary of Appropriations.

	1913-14	1914-15
State departments	\$1,316,724	\$1,245,932
Eleemosynary institutions	1,607,945	1,437,595
Educational institutions	2,206,800	1,529,950
Judiciary	967,063	965,863
Totals	\$6,095,232	\$5,179,340

### State Departments.

	1913-14	1914-15
Governor's office	\$ 23,956	\$ 23,956
Mansion and grounds	1,650	1,650
Department of state	23,709	23,595
State revenue agent	10,450	10,250
Public buildings and grounds	69,900	59,000
Department of insurance and banking	255,788	224,538
Library and historical commission	32,568	28,118
State tax board	5,000	4,800
State purchasing agent	6,625	6,265
Public printing	49,650	49,650
Labor statistics bureau	13,722	13,612
Inspector of masonry	9,650	9,350
Adjutant general	102,092	78,380
State health board	60,400	48,400
Game, fish and oyster	9,100	6,600
Livestock sanitary commission	51,000	51,000
Mining board	7,500	4,900
Pure food and drugs	16,500	16,500
Passion department	6,900	6,900
Agricultural experimental stations	134,500	134,500
Attorney general	39,580	39,580
Education department	130,370	130,370
Treasury	39,350	39,350
Comptroller	40,545	40,545
Land office	66,400	66,400
Railroad commission	44,380	44,380
Agricultural department	63,428	63,428
Totals	\$1,316,724	\$1,245,932

### Eleemosynary Institutions.

	1913-14	1914-15
Orphans' home	\$ 56,966	\$ 57,966
Confederate home	94,300	94,300
Confederate Women's home	16,480	16,480
Blind institute	57,185	86,765
Deaf and dumb institute	110,350	101,650
Epileptic colony	91,250	101,650
Deaf, dumb and blind (colored)	107,270	18,420
State institution for training of juveniles	157,760	83,660
Lunatic asylum, Austin	355,220	311,620
San Antonio insane asylum	299,980	299,980
Terrell insane asylum	356,910	346,910
Totals	\$1,697,645	\$1,437,595

### Educational Institutions.

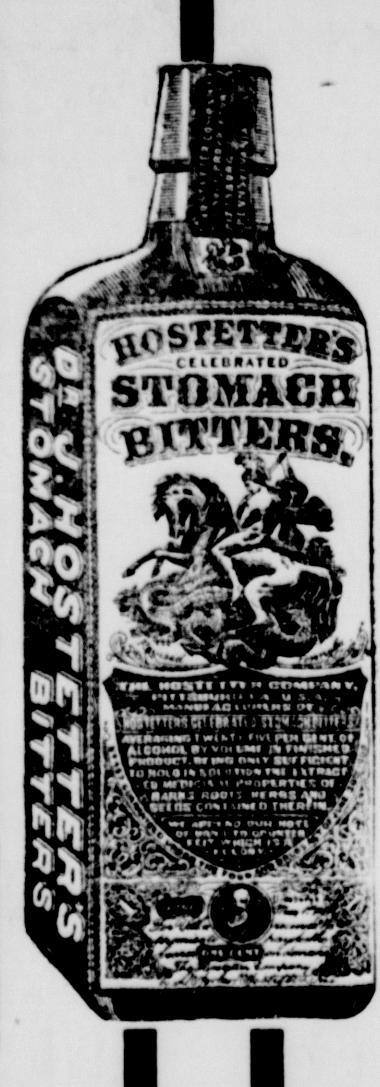
	1913-14	1914-15
University of Texas (to which will be added the income from its permanent fund)	\$ 548,000	\$ 548,000
Agricultural and Mechanical College	905,025	401,050
Prairie View Normal	137,950	150,290
College of Industrial Arts	89,750	65,500
Permanent improvements	160,400	56,950
Sam Houston Normal	50,000	47,000
Denton Normal	162,800	120,700
San Marcos Normal	124,800	91,000
Canyon Normal	48,075	46,550
Totals	\$2,206,800	\$1,329,850

### Judiciary.

	1913-14	1914-15
Supreme court	\$ 30,010	\$ 30,010
Court criminal appeals	31,078	31,278
Galveston court of civil appeals	14,810	14,610
Fort Worth court of civil appeals	14,410	14,410
Austin court of civil appeals	14,005	14,005

**"On Guard"**

If you have good health, guard it carefully, for it means everything to you. Watch the appetite—the digestion—the bowels. A coated tongue and severe headache indicate liver troubles. Always keep a bottle of

**HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS**

in the house and take it at the first sign of distress or weakness. It is a splendid "safe-guard to health" and prevents

**Poor Appetite  
Sick Headache  
Indigestion  
Dyspepsia  
Costiveness  
Cramps  
Diarrhoea  
Biliousness  
and Malaria.**

The genuine sold only in bottles like cut. Refuse substitutes.

**I**F YOU have some old jewelry that you would like to have remodeled or broken jewelry that needs repairing, let us repair and refinish it, for our work is guaranteed and our prices reasonable.

**Hafner-Anderson Co.****Jewelry--Pianos**

OFFICIAL R. R. TIME INSPECTORS

Temporary Location 704 Austin

**Lone Highwayman Shoots and Kills****Young Bride Before Lunacy Commission**

Colorado Springs, Colo., July 12.—A masked man who tried to hold up the night clerk at the Cliff house, a fashionable summer hotel at Manitou, early today shot and killed Night Watchman C. Whitehead and escaped to the hills.

Walking past a number of guests on the porch and in the outer gallery, the robber shortly before 1 o'clock this morning covered Night Clerk Casson and Night Watchman Whitehead with a revolver and ordered them behind the counter. Whitehead tried to escape, but a bullet from the bandit's gun killed him. The shot aroused the guests and without attempting to secure any money or valuables the bandit rushed through an outer door, jumped a high porch railing and disappeared. A posse is in pursuit.

Six Los Angeles women recently went down on the bottom of the sea in the new submarine boat Cage and remained there for 25 minutes. All claimed that they enjoyed the trip very much.

The world is consuming more than 1,000,000 gallons of kerosene every day.

**Are You a Sidewalk Builder?**

The City requires Bonds guaranteeing the construction and maintenance of this work.

The TEXAS FIDELITY & BONDING COMPANY writes such Bonds, as well as all other classes of Bonds.

Patronize your HOME CO. Offices 8th floor Amicable Building.

**Citizens Have Meeting To Discuss Natural Gas**

**Three Propositions Pending, Any of Which Will Bring Pipe Line to Waco—Local Company Must Meet Rate if Supply Is Here.**

Natural gas for Waco is now practically assured.

At the mass meeting held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock in the Chamber of Commerce it developed that three concerns already have made bids to put through the deal for natural gas. Should there be the possibility of the slightest hitch here, the largest consumers of the city, represented at the session, went on record that they would stand behind the enterprise.

The meeting was an enthusiastic one. Those interested believe that they now have everything well in hand and that the deal will be consummated shortly. The consumers stand behind the committee in a combined body, and are determined to bring gas into Waco should a foreign concern fail to enter into the project.

"While no concrete plans have been made," declared Chairman H. M. Baine, "we are now considering three propositions that have been made since our trip to the fields. We have taken no definite action, and will not until each offer has been thoroughly investigated."

"Regarding the local gas company, there is a provision in the charter that would compel the company to meet a competing rate. A pipe line feeding Franklin, Mary and Jasonson streets would care for practically all of the large Waco consumers. It is here that the factories are located.

"Waco is as large as the black land will make her, in my opinion. If there is to be development and expansion, it will have to be from within and not from without."

**Abeel Is Anxious.**

At this point, J. W. Riggins declared that he was anxious to have something done, as it would soon be time to install engines and lighting equipment in the Riggins hotel. He declared that the local gas company had asked him to leave the matter of gas supply to them, and that they would make a favorable offer.

"That has been a long time ago, and I have never been able to get a definite answer from the company," he added.

Mr. Riggins offered a motion that the present committee, with the addition of W. P. Damman, be instructed to determine: First, the reliability of the field; second, the cost of laying the main, and third, the amount of gas that will be piped in, and how much of it will be used by the Waco consumers.

His motion prevailed, and the committee was so instructed.

A second meeting will be called shortly.

**List of Those Present.**

Those present: S. J. Quay, W. W. Cameron, W. P. Damman, John Potts, William C. Abeel, Louis Michel, T. F. Drake, J. W. Riggins, J. F. Wells, Anderson Riley, Dr. Watson.

"The fields," he said, "were located

Experience in Oklahoma.

W. P. Damman, formerly of Oklahoma City, described the events leading up to the piping of that town when natural gas was discovered nearby.

"The fields," he said, "were located

about ninety miles away. Within less than three months after its discovery

the gas company there had a line in operation and was supplying customers. Rates at the residences were placed at 25 cents, while the large consumers were given rates from 10 cents down. With the coming of natural gas into Oklahoma it was noted that we were not longer asked for a bonus from companies proposing to locate there, nor further that we got number of new concerns."

Superintendent Quay of the city waterworks department declared that he would be glad to have gas brought into Waco. The cost, he said, would not be prohibitive.

In speaking of the attitude of the local gas concern, Henry Bell said:

"They will fight the deal until it is financed, and then they will be glad to come in."

"Some one told me yesterday," interpolated W. W. Cameron, "that the company was figuring on cutting down the cost of gas here, and guaranteeing the same number of heat units that are found in the natural gas at Dallas."

"Well, that does not mean anything," Bell replied, "Dallas gas is not out of the ordinary."

"It sounds good, just the same, to the man who doesn't know anything about gas," Cameron answered.

**Riggins Wants Committee.**

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**Riggins Wants Committee.**

At this point, J. W. Riggins declared that he was anxious to have something done, as it would soon be time to install engines

## Listen, Gentlemen!

Here are some special Shirt Offerings which should prove of great moment to you—provided real values, along with price, are to be considered.

\$1.00 and \$1.50 White Pleated Shirts, 35c. 3 for... \$1.00  
\$1.50 and \$2.00 Colored Pleated Shirts..... 95c

These are truly splendid values, and no man can make a mistake in inspecting the line.

### Ordinarily, Broken Lots of Men's Suits

do not appeal to the regular buyer, but we have some especially desirable patterns of superior cut and finish, up to \$20 values for

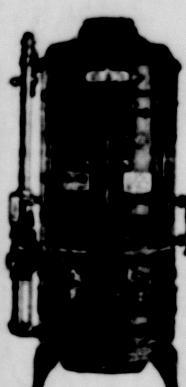
**\$10.00**

These Suits will be on sale during the current week.

*J.A. Loughridge*

414 Austin Street

Waco, Texas



### Bathroom, Kitchen and Laundry

provided with an unlimited supply of pure hot water—as hot as required—at any time in the day or night—by means of a

### "PITTSBURG" Automatic Gas Water Heater

No waiting—scalding water instantly available at a turn of the faucet.  
No waste—gas only burns while you are actually drawing water. The Circulating Thermostat and Sectional Copper Heating Coils insure economy and durability.

Call and see this time-and-worry-saver in our showroom. If you can't call, write

HILL BROS. & CO., Phone 302  
705 Austin

A demonstration will convince you of the "Pittsburgh's" economy and convenience. We will take pleasure in "showing you."

HILL BROS. & CO., Phone 302  
705 Austin

## Art Squares

We have just received a full carload of exquisitely designed Art Squares, which we are offering during the coming week at exceedingly attractive prices. No prices are quoted here, because we want you to personally inspect these new designs.

Price and Quality Will Appeal to Your Money Sense.

## Refrigerators

And other seasonable offerings can be had at this big store, all at warm weather prices. This means that the profits have just about disappeared.

## Ray Rowell

### Waco Drug Company

"The Wholesale Drug House of Central Texas."

**WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS**

#### INSECTICIDES

We have a large stock of Paris Green, London Purple, and Arsenate of Lead and can ship promptly

**WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS!**

### ENJOIN SALOON MEN

COUNTY ATTORNEY SECURES INJUNCTION AGAINST BOOGGS BROTHERS.

Alleges Operation Without License. Third Writ of Kind Issued.

Alleging that the saloon at 100 South Second street was being operated without a license, County Attorney John McNamara yesterday filed a petition for an injunction restraining J. G. Boggs and H. C. Boggs from doing business at that place. The writ was granted by Special Judge E. Yantis of the Nineteenth district court.

The petition alleges that Boggs Bros., the firm doing business at the place, never made application for license and have never had a license to do business. The license for the place was in the name of George Warren. Boggs Bros. purchased the place and the license, but never had the license transferred.

This is the third injunction within the past few weeks that the county attorney has secured against saloon men. In each instance it was alleged the saloon was being operated without a license.

Clemens Bound Over.

M. J. Clemens was bound over in the sum of \$100 to await the action of the grand jury when given an examining trial before Justice J. J. Padgett yesterday on a charge of theft. According to the allegations of witnesses \$80 worth of brass was stolen from the S. A. & A. P. railway yards.

Justice Marries Four. Justice J. J. Padgett officiated at the wedding of two couples who called at his offices yesterday seeking some one with authority to perform the nuptials.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT COURT.

J. E. Yantis, Special Judge. R. V. McClain, Clerk. Motions heard. Injunction restraining Boggs Bros. from operating a saloon at 100 South Second street.

COUNTY COURT.

George N. Denton, Judge. J. W. Baker, Clerk. The following complaints were dismissed: Marion Scott, charged with theft; John W. Fire, charged with serious threats; Henry Bolen, charged with destroying fence, and Howard Herring charged with aggravated assault and battery.

JUSTICE COURT.

Harvey M. Richey, Judge. Howard Graves, vagrancy: \$30.10. SUITS FILED.

Justice Richey's Court. J. J. Simms vs. Birdie Dawson, note. J. J. Simms vs. Israel Mims, note. J. J. Simms vs. Rowie Porter, note.

Marriage Licenses.

The number of marriage licenses issued yesterday was in excess of those issued any single day during the month. The following were granted: Charles Janski and Miss Rose Mims, John Henry Williams and Annie Douglas.

Jesus Rodriguez and Pastino Lopes, Ed Hunter and Miss Eddie Plemons, D. White and Miss Onie Osborn, Gerald Ferguson and Miss Birdie Peters.

Will Washington and Emma Smith, Lee Robinett and Miss Onie Walker.

Automobile Licenses.

Waco Coca Cola Bottling Co., 4-cylinder 30-horsepower Federal truck and a 4-cylinder 30-horsepower Kelley truck.

Tobe Vanous, Waco, 4-cylinder 20-horsepower American.

J. F. Branes, Waco, 4-cylinder 25-horsepower Buick.

M. J. Vanous, Waco, 4-cylinder 36-horsepower Ford.

F. W. Starr, Waco, 4-cylinder 36-horsepower Chalmers.

H. L. Hunter, Mart, 4-cylinder 25-horsepower Studebaker.

FARMING CONGRESS AT SABINAL

Railroads Have Announced Low Rates for Agricultural Meet.

Reduced fares will be in effect on all railroads July 14 to 16, inclusive, for the Texas Dry Farming Congress to be held at Sabinal July 15, 16 and 17. A well arranged program has been prepared for the three days, and agriculturists from all over the state will attend the meeting.

MR. GRISWOLD THOMPSON TO WED MISS MAY VAN ALLEN.



It is reported from Newport that Miss May Van Alen, granddaughter of the late Mrs. Astor, is engaged to Mr. Griswold Thompson, of New York. Mr. Thompson is a well known bond broker. The wedding is to take place in September, probably in Newport, and it will doubtless be one of the notable events of the season.

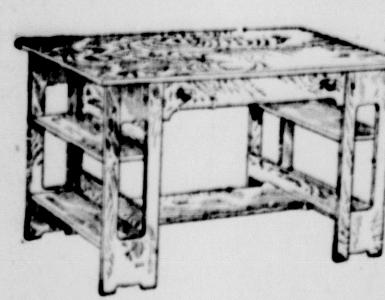
At the present rate of consumption and with modern methods of production the world's known iron ore deposits are estimated by experts to supply the demand for 200 years.

NEWS WANT ADS BRING RESULTS

## Another Big Discount On All Goods

Owing to the season advancing and our determination not to carry over any of our Summer Goods, we are going to close them out at a big discount. We are also compelled to make room for our Fall Stock, which will arrive shortly. We must have the room—Furniture must move—and move it will, for we have put the prices down so low that you will realize that now is the time for you to buy. Here are just a few of the many bargains that we are offering for next week:

### Library Tables



Similar to Cut.

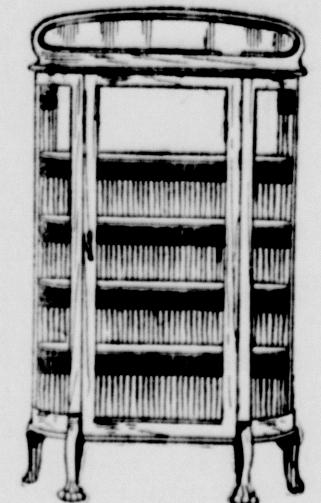
Do not overlook this chance to get one of these tables. We have them in Golden Oak, Early English or French Oak. A table that sells regularly for \$10. We are closing these out at

**\$6.90**

We have a few more pieces of Porch Furniture that positively must move this week, so you know what that means. You can get them at a sacrifice.

If you didn't get a Cedar Chest during our sale, you had better do so now, for they, too, must move. You cannot afford to be without one of these Chests at the prices that we are offering them for next week. 15 per cent discount on all Chests.

### China Closets



Just like the cut, with this exception: It has no mirror. It has bent glass in door and ends, is constructed of Golden Oak and is worth \$22.50. We are closing them out for

**\$13.95**

### The Best Sulkey



Like Cut.

Here is a Sulkey that sells for \$5.50. It is collapsible, has spring seat and in fact is very comfortable for the little one. We are closing them out for

**\$3.90**

**Stratton Furniture Co.**  
COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS

OUR EFFORT IS TO

## PLEASE

No matter where you go you will not find a firm which will try to please you more than we will.

*E. Mc Freeman & Sons*

Fine Groceries, Fresh Meats, Wines, Liquors, Bottled Beer, Wood, Coal and Feed.

Phones 20

720 S. 11th St.

### GOLD CAMEL TEA

We Guarantee Every Package of Our Celebrated Gold Camel Tea

### "Alabama Sweets"

The Finest Melons That Can Be Bought. Phone Us Your Order For a Cold One

All Kinds of Box Lunches and Cold Drinks

If It's Anything to Eat or Drink Early Has It.

### J. A. EARLY

313 FRANKLIN STREET



MISS MAY VAN ALLEN  
PHOTO BY AIME DURONT

45x36 Hemstitched Linen  
Pillow Cases — All Pure  
Linen. Our \$1.75 kind,  
Special at a pair ..... \$1.25

90x99 Hemstitched Linen  
Sheets — All Pure Flax;  
values each \$3.00. Special  
to close out this lot at  
each ..... \$2.49

72x72 Round Scalloped  
Damask Table Cloth — All  
Linen, our \$3.75 quality.  
Special, each ..... \$2.85



Each day the Sanger Soda Fountain grows more popular—We serve  
light lunches at our Fountain.

Uncut Linen Towels —  
Size 24x45, with a place  
for a monogram; 85c  
quality, at each ..... 69c

Fancy Huck Toweling —  
All Linen, 22 and 24  
inches wide, Striped and  
Floral Design; values 65c  
and 75c per yard. Special ..... 55c

Pongee Coats at \$5.00—  
Pongee Coats for Traveling  
and Outing Wear,  
with semi-fitted back.  
\$12.50 and \$10 Coats ..... \$5.00



## The Greater and Still Better Sanger Store Is of Especial Interest at This Time to Vacationists

For it presents all of the requisites necessary to your complete comfort and enjoyment. JULY IS THE GREAT GO-AWAY MONTH—and also the month that makes those who stay at home give really serious thought to Summer Dress. How to be stylishly and becomingly garbed and at the same time comfortably cool—that's the uppermost thought whether you are to spend the Summer Months at home or out of town. Some people worry about it—but what's the good? Worry and warm weather don't agree. Just plan to visit the Sanger Store where all these Summer problems have been worked out to a correct solution. For you, it's simply the choosing—making preference and price agree—we have taken care of the quality and stand sponsor for the reliability of what we offer you here regardless of the price you pay. You can choose here, knowing that styles are the newest and assured that you are selecting from an unsurpassed assortment.

### Values to \$8.95 in Dresses for Stout Women \$3.95

Dresses for hard to fit women, cut on correct lines, made of Tissues and Crepe Woven fabrics, in blue, white, black and white and tan and white; sizes 37 to 51. Values to \$8.95, at ..... \$3.95

### Dress Values up to \$10.00 on Sale at \$5.00

In this assortment you will find smart and dainty Voile and Tissue Dresses in Stripes and Flowered, in new beautiful summer colorings; cool and refreshing looking; tastefully designed. Values to \$10.00, at ..... \$5.00

### Dress Values to \$12.75 on Sale at \$6.95

Women's Dresses in Voiles, beautifully trimmed with durable laces, well made, all sizes, values to \$12.75, Clearance Sale price ..... \$6.95

## Final Clearance Sale All Hair Goods

Choice of Our Entire Stock at the Following Reductions

This sale of Hair Goods should be of special interest to you. It includes our entire stock of Human Hair Switches that sell regularly from \$2.00 to \$32.50, in all shades and lengths. Also Bangs, Puffs and Transformations. REDUCED AS FOLLOWS:

\$ 2.00 Switches for.....	\$ 1.50	\$ 6.00 Switches for.....	\$ 4.50
\$ 2.50 Switches for.....	\$ 1.88	\$ 7.50 Switches for.....	\$ 5.63
\$ 3.00 Switches for.....	\$ 2.25	\$ 8.50 Switches for.....	\$ 6.38
\$ 3.50 Switches for.....	\$ 2.53	\$ 10.00 Switches for.....	\$ 7.50
\$ 4.00 Switches for.....	\$ 3.00	\$ 12.50 Switches for.....	\$ 9.38
\$ 4.50 Switches for.....	\$ 3.38	\$ 15.00 Switches for.....	\$ 11.25
\$ 5.00 Switches for.....	\$ 3.75	\$ 32.50 Switches for.....	\$ 24.38

Hair goods department now located on the Second Floor, in Millinery Section.

## Small Rugs at Attractive Price Reductions

36x63-inch Japanese Matting Rugs—Special July Clearance Sale price... 39c	27x54-inch Velvet Rugs—Special July Clearance Sale price... \$1.15
27x54-inch Brussels Rugs—Special July Clearance Sale price... 95c	36x72-inch Velvet Rugs—Special July Clearance Sale price... \$2.35

## Legislators Oppose Bonds; Urge Defeat of Amendment

Show the People That Unlimited Authority to Create Debts Is Conferred By Resolution—No Approval From Taxpayers Is Necessary.

To the People of Texas:  
In the closing days of the recent session of the legislature Senate Joint Resolution No. 18, being an amendment to sections 49 and 52 of article 3 of the state constitution, now generally known as the bond amendment, was submitted to the people and is to be voted on July 19.

After mature consideration and thorough investigation, we feel it our duty to advise the people of Texas that, in our opinion, this amendment should be defeated. Some of our reasons are as follows:

1. The long settled policy of this state has been that no bonds could be issued for any purpose without a vote of the taxpayers interested. The bond amendment recognizes this principle in the matter of building school houses, public roads and irrigation districts, and its advocates urge it as one of the reasons why the amendment should be adopted. This feature is a wise policy and is recognized by the present constitution and the laws of this state, and will not be disturbed if the amendment is defeated; but if the amendment is adopted, it will take from the people, the taxpayers, the control that they now have over the creation of state debts and the issuance of state bonds and place it entirely in the hands of the legislature, which will have full power to issue bonds for all state purposes except the actual running expenses of the state government. But the state officials may incur debts for

the running expenses of the government to the amount of half a million dollars every two years, which may be exceeded to precedents, established by previous legislatures, converted into interest bearing bonds if the legislature desires.

The people will not be permitted to vote upon any bond issue that the legislature may see fit to make. There is no limit to the amount of bonds that may be issued for the purposes mentioned in the amendment except the will of the legislature. We state frankly that the power sought to be granted to the legislature to issue unlimited bonds, however good the purpose may be, is a power dangerous to place in the hands of any legislature regardless of its ability, patriotism or integrity. With a drag-net proposition like the bond amendment, which offers an opportunity for trading and log rolling and under which bonds may be issued for any state institution, it is especially dangerous. Every bond issue should be submitted to a vote of the people.

2. The bond amendment forbids the issuance of bonds for local purposes without a vote of the people, and then clearly limits the amount of bonds that the people may vote upon themselves. In other words, the people are not to be trusted with their own business, but the legislature is to be granted the power to issue unlimited amounts of bonds, for some twenty purposes, without any limit as to the rate of interest or the amount of the

bonds. It may be one dollar or one hundred million dollars, just as a bare majority of the legislature sees fit. And they can be issued without the taxpayer, who pays the bonds, voting upon the question. If the taxpayer, who pays the bonds, cannot be trusted to issue bonds for his own local purposes beyond a certain amount, how much more necessary is it to put the bridle on the legislature?

3. The power to create debts is the power to levy taxes. And under the bond amendment, state officials, without even a vote of the legislature, can levy one-half million dollars worth of taxes upon the people every two years.

4. It is unfair to the voter and against public policy to submit a number of subjects in one, thus forcing him to vote for none or all. It is undemocratic, un-American, and against the progressive spirit of the times and absolutely dangerous to the liberties of the people.

5. The governor has stated that in his judgment, the legislature has the power to authorize the board of regents to mortgage its permanent fund, which in our opinion is proof sufficient that the plain purpose of the amendment is to transfer from the university to the taxpayers the burdens of the bonds. In other words, instead of mortgaging the property of the university, the proposition is to mortgage every dollar's worth of taxable property in the state.

We, as citizens, and as members of the legislature, stand ever ready to lend our best efforts for the upbuilding and advancement of every educational institution in the state from the common school system to the university and the A. & M. college, but in view of the fact that the university now has funds which, together with the next two years of its income, to supply all needed buildings for the present, we deem the price demanded, that of surrendering the part of the people all control over the creation of state debts and the issuance of state bonds, too great to pay for pushing the university ahead of its present needs.

The only constitution of this state

which gave the legislature such unlimited power was that of 1869, written by a convention presided over by E. J. Davis, and the people of Texas have already paid over seven million dollars interest, or about double the amount of the bonds, on the bonds

issued, and there is not a nickel in the state treasury to pay the bonds with. Finally, shall we in the midst of a nation-wide movement to restore to the people greater control over their government assist in depriving the people of Texas of all control and take from them their constitution all limitation as to the creation of public debts and bonds for practically every purpose of the state government.

T. D. Rowell, Marion.  
R. R. Williams, Hopkins.  
R. B. Humphrey, Throckmorton.  
W. O. Diffie, Red River.  
S. S. Baker, Panola.  
D. W. Dickson, Lamar.  
Sam J. Hunter, Tarrant.  
Geo. F. Oliver, Shelby.  
T. J. Barrett, Jones.  
J. H. Morris, Coryell.  
M. C. Fields, Falls.  
D. C. Doye, Leon.  
O. B. Robertson, Gonzales.  
Sam Gates, Karnes.  
W. W. King, Sabine.  
J. E. Simpson, Young.  
G. O. Craven, Cook.  
G. N. Gentry, Reeves.  
E. L. Bruce, Orange.  
J. J. Stephens, Upshur.  
A. C. Robbins, Henderson.  
Jos. I. Boehmer, Maverick.  
R. S. Griggs, Runnels.  
A. M. Kennedy, Kerr.

Committees representing seventy-five members of the legislature who are opposed to the adoption of the bond amendment.

Leopold Morris of Victoria.  
E. A. McDaniel of Coleman.  
A. R. Watson of Mills.  
Z. Broughton of Anderson.  
James Greenwood of Guadalupe.  
Clifford L. Stone of Rusk.  
John C. Hughes of Williamson.  
H. P. Taylor of Brown.  
R. T. Burns of Hill.  
J. W. Ussery of Wood.  
J. M. Gilders of Franklin.  
W. H. Thrift of Hardeman.  
J. C. McNealus of Dallas.  
V. A. Collins of Jefferson.  
J. R. Austin of Brazos.  
H. B. Terrell of McLennan.

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Phones 1093.

114-116 S. 8th STREET

Uncut Linen Towels —  
Size 24x45, with a place  
for a monogram; 85c  
quality, at each ..... 69c

Fancy Huck Toweling —  
All Linen, 22 and 24  
inches wide, Striped and  
Floral Design; values 65c  
and 75c per yard. Special ..... 55c

Pongee Coats at \$5.00—  
Pongee Coats for Traveling  
and Outing Wear,  
with semi-fitted back.  
\$12.50 and \$10 Coats ..... \$5.00

### A Unique Vacation Window Display

In keeping with vacation time, we have arranged a most attractive and interesting window display. The background is a hand painting of the Famous Golden Gate and the merchandise is that which will appeal to the vacationist. This is the first special window display to be arranged in our big new show windows and it merits your inspection. We also direct your attention to the "Sanger Storeitorial" in the lower part of this ad.

### Dress Values \$45 to \$65, on Sale at \$21.75

To make a quick Clearance of fifteen high grade Dresses we group them in one lot. Made of Imported Crepe Voiles and fancy woven fabrics. Values \$45.00 to \$65.00, \$21.75

### Women's Tub Skirts at \$1.19 to \$7.50

Regular values \$1.25 to \$10.00. Everything that is wanted in Tub Skirts. The Novelty Woven Fabrics, Crash, Ramie Linen, Cordeline, Bedford Cords and Crash, new gathered back, some belted back; all straight cut models. Values \$1.25 to \$10.00. Clearance price, \$1.19 to \$7.50

Waist Values Up to 59c on Sale at 25c  
One table odds and ends in Waists, slightly soiled in handling, embroidery and lace trimmed, values to 59c, on sale at 25c

### \$1.25 and 95c Gingham Petticoats at 49c

While they last the balance of our fine Gingham Petticoats, made with deep tailored flounce; \$1.25 and 95c values, 49c Clearance Sale price

## WOMEN'S \$3.50 BUTTON OXFORDS In Tans, Gun Metal and Patent Leather

All Sizes	<b>\$1.95</b>	All New
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About 150 pairs of women's high-class \$3.50 Button Oxford, with welt soles in tan, gun metal and patent leathers. These are all this season's styles and comprise a shipment that were delivered to us too late for regular summer selling, and to close out quickly we make the price only \$1.95

### Women's \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 Pumps and Oxfords at \$1.35 a Pair

These are broken lots and sizes of our regular \$3.00, \$3.50 and \$4.00 Pumps and Oxfords, largely narrow widths and small sizes, choice at pair \$1.35

### Women's Oxfords That Sold Regularly at \$2.00 to \$4.00 a Pair at 75c a Pair

An entire counter of odds and ends in women's Oxfords that sold regularly up to \$4.00; these we are closing out at the low price of a pair 75c

### Prominent Undertaker Expresses His Views on New Cemetery

All of our residents naturally take pride in everything that tends to improve and beautify our city, and those of us who have investigated the plans that are now being worked out by the Waco Cemetery association on their property adjoining Oakwood find that this will be one of the beauty spots of Waco.

I wish to most heartily commend this new cemetery now under construction.

The plan of parking and perpetual upkeep that is being established

is the modern idea and is the

plan in force in all of the best cemeteries in this country. This new property will be one big beautiful park when completed and the owners have outlined plans for a very pretty chapel, which is something long needed here, thus giving Waco all of the advantages that are to be secured in any large cemetery.

The cemetery management contracts to care for every foot of ground within the property forever, so that after we of this generation and our children also, have passed away, the resting place of our loved ones will always be carefully tended and kept in perfect condition.

F. M. COMPTON.

Advertisement